ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA

SINGLE AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED

SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

Prepared by: Finance and Accounting Department Clerk to the Board of County Commissioners J.K. Irby This page intentionally left blank.

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA

SINGLE AUDIT REPORT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AND

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA

SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Alachua County, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component unit and remaining fund information of Alachua County, Florida (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component unit and remaining fund information of the County as of September 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 1, 2011 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Alachua County, Florida Page 2

As discussed in Note 12 D. to the financial statements, the County restated certain beginning balances due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 51, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets*.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Federal and State Financial Assistance, which is required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Carr, Riggs & Ingram LLC

March 1, 2011 Gainesville, Florida

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS (MD&A)

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Management's Discussion and Analysis presents an overview of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010. The County's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosure following this section. Additional information is available in the Transmittal Letter, which precedes Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Statements

- Alachua County's assets exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2010 by \$578.1 million (net assets). Of this amount, \$29.4 million represents unrestricted net assets that may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Total net assets of \$578.1 million are comprised of the following:
 - 1) \$442.2 million of capital assets, net of related debt, includes property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced for outstanding debt related to the purchase or construction of those capital assets,
 - 2) \$106.4 million of net assets are restricted by constraints imposed from outside of the County such as debt covenants, grantors, laws, or regulations,
 - 3) \$22.2 million of unrestricted governmental net assets and \$7.2 million of unrestricted business-type net assets represent the portion available to maintain the County's continuing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's total net assets increased \$20.4 million over the previous year with a increase of \$18.3 from governmental activities and an increase of \$2.1 million from business activities.

Fund Statements

- At September 30, 2010, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending unreserved fund balances of \$131.5 million and total fund balances of \$150.5 million. Total fund balances had a decrease of \$6.15 million from the prior fiscal year.
- At September 30, 2010, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$13.97 million or 11.9% of General Fund operating revenue. General Fund balance increased by \$4.5 million from the prior fiscal year.
- Governmental funds revenues increased overall by \$7.6 million or 3.3% from the prior fiscal year. The overall change in governmental funds revenues can primarily be attributed to the following: \$5.3 million increase in property taxes due to a change in the ad valorem millage rate set by the Board of County Commissioners; \$2.7 million increase in Debt Service taxes due to the collection of the Wild Spaces & Public Places .5% discretionary sales tax which was approved only through December 2010; intergovernmental revenue increased overall by \$1.6 million due primarily to an increase in revenue received for the HUD Neighborhood Stabilization Program.
- After making regularly scheduled debt service payments for the year, the County had a net decrease in bonded debt of \$7.25 million over the prior fiscal year as well as \$7.44 million reduction of the \$15 million bank loan for the Wild Spaces & Public Places projects.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's Basic Financial Statements. The County's Basic Financial Statements consist of three components: 1) Government-wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Financial Statements. This report also contains other Required Supplementary Information and Supplemental Information in addition to the Basic Financial Statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to a private sector business and consist of the following two statements:

- The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is strengthening or weakening.
- The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during fiscal year 2010. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned, but unused vacation leave).

Both of these financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include administration, community services, corrections, courts, culture and recreation, tourist development, emergency services, environmental services, growth management, law enforcement, solid waste collection, and transportation. The business-type activities of the County include the solid waste system and codes enforcement.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself (known as the primary government), but also the following legally separate component units: the Alachua County Housing Finance Authority and the John A. H. Murphree Law Library. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself; these component units do not issue separate financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 22-25 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All County funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains thirty-two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Community Health Program Offering Innovative Care and Health Education Services (CHOICES), Municipal Service Taxing Unit (Unincorporated, Law Enforcement and Fire Protection), Gas Tax Uses, Sheriff, Debt Service, Other Capital Projects, Transportation Trust and Wild Spaces & Public Places which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other twenty-one governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the Supplemental Information section of this report.

The County adopts an annual budget for its general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for these funds to demonstrate budgetary compliance; major funds budgetary comparison (excluding Debt Service and Capital Project funds) is in the Required Supplementary Information starting on page 87 and for non-major, Debt Service and Capital Project funds in the Supplemental Information section starting on page 97.

The basic governmental fund statements can be found on pages 26-32 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for the fiscal activities relating to Solid Waste and Codes Enforcement. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its Computer Replacement, Vehicle Replacement, Fleet Management, Telephone Service, Self-Insurance and Health Insurance operations. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Solid Waste System, as well as the only non-major enterprise fund, Codes Enforcement Fund. Internal service funds are also combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the Supplementary Information section of this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 34-36 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 37 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 39-86 of this report, with the index to the notes on the first page of that section.

Other Information

Supplemental information in the form of combining statements referred to earlier, present a more detailed view of non-major funds used in governmental and enterprise funds. This section includes budget to actual schedules for non-major special revenue funds and all capital projects funds. Also included are statements for internal service and agency funds as well as component unit information. Combining and individual fund schedules can be found on pages 97-146 of this report. Additional information about the County that may be of interest to the reader is found under the Statistical section on pages 147-175 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$578.1 million at the close of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010 (see table next page).

At the end of fiscal year 2010, the County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Current and other assets decreased by .7% over the prior year due to spend down of Wild Spaces & Public Places and transportation trust funds for capital improvement projects. Capital assets, net of related debt, increased by 1.7% due to the acquisition of land and improvement of parks utilizing resources from the voter approved Wild Spaces & Public Places infrastructure sales tax.

Alachua County, Florida Net Assets (in millions)

	Governmental Activities		Busine Activ	• •	То	Percent Change	
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	
Current and other assets	\$205.4	\$202.1	\$15.4	\$17.1	\$220.8	\$219.2	-0.7%
Capital assets	506.2	515.2	10.4	10.1	516.6	525.3	1.7%
Total assets	711.6	717.2	25.8	27.2	737.4	744.5	1.0%
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities outstanding	43.9 125.7	59.3 97.6	1.8 8.4	1.7 7.8	45.7 134.1	61.0 105.4	33.5% -21.4%
Total liabilities	169.6	156.9	10.2	9.5	179.8	166.4	-7.5%
Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt Net assets - restricted Net assets - unrestricted	423.2 116.4 2.4	432.1 105.9 22.2	10.4 0.7 4.6	10.1 0.5 7.2	433.6 117.1 7.0	442.2 106.4 29.4	2.0% -9.1% 322.5%
Total net assets	\$542.0	\$560.3	\$15.7	\$17.8	\$557.7	\$578.1	3.7%

(Note: Due to rounding, the totals shown may not be the addition of numbers presented in this table, but are the true net assets rounded totals.)

Current liabilities and long-term liabilities decreased from the previous year by 7.5% due to advance refunding of \$1 million of Alachua County Forever General Obligation bonds pursuant to bond resolution 03-21, Section 2.07 and \$7.4 principal payment for Wild Spaces & Public Places note payable.

Total net assets at year end is \$578.1 million. The largest portion of the County's net assets (\$442.2 million or 76.5%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings and equipment) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net assets (\$106.4 million or 18.4%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (\$29.4 million or 5.1%) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Restricted net assets in the governmental activities and business-type activities had a net decrease of \$10.7 million or 9.1% from 2009 to 2010. These net assets represent restrictions from specific revenue sources and grants. Main components of the net decrease include:

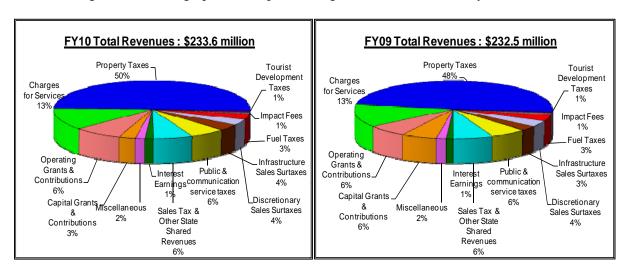
- Net decrease of \$6.1 million in restricted assets for Wild Spaces & Public Places
- Increase of \$.5 million in restricted assets for CHOICES program
- Decrease of \$.1 million in restricted assets for Alachua Forever Program
- Decrease of \$.4 million in restricted assets for Jail Energy Conservation Project
- Increase of \$1.4 million in restricted assets for cash reserves required for bond insurance downgrades per bond covenants
- Spend down (decrease) of \$4.8 million in restricted assets for road and bridge maintenance and road construction.
- Spend down (decrease) of \$.5 million in restricted assets for grants and sales tax bond proceeds

Unrestricted net assets in the governmental type activities increased by \$19.8 million, primarily due to a increase in property tax, investment earnings, and a planned reduction in operating expenditures to offset the economic downturn and to increase overall fund balance.

Alachua County, Florida Changes in Net Assets

(in millions)									
	Govern			ess-type			Percent		
	Activ	ities	Acti	vities	То	Change			
	2009	2010	2009	<u>2010</u>	2009	<u>2010</u>			
Revenues:									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$30.3	\$28.4	\$14.6	\$13.9	\$45.0	\$42.3	-6.0%		
Operating grants and contributions	15.1	18.3	0.0	-	15.2	18.3	20.8%		
Capital grants and contributions	13.3	6.3	-	-	13.3	6.3	-52.6%		
General revenues:									
Property taxes	112.1	117.4	-	-	112.1	117.4	4.8%		
Discretionary sales surtaxes	8.2	7.8	-	-	8.2	7.8	-4.9%		
Infrastructure sales surtaxes	5.9	8.1	-	-	5.9	8.1	36.7%		
Other taxes	23.6	23.6	-	-	23.6	23.6	0.1%		
Other	23.8	23.6	0.4	0.7	24.2	24.3	0.6%		
Total revenues	232.5	233.6	15.0	14.6	247.5	248.2	0.3%		
Expenses:									
Administration	43.5	42.2	-	_	43.5	42.2	-3.0%		
Community services	18.3	19.6	_	_	18.3	19.6	7.2%		
Corrections	28.0	27.8	_	_	28.0	27.8	-0.6%		
Courts	22.5	22.2	_	_	22.5	22.2	-1.6%		
Culture and recreation	2.0	2.6	-	-	2.0	2.6	33.4%		
Tourist development	2.2	2.3	-	-	2.2	2.3	3.2%		
Emergency services	30.9	30.1	-	-	30.9	30.1	-2.4%		
Environmental services	2.8	2.8	-	-	2.8	2.8	-1.7%		
Growth management	4.8	4.5	-	-	4.8	4.5	-6.2%		
Law enforcement	33.1	32.6	-	-	33.1	32.6	-1.8%		
Solid waste collection	3.9	4.7	-	-	3.9	4.7	20.3%		
Transportation	42.8	23.4	-	-	42.8	23.4	-45.4%		
Interest on long-term debt	4.5	4.2	-	-	4.5	4.2	-6.1%		
Solid waste disposal system	-	-	13.0	11.4	13.0	11.4	-12.4%		
Codes enforcement	-	-	1.4	1.1	1.4	1.1	-21.0%		
Total expenses	239.3	218.9	14.4	12.5	253.7	231.4	-8.8%		
Increase (decrease) in net assets									
before transfers	(6.8)	14.7	0.7	2.1	(6.2)	16.8			
Transfers	(0.3)	(0.1)	0.3	0.1	-	-			
Increase (decrease) in net assets	(7.2)	14.6	1.0	2.2	(6.2)	16.8			
Net assets - beginning as previously									
reported	549.2	542.0	14.7	15.6	563.9	557.7			
Change in accounting principle	-	3.7	-	-	-	3.7			
Net assets-beginning-as restated	549.2	545.7	14.7	15.6	563.9	561.4			
Net Assets - Ending	\$ 542.0	\$ 560.3	\$ 15.7	\$ 17.8	\$ 557.7	\$ 578.1	3.7%		
č									

(Note: Due to rounding, the totals shown may not be the addition of numbers presented in this table, but are the true net assets rounded totals.)



The following charts show a graphical comparison of governmental revenues by source.

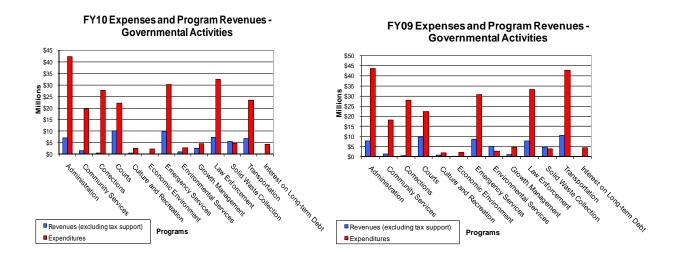
Governmental Activities

The County's total net assets increased \$20.4 million over the previous year with a increase of \$18.3 from governmental activities and an increase of \$2.1 million from business activities.

Major changes in revenues were caused by the following:

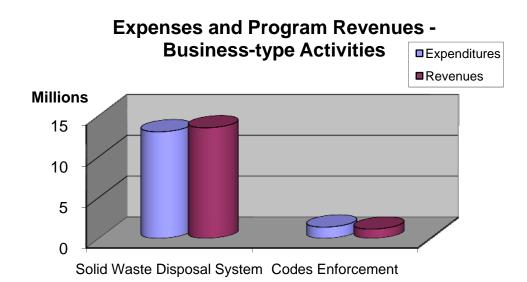
- Charges for Services decreased by 6.0% due to the effect of the economy causing across the board declines in licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures and all other areas that charge for services. Additionally, pursuant to Section 28.36, Florida Statutes, the Clerk of Courts Fine and Forfeiture fund became subject to the General Appropriations Act of the Florida Legislature as of July 2009. Thus, the majority of charges for services and fines and forfeitures are remitted to the State Clerk of Court Trust Fund and are no longer reported as revenues to the Clerk.
- Capital Grants and Contributions decreased overall by 52.6%. During fiscal year 2009, a onetime grant of \$1.1 million was received from the State of Florida for assistance in the Legacy Land purchase of Barr Hammock. In addition, the Sheriff's Office also received a one-time grant of \$.8 million from Homeland Security for purchase of radios. Capital asset donations also decreased by \$5.7 million over the prior fiscal year. Due to the current economic environment, construction of new subdivisions has slowed, therefore, the donation of right-of-ways and infrastructure has correspondingly decreased.
- Discretionary sales surtaxes for CHOICES decreased by 4.9% due to decline in sales tax collections. This is a reflection of the recession and overall economic climate.
- Ad valorem tax revenue increased by 4.8% a result increasing the property millage tax rate from 7.5708 for fiscal year 2009 to 8.0495 for this fiscal year and increases in new construction.
- Investment earnings increased by \$.6 million due to recovery of economic market conditions.

• Pursuant to the successful Wild Spaces & Public Places infrastructure sales tax referendum in November 2008, the County began receiving one-half percent additional sales tax in January 2009. The sales tax is approved through December 2010. This infrastructure sales surtax extends the Alachua County Forever program to acquire and improve environmentally significant lands and to create, improve, and maintain park and recreational facilities within the county. During fiscal year 2010, the infrastructure sales tax generated \$8.1 million in revenue.



Major changes in expenses were caused by the following:

- Transportation expenses decreased 45.4% or \$19.4 million due to an annexation to the City of Gainesville in that occurred in the prior fiscal year of a 660-acre area including SW 24th Avenue.
- Community services expenses increased by \$1.3 million or 7.2%, because of increased enrollment in the CHOICES program and an expansion of covered services to include ambulatory (outpatient care) in January 2009.
- Court costs decreased by 1.6% and is a reflection of mandated budget cuts required from the Clerk of Court from the State of Florida within the Fine and Forfeiture Fund.
- Culture and recreation increased by 33.4% because of increase in maintenance and depreciation costs on prior fiscal year park improvements.



Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the County's net assets by \$2.1 million.

- The Solid Waste Transfer Station went into operation in 1999. During fiscal year 2010, Emerald Waste Services declined entry into a commercial franchise agreement, which resulted in the diversion of approximately 25% of the County's anticipated waste stream and has had a significant financial impact on the operations of this fund. In response to this development, the County is reviewing all processes for operational efficiency, has frozen positions and purchases and is looking to renegotiate current agreements with New River Solid Waste Association and other entities. Staff is also exploring permitting the transfer station as a "resource recovery facility", whose operations would then be covered by a solid waste flow control ordinance and direct all waste generated in the County to the transfer station.
- Codes Enforcement furnishes services to the development community and citizens. Codes Enforcement operating expenditures exceeded operating revenues by \$0.1 million in fiscal year 2010. Revenues increased for licenses and permits but many of these permits involved alteration, remodeling or repair and were not for new construction starts. Total permits issued in fiscal year 2010 were 4,511 versus 3,943 permits issued in fiscal year 2009.

Fund Financial Analysis

The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The primary purpose of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources, available for spending, at the end of the fiscal year.

Alachua County, Florida Reserved and Unreserved Fund Balance

Total fund balance	\$150,542,444
Less reserved fund balance:	
Encumbrances	6,070,884
Debt Service	10,392,170
Inventories & prepaid items	1,968,905
Special revenue funds	675,624
Unreserved fund balance	\$131,434,861

As of the end of fiscal year 2010, the County's governmental funds reported combined unreserved ending fund balances of \$131.4 million, a decrease of \$8.2 million from the prior year. Of the approximately \$150.5 million total fund balance, unreserved fund balance is \$131.4 million.

Major Funds

The General Fund, CHOICES, Municipal Service Taxing Unit (separated into Unincorporated Services, Law Enforcement and Fire Protection), Gas Tax Uses, Debt Service, Sheriff, Other Capital Projects, Transportation Trust and Wild Spaces & Public Places are reported as major funds.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. The General Fund had an increase in fund balance of \$4.5 million. The total fund balance was \$14.48 million of which \$13.97 million was unreserved. The cash balance at the end of the year was \$8.6 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund revenues. Unreserved fund balance represents 11.9% of total General Fund operating revenue, while total fund balance represents 12.3% of that same amount. The Government Finance Officers Association's Best Practices guidelines calls for unrestricted fund balance level of no less than two months of regular General Fund operating revenues or expenditures. The fiscal year 2010 unreserved fund balance of \$13.97 million for the General Fund falls short of meeting this goal as the average two months of operating revenues in 2010 was over \$19.5 million. Revenues overall increased by almost \$7 million overall due to the following: higher tax collections of almost \$5 million, a result of increasing the property millage tax rate from 7.5708 for fiscal year 2009 to 8.0495 for this fiscal year; an increase in investment earnings of \$.7 million; higher charges for services of \$1.2 million for ambulance use. In addition, operating expenditures declined by \$2.2 million due to management's efforts to reduce spending.

The CHOICES Program was approved by the voters on August 31, 2004. The program is funded by a ¹/₄ cent sales tax which is approved through December 2011. As of September 30, 2010, the total fund balance for CHOICES is \$41.0 million. Investment income for the year of \$.6 million was received and \$7.9 million was spent for program costs. This discretionary sales tax will cease December 2011, and the County is considering different options allowed under the ordinance for use of the funds. At the end of the fiscal year, there were 3,340 clients enrolled in the program.

The Municipal Service Taxing Unit (MSTU) – Unincorporated Services Fund provides services to citizens in the unincorporated area of the County, including recreation, environmental services, and development related activities such as codes enforcement and planning. Decreases in revenues, expenditures and transfers resulted in an overall decrease in fund balance during the year of almost \$.4

million. The fund has an ending fund balance of almost \$0.6 million. The ending fund balance represents 12.1% of the MTSU - Unincorporated Services operating revenue.

The MSTU - Law Enforcement Fund pays for the majority of the Sheriff's patrol in the unincorporated area of the County through transfers of \$14.3 million to the Sheriff. The increase in fund balance during the year was \$.4 million resulting in an ending fund balance of \$1.5 million. The \$2.4 million borrowed in fiscal year 2009 from the General Fund is still outstanding. Fund balance represents 9.3% of the MSTU - Law Enforcement operating revenue.

The MSTU - Fire Protection Fund provides fire fighting and related services to citizens in the unincorporated area of the County. The fund has an ending fund balance of \$1.6 million, an increase of \$.4 million dollars from the prior year. The ending fund balance represents 12.8% of the MSTU – Fire Protection Services operating revenue.

The Gas Tax Uses Fund is the primary operating fund of the Public Works – Road & Bridge Department. The primary revenue source for this fund is fuel taxes as well as transfers in totaling \$3 million, including \$1.2 million from the General Fund to bolster lagging gas tax revenues, and \$1.6 million from Gas Tax Revenue Bonds. This year \$9 million was spent on maintenance of County roads. Revenues including transfers were less than expenditures by \$.7 million resulting in an ending fund balance of \$2.6 million.

The Sheriff is funded by the Board of County Commissioners. The Sheriff's expenditures for the year were \$64.8 million, a decrease of 2.8% over the prior fiscal year. Since the Sheriff is a budget officer, she is required to return all excess fund balance (\$670,887 this fiscal year) to the Board, except for fund balance that represents inventory that the Sheriff had on hand at the end of the fiscal year.

The Debt Service fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term obligations of debt of governmental funds. This fund moved to the major fund category due to the issuance of additional debt in fiscal year 2008 pledging gas tax revenues required to repay the bonded debt and a bank loan supported by the revenues of the Wild Spaces & Public Places voted two year .5% surtax. The fund has an ending balance of \$10.5 million, up \$1.1 million from fiscal year 2009.

The Other Capital Projects Fund accounts for bond proceeds and other allocations for general facilities improvements. The first series of bonds, \$21.17 million Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2007A, were issued in January 2007 and were used this year to finance jail and community park improvements and conservation measures in County facilities; expenditures on these projects were over \$10.9 million this year. The fund has an ending fund balance of \$35.1 million, a decrease of \$4.8 million from the prior fiscal year.

The Transportation Trust Fund was established in fiscal year 2005 by a transfer from the Gas Tax Uses fund, in the amount of \$9.0 million. Also, on April 19, 2005, the Board of County Commissioners authorized staff to proceed with the issuance of \$33 million in Gas Tax Bonds for transportation improvements. In 2006, the first series of Revenue Tax Bonds were issued for \$15.4 million. In 2008, the second series were issued for \$18.2 million. After transportation improvement expenditures of \$4.5 million this fiscal year, the 2010 ending fund balance was \$12.9 million.

The Wild Spaces & Public Places capital project fund originated as a result of voter referendum on Nov. 4, 2008 for a two year duration half cent sales tax. Alachua County Forever conservation lands will be purchased with 51% of the proceeds and the balance will be used to fund recreational improvements in the County. A \$15 million loan was taken out so that projects in process can be completed more quickly. \$6.6 million dollars was spent this year primarily on conservation land projects.

Proprietary Funds

The County's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the governmentwide financial statements, but in more detail. The Solid Waste System fund is reported as a major fund.

The Solid Waste System fund is used to account for the operation of the County's off-site collection centers, recycling, transfer station and the monitoring and remediation activities of the County's closed landfills. The Solid Waste System operates like a business, where the rates established by the County generate sufficient funds to pay the costs of current operations and provide for long-term asset acquisitions. As required by the State Department of Environmental Protection, the County has set aside over \$4.4 million for long term care of the closed landfills. Total assets as of September 30, 2010 were \$26.8 million, of which over \$10 million are capital assets, net of depreciation. Total liabilities were \$9.3 million resulting in an increase of over \$2 million in ending net assets of \$17.5 million.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the General Fund's original and final budgeted operating revenues, excluding other financial sources were for an increase in unanticipated charges for services for the sale of rain barrels (\$14,850), for unanticipated revenue from Florida Fish & Wildlife for Gopher Tortoise management (\$13,700) and unanticipated miscellaneous revenue from the Property Appraiser for modifications to his office (\$16,526).

The differences between the original and final General Fund budget for current operating expenditures was primarily the result of moving budget from the Reserve for Contingencies for the following:

- \$29,000 Power Line and Light Management controls
- \$97,402 Charter Review Commission expenditures
- \$50,000 Supervisor of Elections use of estimated excess return
- \$126,383 match for Foster Grandparents program
- \$28,737 match for Emergency Management Performance Grant
- \$1,913,032 Inmate Medical care
- \$10,000 Affordable Housing impact fee assistance
- \$193,920 IRCP fund revenue shortfall replacement and increase in use of radios

Other changes between the original and final General Fund budget for current operating expenditures included the following major changes:

- \$13,700 expenditures for the money received from Florida Fish & Wildlife for Gopher Tortoise management
- \$716,950 budget carried forward for prior year purchase orders.
- \$469,400 purchase of EMS cardiac monitors to comply with Fla. Administrative Code 64J1.003

General Fund actual revenues overall were \$2.5 million more than the final amended budgeted revenues. \$1.3 million of this amount is due to more taxes being collected than budgeted; per Florida Statute 129.01, only 95 percent of anticipated receipts may be budgeted. Actual expenditures overall were over \$8.6 million less than was budgeted; this was due to direction from the Board to reduce expenditures where possible in anticipation of the continuing downturn of the economy and resulting tax collections.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2010 totals \$525.4 million (net of accumulated depreciation) and includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, leasehold improvements, equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress. The County experienced an overall increase in investment in capital assets over the prior fiscal year of approximately 1.7 %.

Alachua County, Florida Capital Assets

(net of depreciation, in millions)

Governmental Business-type				Percent		
Activ	vities	Activ	vities	Total		Change
009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	
232.8	\$240.1	\$ 3.3	\$ 3.3	\$236.1	\$243.4	3.09%
0.1	0.1	-		0.1	0.1	0.00%
162.0	157.0	-		162.0	157.0	-3.09%
79.3	79.5	1.8	1.7	81.1	81.2	0.12%
5.5	8.2	3.9	3.7	9.4	11.9	26.60%
19.2	23.1	1.4	1.4	20.6	24.5	18.93%
7.2	7.2	-		7.2	7.2	0.00%
506.2	\$515.2	\$ 10.4	\$10.1	\$516.6	\$525.4	1.70%
	Activ 009 32.8 0.1 62.0 79.3 5.5 19.2 7.2	Activities009201032.8\$240.10.10.162.0157.079.379.55.58.219.223.17.27.2	Activities Activities 009 2010 2009 32.8 \$240.1 \$ 3.3 0.1 0.1 - 62.0 157.0 - 79.3 79.5 1.8 5.5 8.2 3.9 19.2 23.1 1.4 7.2 7.2 -	Activities Activities 009 2010 2009 2010 32.8 \$240.1 \$ 3.3 \$ 3.3 0.1 0.1 - - 62.0 157.0 - - 79.3 79.5 1.8 1.7 5.5 8.2 3.9 3.7 19.2 23.1 1.4 1.4 7.2 7.2 - -	Activities Activities To 009 2010 2009 2010 2009 32.8 \$240.1 \$3.3 \$3.3 \$236.1 0.1 0.1 - 0.1 0.1 62.0 157.0 - 162.0 79.3 79.5 1.8 1.7 81.1 5.5 8.2 3.9 3.7 9.4 19.2 23.1 1.4 1.4 20.6 7.2 7.2 - 7.2 7.2	Activities Activities Total 009 2010 2009 2010 2009 2010 32.8 \$240.1 \$3.3 \$3.3 \$236.1 \$243.4 0.1 0.1 - 0.1 0.1 0.1 62.0 157.0 - 162.0 157.0 79.3 79.5 1.8 1.7 81.1 81.2 5.5 8.2 3.9 3.7 9.4 11.9 19.2 23.1 1.4 1.4 20.6 24.5 7.2 7.2 - 7.2 7.2

(Note: Due to rounding, the totals shown may not be the addition of numbers presented in this table, but are the true rounded totals.)

As shown in the above table, construction in progress remained approximately the same, though some projects were completed and others begun. Improvements other than buildings increased by 26.6% due to the completion of several bond funded capital projects including Jonesville and Owens-Illinois park improvements. The 18.93% increase to equipment is the result of the addition of software purchased in prior years and still in use, as required by GASB Statement No. 51, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets*.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Road resurfacing and widening projects completed 2010 using contractors:
 - CR 214 from CR 235 to the County line (5.4 miles for \$6 million including inmate labor valued at \$75,000)
 - SW 122nd St from Archer Rd to SW 24th Ave (4.3 miles for \$1.3 million)
- Graded Unimproved Road Projects completed in fiscal year 2010:
 - \circ SE 65th Lane from MP 0.322 to SR 20 (1 mile for \$163,000)
 - o SW 122nd St from SW 121st Ave to SR 24 (1.67 miles for \$121,000)
 - \circ SW 143rd St from SR 24 to the south terminus (2 miles for \$171,000)
- Sidewalk and/or recreation paths were completed for the following:
 - West University Ave from SW 75th St to east terminus (.5 mile for \$200,000 including inmate labor of \$24,000)

- Planning, design and construction began or continued on road resurfacing and widening projects this fiscal year for:
 - CR 325 from SR 200 to SE CR 346 (\$279,000 spent to date)
 - CR 237 from Levy County line to SR 26 (\$300,000 spent to date)
 - SW 91st St from Newberry Rd to SW 8th Ave (\$320,000 spent to date)
 - North Main St from N 8th Ave to N 23rd Ave (\$342,000 spent to date)
 - NW CR 236 from US 441 to I-75 (\$175,000 spent to date)
 - NW 16th Ave from NW 57th Terrace to NW 13th St (\$389,000 spent to date)
 - SW 62nd Blvd/intersection and turn lane improvements (\$2 million spent to date)
- County Parks
 - o Jonesville Park
 - Construction of ball fields, picnic areas, concessions and additional parking have been completed with approximately \$2.8 million spent this year and a total of \$4.2 million to date, excluding the tennis complex.
 - Park improvements were completed this year for:
 - Owens Illinois (\$122,560)
 - Poe Springs Park (\$12,884)
 - Cynthia Moore Chestnut and Clark Butler Nature Preserve (a.k.a. SE 35th Street Park) a restroom at the park and additional improvements were completed for \$171,888 spent this year with a total cost of over \$1 million.
 - San Felasco Park including land and improvements, restrooms, boardwalk and interpretive center with a cost of approximately \$800,000 were given to the City of Gainesville for a loss of \$620,000.
 - Waldo Canal Park was given to the City of Waldo for a cost and loss of \$1,400.
 - Kanapaha Park restrooms were destroyed by fire for a loss of \$4,800.
- Energy and water conservation improvements are in process or have been competed in many County buildings including new HVAC systems, foam roofing, re-lamping with low wattage fluorescent bulbs, automatic flushing toilets, waterless urinals, automatic soap dispensers and computerized systems to monitor and effectively manage air handling.
- Alachua County Forever-Legacy Lands-numerous acquisition efforts are underway in conjunction with other State programs. Overall \$6.6 million was spent on land related purchases this year including the following major acquisitions:
 - San Felasco Addition Turkey Creek Hammock parcels with 379.5 acres for a total \$4 million and the White/Martin tract of 64.9 acres for a total of \$.6 million.
 - Santa Fe River Osceola Land & Timber Corporation tract with 462.5 acres joint purchase with the Suwannee River Management District with the County paying \$624,324 of the total \$2.5 million dollar cost.
 - Lochloosa Creek Roberts Land & Timber Corporation parcels with 321.74 acres for a cost of \$1.2 million.
- Neighborhood Stabilization Program houses Alachua County was awarded \$2.9 million HUD funds to purchase foreclosed and short sale properties, rehabilitate, and either sell or rent these residential properties to income eligible households as affordable housing. The County has purchased 20 properties and after rehabilitation, will either sell the properties to qualified low income households or will convey ownership to the Alachua County Housing Authority or other non-profit organizations for use as rental housing for very low income households.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 6 on pages 67-68 of this report.

Long-term Debt

At the end of fiscal year 2010, the County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$84.9 million. The County's debt represents bonds secured by ad valorem taxes (i.e. Limited General Obligation Bonds) and specified revenue sources (i.e., Revenue Bonds).

Alachua County, Florida Outstanding Debt

	2009	2010
General Obligation & Revenue Bonds		
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 3,970,000	\$ 1,515,000
Revenue Bonds	88,130,000	83,335,000
Total	\$ 92,100,000	\$ 84,850,000
Notes Payable		
Pooled Commercial Paper	\$ 14,400,000	\$ 14,400,000
2008 Capital Improvement Bank loan	7,454,000	7,050,000
Wild Spaces & Public Places bank loan	15,000,000	7,560,000
Total	\$ 36,854,000	\$ 29,010,000

After making regularly scheduled debt service payments for the year, the County had a decrease in bonded debt of over \$7.2 million and also a decrease in notes payable of \$7.8 million from the prior fiscal year. No new bonds were issued this fiscal year.

Additional information on the County's debt can be found in Note 8 on pages 71-75 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for the County at September 30, 2010 was 8.3%. This represents an increase of 17% from the prior year, but is still one of the lowest in the state.
- The taxable value of commercial and residential property both decreased 4.2% and 7.9%, respectively, in the 2010 fiscal year.
- There were 4,511 building permits issued in the County for fiscal year 2010, up 14.4% from the previous fiscal year total of 3,943.
- Population decreased by approximately 540 people or .2% from the prior year to an estimated 255,692 at September 30, 2010. Overall the State of Florida population increased by 21,869.

During the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance in the General Fund increased to \$13.97 million for a total fund balance of \$14.5 million. The fiscal year 2010 ad valorem tax rate for the General Fund is 8.0495 mills and increased to 8.3763 mills in fiscal year 2011.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to present users with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability. If you have questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or need additional financial information, contact the Alachua County Clerk of Court, Finance and Accounting, P.O. Box 939, Gainesville, Florida 32602. Additional financial information, including financial reports from prior fiscal years, can also be found on our web-site http://www.alachuacounty.us/Depts/Clerk/Pages/FinancialReports.aspx.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

		Primary Go	vernment				
	G	overnmental	Business-typ	e		Compo	nent
		Activities	Activities		Total	Unit	s
Assets:							
Current Assets:							
Equity in pooled cash & investments	\$	164,372,958	\$ 10,448	8,795 \$	174,821,753	\$ 4	59,571
Cash with fiscal agent		620,712	-		620,712	-	
Other cash and equivalents		9,831,845		250	9,832,095	-	
Investments		820,707	-		820,707	-	
Receivables (net)		5,938,090	801	,074	6,739,164		11,810
Due from other governments		12,072,142	50),632	12,122,774		2,140
Internal balances		(1,416,867)	1,416	5,867	-	-	
Inventories		1,714,610	-		1,714,610	-	
Prepaid items		1,570,446	-		1,570,446	-	
Total current non-restricted assets		195,524,643	12,717	,618	208,242,261	4	73,521
Current Restricted Assets:							
Sinking fund cash & cash reserves		5,132,859	-		5,132,859	-	
Total current restricted assets		5,132,859	-		5,132,859	-	
Total current assets (restricted & non-restricted)		200,657,502	12,717	,618	213,375,120	4	73,521
Noncurrent Assets:							
Deferred charges		1,410,436	-		1,410,436	-	
Noncurrent restricted assets:							
Restricted equity in pooled cash and investments		-	2,861	,559	2,861,559	-	
Restricted investments		-	1,541	,914	1,541,914	-	
Restricted interest receivable		-	12	2,918	12,918	-	
Total non-current restricted assets		-	4,416	5,391	4,416,391	-	
Capital Assets:							
Land		240,118,050	3,324	,279	243,442,329	-	
Artwork		91,390	-		91,390	-	
Infrastructure		487,226,954	-		487,226,954	-	
Buildings		119,825,889	2,787	,576	122,613,465	-	
Improvements other than buildings		13,236,530	13,372	2,706	26,609,236	-	
Equipment and Software		68,622,829	3,402	.972	72,025,801		1,850
Construction in progress		7,242,090	-		7,242,090	-	
Less accumulated depreciation		(421,198,346)	(12,785	5.466)	(433,983,812)		(401)
Total capital assets		515,165,386	10,102		525,267,453		1,449
Total noncurrent assets (restricted & non-restricted)		516,575,822	14,518	8 4 5 8	531,094,280		1,449
		, ,	·	<u>.</u>			
Total Assets	\$	717,233,324	¢ 27,236	5,076 \$	744,469,400	\$ 4	74,970

	Primary Go			
-	Governmental	Business-type		Component
-	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Liabilities:				
Current Liabilities (payable from current assets):				
Accounts payable	\$ 14,995,167 \$	810,967 \$	15,806,134	\$ 9,684
Accrued interest payable	1,273,250	-	1,273,250	-
Estimated liability for self insurance losses	2,164,710	-	2,164,710	-
Contracts payable	291,068	-	291,068	-
Due to other governments	2,781,656	1,201	2,782,857	-
Deposits	26,137	97,807	123,944	-
Unearned revenue	3,160,108	-	3,160,108	-
Accrued compensated absences	6,857,463	298,023	7,155,486	307
Accrued landfill closure cost	-	472,420	472,420	-
Bonds and notes payable	27,791,000	-	27,791,000	-
	27,771,000		27,771,000	
Total current liabilities (payable from current assets)	59,340,559	1,680,418	61,020,977	9,991
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Accrued compensated absences	6,412,000	248,543	6,660,543	-
Estimated liability for self insurance losses	5,438,087	-	5,438,087	-
Bonds and notes payable (net of amortization on discounts	, ,		, ,	
& premiums)	85,728,711	-	85,728,711	-
Total noncurrent liabilities (payable from noncurrent				
assets)	97,578,798	248,543	97,827,341	-
Noncurrent Liabilities (payable from restricted assets):				
Accrued landfill closure cost		7,527,365	7,527,365	
Total noncurrent liabilities (payable from restricted		1,521,505	1,521,505	
assets)	-	7,527,365	7,527,365	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	97,578,798	7,775,908	105,354,706	-
-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	100,00 1,700	
Total Liabilities	156,919,357	9,456,326	166,375,683	9,991
Net Assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	432,141,510	10,102,067	442,243,577	1,449
Restricted for:	,,	,,,,	,,	-,,
Restricted for debt service	1,677,833	-	1,677,833	-
Restricted for cash reserve - bond covenants	3,455,026	_	3,455,026	_
Restricted for CHOICES	41,004,338	-	41,004,338	-
Restricted for Wild Spaces & Public Places	8,114,519	-	8,114,519	-
Restricted for road and bridge maintenance	2,638,503	_	2,638,503	_
Restricted for road construction	12,905,022	-	12,905,022	-
Restricted for Alachua County Forever land program	3,212,988	-	3,212,988	-
Restricted for public improvement revenue projects	3,296,347	_	3,296,347	-
Restricted for jail energy conservation program	6,995,881		6,995,881	-
Restricted for grants and other purposes	22,637,225	_	22,637,225	-
Restricted for annual landfill closure costs	-	472,420	472,420	-
Unrestricted	-		29,440,038	-
	22,234,775 \$ 560,313,967 \$	7,205,263 5 17,779,750 \$	578,093,717	463,530 \$ 464,979

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

			Program Revenues								
						Operating	Capital				
			(Charges for		Grants and	6	Frants and			
Programs		Expenses		Services	C	ontributions	Co	ontributions			
Primary Government:		•									
Governmental Activities:											
Administration	\$	42,228,289	\$	6,022,364	\$	986,544	\$	34,000			
Community services		19,574,960		344,323		704,680		436,174			
Corrections		27,802,365		593,795		-		-			
Courts		22,152,800		3,224,379		6,789,029		-			
Culture and recreation		2,620,000		46,070		12,530		598,088			
Tourist development		2,274,812		-		-		-			
Emergency services		30,118,804		9,045,376		484,255		362,682			
Environmental services		2,790,166		311,962		672,043		-			
Growth management		4,468,464		134,964		505,780		1,842,663			
Law enforcement		32,565,956		2,796,746		4,252,959		263,835			
Solid waste collection		4,728,027		5,698,609		2,250		-			
Transportation		23,360,193		210,491		3,896,573		2,773,987			
Interest on long-term debt		4,236,944		-		-		-			
Total governmental activities		218,921,780		28,429,079		18,306,643		6,311,429			
Total governmental activities		210,921,700		20,429,079		10,500,045		0,511,425			
Business-type activities:											
Solid waste disposal system		11,420,657		12,578,870		_		_			
Codes enforcement		1,184,667		1,272,065		-		_			
Total business-type activities		12,605,324		13,850,935							
Total busiless-type activities		12,005,524		15,650,755							
Total primary government	\$	231,527,104	\$	42,280,014	\$	18,306,643	\$	6,311,429			
Component Units:											
Murphree Law Library	\$	79,738	\$	60,552	¢	529					
	φ		φ	00,332	¢	529		-			
Alachua County Housing Finance Authority	¢	58,584	\$	- 60.552	¢	- 529	\$	-			
Total component units	\$	138,322	\$	60,552	\$	529	\$	-			
	Ge	neral revenues	:								
		Property taxes									
		Tourist develo		nt taxes							
		Impact fees	1								
		Fuel taxes									
	Discretionary sales surtaxes (CHOICES)										
		Infrastructure				,	: Pla	ces)			
		Local business)			
	Public & communication service taxes										
	Sales tax & other state shared revenue-unrestricted										
		Interest earnin				e unrestricted					
	Miscellaneous										
				l revenues							
		U		in net assets b	efor	e transfers					
	Tre	unsfers	1503	in net assets U	2101	e dunsiers					
	110		nges	in net assets							
	N	· · · · ·									
	Ne	t assets - begin	ning	as previously	rep	orted					

Net assets - beginning as previously reported Change in accounting principle Net assets-beginning-as restated Net assets - ending

		pense) Revenue an		-		Component
~		mary Government	;			Units
G	overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities		Total		
	Activities	Acuvities		Total	-	
\$	(35,185,381) \$	-	\$	(35,185,381)		
	(18,089,783)	-		(18,089,783)		
	(27,208,570)	-		(27,208,570)		
	(12,139,392)	-		(12,139,392)		
	(1,963,312) (2,274,812)	-		(1,963,312) (2,274,812)		
	(20,226,491)	_		(20,226,491)		
	(1,806,161)	_		(1,806,161)		
	(1,985,057)	-		(1,985,057)		
	(25,252,416)	-		(25,252,416)		
	972,832	-		972,832		
	(16,479,142)	-		(16,479,142)		
	(4,236,944)	-		(4,236,944)		
	(165,874,629)	-		(165,874,629)	_	
					-	
	-	1,158,213		1,158,213		
	-	87,398		87,398	_	
	-	1,245,611		1,245,611	_	
(165,874,629)	1,245,611		(164,629,018)	-	
					\$	
						(58,584)
						(77,241)
	117,445,471	-		117,445,471		-
	2,367,444 1,699,263	-		2,367,444 1,699,263		-
	7,465,344	-		7,465,344		-
	7,822,975	-		7,403,344		-
	8,057,146			8,057,146		
	243,356	-		243,356		-
	13,566,511	-		13,566,511		-
	14,953,362	-		14,953,362		-
	3,127,865	262,459		3,390,324		7,831
	3,824,539	481,771		4,306,310		54,844
	180,573,276	744,230		181,317,506		62,675
	14,698,647	1,989,841		16,688,488		(14,566
	(132,757)	132,757		-		-
	14,565,890	2,122,598		16,688,488		(14,566
	541,998,937	15,657,152		557,656,089		479,545
	3,749,140	-		3,749,140		-
	545,748,077	15,657,152 17,779,750		561,405,229		479,545

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

	(GENERAL	 CHOICES		MSTU CORPORATED ERVICES	ENF	MSTU LAW FORCEMENT
ASSETS							
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	8,632,854	\$ 39,751,634	\$	600,966	\$	2,992,172
Cash with fiscal agent		-	600,000		-		-
Other cash and equivalents		51,625	-		100		-
Sinking fund cash and cash reserves Investments		-	-		-		-
Accounts receivable		- 5,626,970	- 1,011,631		47,391		- 187,477
Allowance for estimated uncollectables		(3,628,923)	1,011,051		47,391		10/,4//
Assessment receivable		(3,028,923)	-		-		-
Due from other funds		9,159,257	-		14,011		- 67,990
Due from other governments		305,571	1,388,183		333,964		699,234
Inventories		433,986	-		-		-
Prepaid Items		499	_		499		-
Total assets	\$	20,581,839	\$ 42,751,448	\$	996,931	\$	3,946,873
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	4,409,428	\$ 994,106	\$	395,959	\$	-
Contracts payable		2,930	-		-		-
Due to collection agent		2,243	-		-		-
Due to individuals		-	-		-		-
Due to other funds		598,239	-		23		2,400,097
Due to other governments		223,307	110,516		-		88,784
Deposits		19,362	-		-		-
Deferred revenue		849,224	642,488	·	-		-
Total liabilities		6,104,733	 1,747,110		395,982		2,488,881
Fund balances reserved for:							
Encumbrances		70,484	-		29,449		-
Debt service		-	-		-		-
Records modernization		-	-		-		-
Mapping projects		-	-		-		-
Inventory & prepaid items		434,485	-		499		-
Unreserved-undesignated, reported in:							
General fund		13,972,137	-		-		-
Special revenue funds		-	41,004,338		571,001		1,457,992
Capital project funds			 -				-
Total fund balances		14,477,106	 41,004,338		600,949		1,457,992
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	20,581,839	\$ 42,751,448	\$	996,931	\$	3,946,873

MSTU FIRE PROTECTION		GAS TAX USES		SHERIFF		DEBT SERVICE		OTHER CAPITAL PROJECTS		TRANSPORTATION TRUST	
\$	1,180,354	\$	2,514,583 - 1,000	\$	- - 3,693,368	\$	7,257,959 20,712	\$	34,806,321	\$	13,256,699
	-		-		-		5,132,859		-		-
	- 138,447 -		- 186,185 -		2,890		210,725		737,349		334,275
	- 40,969 755,399 -		- - 701,195 234,454		- 236,471 50,421 133,228		- 24,222 3,878,747 -		58,086 241 645,391		- - 638 -
\$	2,115,169	\$	3,637,417	\$	50,000 4,166,378	\$	73,132 16,598,356	\$	- 36,247,388	\$	13,591,612
\$	485,409	\$	309,211	\$	1,780,839	\$	-	\$	728,853	\$	568,027
	-		-		-		-		156,887		118,563
	- 8,107 35,104		- 84 415,819		- 1,284,980 917,331		- 4,244,892 -		72,406 4 -		- - -
	528,620				3,983,150		- 1,888,162 6,133,054		- 201,797 1,159,947		- - 686,590
	28,502		236,835		-		-		2,237,867		552,977
	-		-		-		10,392,170		-		-
	-		234,454		- 183,228		73,132		-		-
	- 1,558,047		2,167,214		-		-		-		-
			- 2,638,503		- 183,228				32,849,574 35,087,441		12,352,045 12,905,022
\$	2,115,169	\$	3,637,417	\$	4,166,378	\$	16,598,356	\$	36,247,388	\$	13,591,612

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

	D SPACES & LIC PLACES	GOV	OTHER ERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
ASSETS					
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 7,982,031	\$	19,976,362	\$	138,951,935
Cash with fiscal agent	-		-		620,712
Other cash and equivalents	-		6,085,752		9,831,845
Sinking fund cash and equivalents	-		-		5,132,859
Investments	-		820,707		820,707
Accounts receivable	202,622		515,587		9,201,549
Allowance for estimated uncollectables	-		-		(3,628,923)
Assessment receivable	-		-		58,086
Due from other funds	-		803,521		10,346,682
Due from other governments	-		3,284,725		12,043,468
Inventories	-		718,297		1,519,965
Prepaid Items	-		324,810		448,940
Total assets	\$ 8,184,653	\$	32,529,761	\$	185,347,825
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 70,134	\$	1,648,277	\$	11,390,243
Contracts payable	-		12,688		291,068
Due to collection agent	-		-		2,243
Due to individuals	-		272,135		344,541
Due to other funds	-		5,923,968		14,460,394
Due to other governments	-		990,795		2,781,656
Deposits	-		6,775		26,137
Deferred revenue	 -		1,653,628		5,509,099
Total liabilities	 70,134		10,508,266		34,805,381
Fund balances reserved for:					
Encumbrances	254,085		2,660,685		6,070,884
Debt service	-		-		10,392,170
Records modernization	-		598,404		598,404
Mapping projects	-		77,220		77,220
Inventory & prepaid items	-		1,043,107		1,968,905
Unreserved-undesignated, reported in:			, ,		, ,
General fund	-		-		13,972,137
Special revenue funds	-		14,154,707		60,913,299
Capital project funds	7,860,434		3,487,372		56,549,425
Total fund balances	 8,114,519		22,021,495		150,542,444
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 8,184,653	\$	32,529,761	\$	185,347,825

Alachua County, Florida Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets of Governmental Funds September 30, 2010

Fund balances – total governmental funds (page 28)	\$150,542,444
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:	
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements.	508,745,049
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in fund financial statements: Governmental activities (\$134,391,971) Less amounts reported in Internal Service funds:	
Self-insured losses7,602,797Accrued compensated absences268,510	(126,520,664)
Accrued long-term debt interest payable is not current and therefore is not reported in the fund statements.	(1,273,250)
Gas Tax, Sales Tax, and Discretionary Sales Tax receivables are not financial resources in the current period and therefore are reported as deferred revenues.	3,853,916
Deferred charges are reported in the statement of net assets but not in the fund financial statements	1,410,436
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, computer replacement, fleet services, and telephone services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the	
Internal Service Funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	22,434,530
Prepaid Items originally expensed in full, reclassified as an asset.	1,121,506
Net Assets of governmental activities (page 23)	\$560,313,967

*See Note 2.A. for details

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

	GENERAL	CHOICES	MSTU UNINCORPORATED SERVICES	MSTU LAW ENFORCEMENT
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 97,871,302	\$ 7,776,737	\$ 3,758,538	\$ 15,480,802
Permits and fees	-	-	125,385	20
Intergovernmental	4,821,816	-	939,997	-
Charges for services	10,059,378	-	112,869	-
Fines and forfeitures	39,600	-	-	-
Investment income	856,285	634,910	19,987	49,484
Special assessments and impact fees	-	-	-	-
Private donations	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	3,770,250	14,027	27,358	108,352
Total revenues	117,418,631	8,425,674	4,984,134	15,638,658
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government	22,968,496	-	1,470,443	175,042
Public safety	18,965,249	-	412,032	155,730
Physical environment	1,756,690	-	583,885	-
Transportation	-	-	784,959	-
Economic environment	1,254,528	-	893,924	-
Human services	9,880,310	7,929,206	-	-
Culture and recreation	397,010	-	1,047,611	-
Court cost	7,293,083	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-
Excess fees distributed to State	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	62,515,366	7,929,206	5,192,854	330,772
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	54,903,265	496,468	(208,720)	15,307,886
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	7,285,861	-	240,989	1,039,970
Transfers out	(57,689,352)	-	(412,000)	(15,952,470)
Sale of capital assets	21,104		524	
Total other financing sources and (uses)	(50,382,387)		(170,487)	(14,912,500)
Net change in fund balances	4,520,878	496,468	(379,207)	395,386
Fund balances - beginning	9,956,228	40,507,870	980,156	1,062,606
Fund balances - ending	\$ 14,477,106	\$ 41,004,338	\$ 600,949	\$ 1,457,992

PR	MSTU FIRE PROTECTION		GAS TAX USES		TAX		DEBT SERVICE		OTHER CAPITAL PROJECTS		TRANSPORTATIC TRUST	
\$	11,111,954	\$	3,689,475	\$	-	\$	12,301,589	\$	2,637,863	\$	-	
	2,954		-		-		-		-		-	
	36,667		65,724		-		13,536,593		386,806		-	
	1,108,871		1,603,228		-		-		826,401		161,052	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	38,335		285		-		188,330		484,681		244,103	
	-		-		-		-		1,698,528		-	
	-		-		-		-		448,070		-	
	81,397		73,907		-		-		20,022		5,617	
	12,380,178		5,432,619		-		26,026,512		6,502,371		410,772	

120,780	585	-	71,656	-	-
12,041,071	-	62,162,613	-	-	-
-	119,300	-	-	-	-
-	8,973,696	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	2,687,045	-	-	-
				-	
-	-	-	15,094,000	-	-
-	-	-	4,484,057	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
 -			 -	 10,931,817	 4,471,884
12,161,851	9,093,581	64,849,658	19,649,713	10,931,817	4,471,884
 218,327	(3,660,962)	(64,849,658)	 6,376,799	 (4,429,446)	 (4,061,112)
721,904	3,006,401	65,497,752	2,363,456	2,114,541	-
(539,672)	-	(670,887)	(7,687,200)	(2,453,459)	-
 -	1,392	22,793	 -	 -	 -
182,232	3,007,793	64,849,658	(5,323,744)	(338,918)	-
400,559	(653,169)	-	1,053,055	(4,768,364)	(4,061,112)
1,185,990	3,291,672	183,228	9,412,247	39,855,805	16,966,134
\$ 1,586,549	\$ 2,638,503	\$ 183,228	\$ 10,465,302	\$ 35,087,441	\$ 12,905,022

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

	WILD SPACES & PUBLIC PLACES				GOV	TOTAL /ERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	-	\$	2,367,444	\$	156,995,704
Permits and fees		-		218,101		346,460
Intergovernmental		-		15,926,917		35,714,520
Charges for services		-		11,717,243		25,589,042
Fines and forfeitures		-		1,665,824		1,705,424
Investment income		157,672		273,657		2,947,729
Special assessments		-		5,682,907		7,381,435
Private donations		-		46,202		494,272
Miscellaneous		277,258		579,991		4,958,179
Total revenues		434,930		38,478,286		236,132,765
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		-		13,526,137		38,333,139
Public safety		-		4,818,780		98,555,475
Physical environment		-		5,839,835		8,299,710
Transportation		-		-		9,758,655
Economic environment		-		4,797,880		6,946,332
Human services		-		1,921,801		19,731,317
Culture and recreation		-		74,328		1,518,949
Court cost		-		7,320,098		17,300,226
Debt service:						
Principal		-		-		15,094,000
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		4,484,057
Excess fees distributed to State		-		19,643		19,643
Capital outlay		6,604,374		147,325		22,155,400
Total expenditures		6,604,374		38,465,827		242,196,903
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(6,169,444)		12,459		(6,064,138)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		-		13,356,091		95,626,965
Transfers out		-		(10,354,682)		(95,759,722)
Sale of capital assets		-		-		45,813
Total other financing sources and (uses)		-		3,001,409		(86,944)
Net change in fund balances		(6,169,444)		3,013,868		(6,151,082)
Fund balances - beginning		14,283,963		19,007,627		156,693,526
Fund balances - ending	\$	8,114,519	\$	22,021,495	\$	150,542,444

Alachua County Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds (page 32)		(\$6,151,082)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of because:	Activities are different	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated used expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures of depreciation (\$21,488,542) in the current period.	eful lives as depreciation	
Total Capital Outlay Expenditures per Capital Asset Schedule Remove Internal Service Capital Outlay Expenditures Total Capital Outlay Expenditures Excluding Internal Service	\$25,857,002 (2,016,848) \$23,840,154	
Total Depreciation per Capital Asset Schedule Remove Internal Service Depreciation Total Depreciation Excluding Internal Service	(\$23,034,354) <u>1,545,812</u> (\$21,488,542)	2,351,612
Donations/contributions of capital assets increase net assets in the Sta	tement of Activities, but	2,001,012
do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financia	l resources.	3,301,599
Governmental funds report sale of capital assets as financial resources capital assets are not reflected in the fund statement.	s; the loss on disposal of	(861,910)
Repayments of bond and note principal (\$15,094,000 less \$2,925 deferred loss, plus premium of \$58,591) are expenditures in the gover repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets	ernmental funds, but the	15,089,561
Deferred charges are recorded and amortized in the government-wide the fund statements.	statements but not in	(132,142)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not required financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the	-	(89,473)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs replacement, fleet services, and telephone services to individual fund operating gain for internal service funds is reported with governmenta	ls. \$819,264 of total net	819,264
Certain items reported in the Statement of Activities are not cons resources and therefore are not reported as revenue in the government		58,796
Prepaid items originally expensed in full, reclassified as an asset.		179,665
Changes in net assets of governmental activities (page 25)		\$14,565,890

*See Note 2.B. for details

	BUSINESS-T	YPE ACTIVITIES - ENTER NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUND	PRISE FUNDS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES -
	400	410		INTERNAL
	SOLID WASTE	CODES		SERVICE
	SYSTEM	ENFORCEMENT	TOTAL	FUNDS
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 9,998,641	\$ 450,154	\$ 10,448,795	\$ 25,421,023
Other cash and equivalents	250	-	250	-
Accounts receivable	795,973	5,101	801,074	307,378
Due from other funds	1,417,207	-	1,417,207	2,696,845
Due from other governments	50,594	38	50,632	28,674
Inventories		-		194,645
Total current assets	12,262,665	455,293	12,717,958	28,648,565
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	2,861,559	-	2,861,559	-
Investments	1,541,914	-	1,541,914	-
Interest receivable	12,918		12,918	
Total restricted assets	4,416,391	-	4,416,391	-
Capital assets:				
Land	3,324,279	-	3,324,279	-
Buildings	2,787,576	-	2,787,576	-
Improvements other than buildings	13,372,706	-	13,372,706	1,224
Equipment	3,270,597	132,375	3,402,972	15,650,197
Less accumulated depreciation	(12,662,868)	(122,598)	(12,785,466)	(9,231,084
Total capital assets (net of depreciation)	10,092,290	9,777	10,102,067	6,420,337
Total noncurrent assets	14,508,681	9,777	14,518,458	6,420,337
Total assets	26,771,346	465,070	27,236,416	35,068,902
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	762,690	48,277	810,967	3,258,140
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	1,504,925
Due to other funds	189	151	340	-
Due to other governments	-	1,201	1,201	-
Deposits	97,807	-	97,807	-
Accrued compensated absences of one year or less	203,223	94,800	298,023	113,633
Accrued landfill post closure cost	472,420	-	472,420	_
Estimated liability for self insured losses	-	-	-	2,164,710
Total current liabilities	1,536,329	144,429	1,680,758	7,041,408
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Accrued compensated absences of more than one year	200,351	48,192	248,543	154,877
Estimated liability for self insured losses	-	-	-	5,438,087
Noncurrent liabilities payable from restricted assets:				
Accrued landfill post closure cost	7,527,365	-	7,527,365	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	7,727,716	48,192	7,775,908	5,592,964
Total liabilities	9,264,045	192,621	9,456,666	12,634,372
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets	10,092,290	9,777	10,102,067	6,420,337
Restricted for annual landfill post closure cost	472,420	-	472,420	-
Unrestricted	6,942,591	262,672	7,205,263	16,014,193
Total net assets	\$ 17,507,301	\$ 272,449	\$ 17,779,750	\$ 22,434,530

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

FOR THE TEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 20		PE ACTIVITIES - ENTE	RPRISE FUNDS	
	400 SOLID WASTE SYSTEM	NONMAJOR <u>PROPRIETARY FUND</u> 410 CODES <u>ENFORCEMENT</u>	TOTAL	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
Operating revenues:		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	
Charges for services	\$ 7,427,715	\$ 11,194	\$ 7,438,909	\$ 27,288,626
Fines and forfeitures	-	64,832	64,832	-
Permits, licenses and franchise fees	305,897	1,196,039	1,501,936	-
Special assessments and impact fees	4,845,258	-	4,845,258	-
Miscellaneous revenue	406,832	17,659	424,491	857,472
Total operating revenues	12,985,702	1,289,724	14,275,426	28,146,098
Operating expenses:				
Personal services	2,864,099	869,179	3,733,278	1,693,105
Depreciation	729,581	11,816	741,397	1,545,812
Indirect costs	557,406	81,145	638,551	592,641
Supplies and materials	496,995	22,969	519,964	2,410,416
Other services and charges	6,772,576	199,558	6,972,134	4,440,044
Claims and losses	-	-	-	17,105,322
Total operating expenses	11,420,657	1,184,667	12,605,324	27,787,340
Operating income	1,565,045	105,057	1,670,102	358,758
Nonoperating revenues:				
Net gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	58,135	(855)	57,280	280,371
Investment Income	262,459	-	262,459	180,135
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	320,594	(855)	319,739	460,506
Income before transfers	1,885,639	104,202	1,989,841	819,264
Transfers:				
Transfers in	132,757	-	132,757	-
Total transfers	132,757		132,757	-
Change in net assets	2,018,396	104,202	2,122,598	819,264
Total net assets - beginning	15,488,905	168,247	15,657,152	21,615,266
Total net assets - ending	\$ 17,507,301	\$ 272,449	\$ 17,779,750	\$ 22,434,530

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

		BUSINESS-TY ENTERPR			BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES			
	400 SOLID WASTE		NC PROPR	DNMAJOR IETARY FUND 410 CODES	ENTERPRISE FUNDS		GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - INTERNAL SERVICE	
		SYSTEM		ORCEMENT		TOTAL		FUNDS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Cash received for services	\$	7,938,959	\$	1,272,024	\$	9,210,983	\$	27,830,252
Cash received from special assessments & franchise fees		4,845,258		- 17,659		4,845,258		-
Miscellaneous cash receipts Cash paid to outside parties		406,832 (8,481,351)		(305.644)		424,491 (8,786,995)		857,472 (22,631,108)
Cash paid to outside parties Cash paid to employees		(2,855,467)		(919,465)		(3,774,932)		(1,680,012)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		1,854,231		64,574		1,918,805		4,376,604
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVIT	FIEC							
Due from other funds	ILS	(7,792)		-		(7,792)		(1,965,464)
Due from other governments		(42,487)		110		(42,377)		(18,836)
Transfers in (out)		132,757		-		132,757		-
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		82,478		110		82,588		(1,984,300)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL & RELATED FINANCING	ACTIVI	LIES						
Payments for capital assets		(421,340)		-		(421,340)		(2,016,850)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		67,000		-		67,000		299,804
Net cash (used) by capital & related financing activities		(354,340)		-		(354,340)		(1,717,046)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest received		262,459		-		262,459		180,135
(Purchase) of investment		(42,094)		-		(42,094)		-
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		220,365		-		220,365		180,135
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,802,734		64,684		1,867,418		855,393
Cash and cash equivalents, October 1, 2009		11,057,716		385,470		11,443,186		24,565,630
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30, 2010	\$	12,860,450	\$	450,154	\$	13,310,604	\$	25,421,023
Cash and cash equivalents classified as:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	9,998,641	\$	450,154	\$	10,448,795	\$	25,421,023
Other cash and equivalents		250		-		250		-
Restricted equity in pooled cash and investments		2,861,559	<u>_</u>	-	<u></u>	2,861,559		-
Total	\$	12,860,450	\$	450,154	\$	13,310,604	\$	25,421,023
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,565,045	\$	105,057	\$	1,670,102	\$	358,758
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Depreciation expense		729,581		11,816		741,397		1,545,812
(Decrease) in estimated landfill post closure cost		(716,115)		-		(716,115)		-
(Decrease) in estimated liability for self insured losses		-		-		-		423,873
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		205,267		(41)		205,226		(54,320)
Increase in user deposits		80		-		80		-
Increase in accrued compensated absences Increase in unearned revenue		8,632		(50,286)		(41,654)		13,093 724,096
Decrease in inventories		-		-		-		1,398
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		61,741		(1,972)		59,769		1,363,894
Total adjustments		289,186		(40,483)		248,703		4,017,846
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	1,854,231	\$	64,574	\$	1,918,805	\$	4,376,604

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

	AGENCY FUNDS		EMP BI	IER POST- LOYMENT ENEFITS IRUST FUND
ASSETS				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	173,782	\$	-
Other cash and equivalents		7,436,479		-
Investments				-
SBA Fund B		180,327		-
FMPTF Bond fund		-		794,310
Due from individuals		18,906		-
Due from other governments		37,721		-
Total assets		7,847,215		794,310
LIABILITIES				
Assets held for others		1,990,161		-
Due to other governments		1,061,445		-
Deposits held in escrow		187,079		-
Deposits - installment taxes		4,608,530		-
Total liabilities		7,847,215		-
NET ASSETS				
Net Assets Held in Trust for OPEB		-		794,310
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	-	\$	794,310

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

Additions		EB TRUST FUND
Contributions:	¢	150.050
Employer	\$	158,058
Members		-
Total contributions		158,058
Investment earnings:		
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		35,995
Interest and dividends		55,775
Total investment income		35,995
Total investment income		55,995
Less investment expense		
Net investment income		35,995
Total additions		194,053
Deductions		
Benefit payments		-
Refunds of nonvested contributions		-
Administrative expenses		-
Total deductions		_
Net increase		194,053
Net assets held in trust for other postemployment benefits - beginning		600,257
Net assets held in trust for other postemployment benefits - ending	\$	794,310

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NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Alachua County is a political subdivision of the State of Florida and is governed by a five-member elected Board of County Commissioners ("Board") that derives its authority from the County Charter and Florida Statutes and regulations. In addition to the members of the Board, there are five elected Constitutional Officers: the Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections, Property Appraiser, Clerk of the Circuit Court, and Tax Collector. The Constitutional Officers, except for the Supervisor of Elections, maintain separate accounting records and budgets.

The Board funds the operations of both the Sheriff and the Supervisor of Elections. The Board of County Commissioners, the Library District, the St. Johns River Water Management District and the Suwannee River Water Management District fund the operations of the Property Appraiser. The Clerk's duties as Clerk to the Board and Clerk of the County Court are funded from fees and charges authorized under Chapter 2009-61 and 2009-204 Laws of Florida and the Board of County Commissioners. The Tax Collector's operations are funded by fees collected by the Officer.

The accompanying financial statements present the County (primary government), and the Component Units for which the County is considered to be financially accountable.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The government-wide financial statements include the financial data of the County's Component Units. They are included because if excluded the County's financial statements would be misleading. Two Component Units are discretely presented in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize their legal separation from the County. The following Component Units are included in the statements:

1. John A. H. Murphree Law Library

The John A. H. Murphree Law Library, established by Special Act (57-1118) during the 1957 Florida Legislative session, is a discretely presented component unit that benefits the Courts, County Officials, and the public at large. The Board of Trustees for the Law Library consists of one County Commissioner and several other local law community individuals. The Board of Trustees has full power and authority to establish, operate and maintain the Law Library. The Board of County Commissioners is authorized to appropriate other available funds for the use of the Law Library. Financial information for the Law Library is presented in this comprehensive annual financial report as one of the two Component Units. There are no separately issued financial statements.

2. Alachua County Housing Finance Authority

The Alachua County Housing Finance Authority (Chapter 159.601, Florida Statutes) is a discretely presented component unit that provides financing for low-income housing. The Authority is required to obtain Board approval for all its fiscal activities. The Authority is governed by a separate board and does not provide services exclusively to the County. Financial information for the Authority is presented in this comprehensive annual financial report as one of the two Component Units. There are no separately issued financial statements.

The fiscal year end for both discretely presented component units is September 30.

Related Organizations

The Alachua County Library District (Chapter 98-502 as amended by 03-375, Laws of Florida) provides library system services and facilities for all citizens of Alachua County, Florida. The Alachua County Health Facilities Authority (Chapter 154.201, Florida Statutes) assists in financing health care facilities. The Alachua County Housing Authority (Section 421.27, Florida Statutes) assists in providing safe and sanitary dwelling accommodations to persons of low income. Alachua County is not able to impose its will on these organizations, and there is no financial benefit/burden relationship between these organizations and the County. Therefore, these organizations are not component units and are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

As of September 30, 2010, Alachua County had not participated in any joint ventures with any other governmental entities.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements of the County are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the financial statements

1. Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements (the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) provide financial information on County government as a whole, except for fiduciary activities.

These statements include separate columns for the government and business-type activities of the primary government and its component units. The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities shows the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly related to a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting specific requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenue, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the County's governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements show information about major funds individually and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental and enterprise funds. The fiduciary statement includes financial information for the agency funds. The agency funds of the County primarily represent assets held by the County in a custodial capacity for other individuals or governments.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements and detailed in the supplemental information section.

Governmental Major Funds

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund.

The Community Health Offering Innovative Care and Educational Services Program (CHOICES) – Pursuant to the August 2004 sales tax referendum, the County will receive a .25% sales tax from January 2005 through December 2011. This discretionary sales surtax will provide a broad range of health care services to the adult working uninsured Alachua County residents. The Board of County Commissioners has changed the initial requirements of the funds, which allows more residents to qualify.

Municipal Services Taxing Unit (MSTU) – This fund was established September 9, 1976 by Alachua County ordinances 76-85 and 86, and in accordance with Florida Statute 125.01(1)(q) to account for expanded Sheriff services, improved fire protection services, Animal Control services, Codes Enforcement activities and Solid Waste enforcement and administration. Funding is primarily provided from ad valorem taxes and revenues generated by various charges and fees for services provided by the departments. In fiscal year 2003 the MSTU fund was split in order to segregate law enforcement services and other services. The Sheriff's Law Enforcement services are accounted for in MSTU Law Enforcement, and other unincorporated services are accounted for in MSTU Unincorporated Services. In fiscal year 2007 the MSTU Unincorporated Services was split further to separate MSTU Fire Protection Services.

Gas Tax Uses – This fund was established by the Alachua County Board of County Commissioners Resolution 00-85 in accordance with Florida Statute 336.025 to account for fuel tax revenues which are collected from the Local Option Gas Tax, Seventh Cent County Gas Tax and intragovernmental services charges disbursed to Alachua County to be expended in activities related to its transportation system. These activities include road and bridge maintenance, the Transportation Improvement Program, support for bus services for the disadvantaged, and fulfillment of related debt service requirements.

Sheriff – The Sheriff is an elected official of Alachua County and is responsible for the administration and operation of the Alachua County Sheriff's Office and the Sheriff's Department of the Jail.

Debt Service Fund – This fund accounts for the resources accumulated to make payments for principal and interest on long-term obligation debt of governmental funds.

Other Capital Projects Fund – The Other Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources (a) that are restricted or legally limited to specific capital expenditures or (b) that the government has publicly expressed its intention to use for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and renovations (other than those financed by the proprietary fund types).

Transportation Trust Fund – This fund is used to account for improvements to county roads using money transferred from the Gas Tax Uses fund and from the Transportation Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2006 and 2008. The fund was established March 8, 2005 by resolution 05-20.

Wild Spaces & Public Places Fund – This capital project fund is the result of the Nov. 4, 2008 voted onehalf cent sales surtax for a two year period, and Ordinance 08-17 adopted by the County on August 12, 2008. The monies from the surtax are used to purchase conservation lands and enhance parks and recreation facilities in the County and all the cities in the County.

Enterprise Major Fund

Solid Waste System – This fund accounts for revenues and expenses associated with refuse/garbage disposal, recyclable reclaiming, care of closed of landfills, and collection activities outside the mandated designated Alachua County collection area.

Enterprise Non-major Fund

Codes Enforcement – This fund was established on October 1, 1998 to account for revenues and expenses associated with licenses, permits, fines and fees for services of the Department of Growth Management, Office of Codes Enforcement.

Other Fund Types

Internal Service Funds – Internal service funds account for services provided primarily to other departments of the County on a cost-reimbursement basis including Computer Replacement, Self-insurance, Fleet Management, Telephone Service, Vehicle Replacement and Health Insurance funds.

Trust and Agency Funds – Trust and agency funds are used to account for the collection and disbursement of monies by the County on behalf of other governments and individuals; examples are cash bonds, traffic fines, support payments, other post-employment benefits trust and ad valorem taxes.

Non-current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

GASB Statement 34 requires non-current governmental assets, such as land and buildings, non-current governmental liabilities such as general obligation bonds, and revenue bonds and capital leases, to be reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement presentation

1. Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements, and fiduciary fund financial statements, are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement 33 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

Program revenues include charges for services, special assessments, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as expenditures. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce the County's long-term indebtedness are reported as a reduction of related liability, rather than as expenditures.

The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. The County chooses to eliminate indirect costs between governmental activities to avoid a doubling up effect.

2. Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Franchise fees, licenses, sales taxes, gas taxes, operating and capital grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable only when the County receives cash.

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of available spendable resources. Governmental funds operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of available spendable resources during a period.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types exclude amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or funds liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an other financing source rather than as a fund liability. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

3. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

The County's enterprise funds and internal service funds are proprietary funds. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Operating expenses include those costs associated with the principal activities of the funds; currently there are no non-operating expenses in the County's proprietary funds

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the fund financial statements, rather than reported as expenditures. Proceeds of long-term debt would be recorded as a liability in the fund financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness would be reported as a reduction of the related liabilities, rather than as an expense. Currently, the proprietary funds carry no debt.

The County applies all GASB pronouncements as well as all Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements (FASB) and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins, issued on or before November 30, 1989, which do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The County has elected not to follow private sector FASB statements and Interpretations, issued after November 30, 1989.

4. Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary funds include trust funds and agency funds. All trust funds use the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. The County has one trust fund – the Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB) fund. Agency funds are unlike all other types of funds and report only assets and liabilities. So, agency funds do not have a measurement focus, but do use an accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

1. Cash and Equivalents

Cash and equivalents are defined as short-term highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and have an original maturity of three months or less. This includes cash in banks, repurchase agreements with financial institutions, petty cash, cash with claims administrators, balances in the State Board of Administration Investment Pool, money market funds, certificates of deposit and US Treasury securities.

2. Investments

Investments for the County are reported at fair value, in accordance with GASB Statement 31.

3. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as Due To/From Other Funds. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as Internal Balances.

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories, consisting primarily of expendable items (materials and supplies), are determined by physical count at the County's fiscal year-end and valued at cost on the basis of the first-in first-out method of accounting. Inventory shown in the Governmental Funds consists of fuel, veterinary and medical supplies, vehicle parts and road materials. Inventory is recorded as an expenditure when consumed (consumption method) rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain funds of the County are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Assets because a restriction is either imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation, or imposed externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Therefore, applicable laws and regulations limit their use. It is the practice of the County to utilize restricted net assets before unrestricted net assets.

Certain Solid Waste System Enterprise Fund assets are required to be segregated from other current assets. These assets are legally restricted for specific purposes, such as landfill post closure care. A portion of net assets is restricted for current annual closure costs. See Note1.D.8.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, right of ways, bridges, sidewalks, traffic signals, storm water drainage and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Alachua County defines capital assets to include items of a non-consumable nature with a value of at least \$1,000 and a life of more than one year. Software costing over \$20,000 with a life greater than one year is also capitalized.

Roads, bridges, traffic signals, and storm water basins constructed prior to October 1, 2000 are reported at estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

The Board holds legal title to the capital assets used in the operations of the Board of County Commissioners, Property Appraiser, Tax Collector, Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts, and Supervisor of Elections and is accountable for them under Florida law. Under Florida Law, the Sheriff is accountable for maintaining capital asset records for equipment used in her operations.

The County's capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

ASSETS	YEARS
Buildings/improvements	10 - 50
Equipment/Software	2 - 20
Infrastructure	10 - 50

7. Capitalization of Interest

GASB 37 requires capitalization of bond issue interest costs during the construction period for proprietary activities. These costs are netted against applicable interest earnings on construction fund investments. During the current period, the County did not have any capitalized interest.

8. Landfill Post Closure Care Costs

The County has adopted a policy based on U.S. Environmental Protection Agency rules and in accordance with Florida Law sets aside funds for the post closure care costs of the County's closed landfills.

The County has no landfills that are currently accepting waste. Within the Solid Waste System Enterprise Fund, deposits are made to the fund's other cash and equivalents account for the purpose of complying with the escrow requirements of Rule 17-701.630, Florida Administrative Code. This rule requires the County to annually deposit funds in an interest-bearing escrow account for the purpose of funding the estimated landfill post closure cost. This amount is represented as Restricted Assets on the Statement of Net Assets. Per the above rule, an audited report is filed each year with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection.

The liability on the face of the statements is equal to the total estimated cost of post closure care. The estimates are reviewed and adjusted each year for changes resulting from inflation, deflation, technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

9. Deferred Revenue and Unearned Revenue

If assets have been received by the County for services to be rendered in future periods, asset balances have been offset by an unearned revenue liability account in the government-wide financial statements. Deferred revenue liabilities are reported in the governmental fund financial statements to offset receivables and deposits that do not meet the availability criterion under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

10. Accrued Compensated Absences

The County accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave when earned by employees. The amount estimated to be used in the following fiscal year is the current amount. The amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years is the non-current amount. The current and non-current amounts for government funds are maintained separately and represent a reconciling item between the fund and the government-wide presentations.

11. Obligation for Bond Arbitrage Rebate

Pursuant to Section 148(f) of the U. S. Internal Revenue Code, the County must rebate to the United States Government the excess of interest earned from the investment of certain debt proceeds and pledged revenues over the yield rate of the applicable debt. The County uses the revenue reduction approach in accounting for rebatable arbitrage, which treats excess earnings as a reduction of revenue.

12. Unamortized Bond Costs and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide statements bond issuance costs and legal fees associated with the issuance of governmental fund bonds are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method of accounting and are reported as deferred charges. Bond discounts and premiums associated with the issuance of governmental bonds are amortized according to the straight-line method. For financial reporting, unamortized bond discounts and premiums are netted against the applicable long-term debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

13. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that amount of the applicable appropriation, is employed in the governmental funds. Encumbrances are not the equivalent of expenditures; encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balances at year-end and reappropriated the following year.

14. Reserves/Designations of Fund Balances and Net Assets

In the fund financial statements, reserves and designations of fund balance represent portions of fund balances that cannot be appropriated for expenditures or which have been legally segregated for specific future uses. A portion of Capital Projects fund balance, including the Alachua County Forever Legacy Lands fund balances, and Debt Service fund balance is reserved because of bond covenants or other capital grant requirements.

Net assets of the Self Insurance Fund and the Health Insurance Fund are reserved for anticipated future catastrophic losses pursuant to County ordinance and Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No.10.

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets

Total fund balances of the County's governmental funds of \$150,542,444 differ from net assets of governmental activities of \$560,313,967 reported in the Statement of Net Assets. This difference results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Assets versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheet.

Capital Related Items

When capital assets (property, plant, equipment) that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the cost of those assets is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. However, the Statement of Net Assets includes those capital assets among the assets of the County as a whole.

Cost of capital assets	\$ 920,712,313
Accumulated depreciation	(411,967,264)
Total capital assets	\$ 508,745,049

Deferred Charges and Long-term Debt Transactions

Deferred Charges of \$1,410,436 represent bond issue costs and legal fees associated with the issuance of bonds. These charges are amortized over the life of the bonds.

2003 Alachua County Forever General Obligation Bonds	\$ 13,917
2006 Alachua County Gas Tax Revenue Bonds	233,855
2007(A)(B) Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bond	766,328
2008 Alachua County Gas Tax Revenue Bonds	356,891
Note Payable Capital Improvement-Jail Energy Conservation	30,625
Note Payable Wild Spaces & Public Places Series 2009	8,820
Total deferred charges	\$1,410,436

Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the Statement of Net Assets. Balances at September 30, 2010 were:

Bonds payable – 2003 Alachua County Forever General Obligation Bonds Plus: Premium	\$ 1,515,000 6,000
Bond payable – 2006 Alachua County Gas Tax Revenue Bonds	12,090,000
Less: Discount	(31,933)
Bond payable- 2007(A)(B) Public Improvement Rev Refunding Bond	55,055,000
Plus: Premium	652,164
Less: Deferred Loss on Refunding Public Improvement Revenue Bond (B)	(1,136,992)
Bond payable- 2008 Alachua County Gas Tax Revenue Bonds	16,190,000
Plus: Premium	170,472
Pooled Commercial Paper Program	14,400,000
Note Payable Capital Improvement-Jail Energy Conservation	7,050,000
Note Payable Wild Spaces & Public Places Series 2009	7,560,000
Compensated absences	13,000,953
Total long-term liabilities	\$126,520,664

Accrued Interest

Accrued liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets differ from the amount reported in governmental funds due to accrued interest on bonds and capital leases outstanding.

Interest Payable – 2003 Alachua County Forever General Obligation Bonds	\$ 17,675
Interest Payable – 2006 Alachua County Gas Tax Revenue Bonds	160,303
Interest Payable – 2007(A)(B) Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bond	778,323
Interest Payable – 2008 Alachua County Gas Tax Revenue Bonds	218,698
Interest Payable - Capital Improvement – Jail Energy Conservation	98,251
Total accrued interest	\$1,273,250

Unearned and Deferred Revenues

Unearned revenues in the Statement of Net Assets differ from the amount reported in governmental funds due to taxes receivables. Governmental fund financial statements report deferred revenues or revenues which are measurable but not available as deferred revenues. However, deferred revenues in governmental funds are subject to full accrual on government-wide financial statements.

Deferred revenues	\$3,853,916
Internal Service Funds	
Management uses internal service funds to charge the costs of fleet management,	computer replacement,
vehicle replacement, telephone service, group health insurance and self-insurance	activities to individual
funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in govern	mental activities in the
Statement of Net Assets because they primarily serve governmental activities of the	e County.

Internal service funds

Elimination of Interfund Receivables/Payables

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental funds must be eliminated from the Statement of Net Assets.

Interfund receivables/payables

Prepaid Items

Payments to vendors reflecting costs applicable to future accounting periods were not recorded as prepaid items in the fund financial statements and should be recorded as such in the government-wide statements.

Prepaid items

\$1,121,506

\$14,460,394

\$ 22,434,530

A. Explanation of Differences Beteween the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmentwide Statement of Net Assets - Continued

wide Statement of Net Assets - Continued	Total		
	Governmental	Capital Related	Long-term Debt
ASSETS	Funds	Items	Transactions
Equity in pooled cash & investments	\$ 138,951,935	\$ -	\$ -
Cash with fiscal agent	620,712	-	-
Other cash and equivalents	9,831,845	-	-
Sinking fund cash & cash reserves	5,132,859	-	-
Investments	820,707	-	-
Receivables (net)	5,630,712	-	-
Due from other funds	10,346,682	-	-
Due from other governments	12,043,468	-	-
Inventories	1,519,965	-	-
Prepaid items	448,940	-	-
Deferred charges	-	-	1,410,436
Capital assets - net	-	508,745,049	-
Total assets	\$ 185,347,825	\$ 508,745,049	\$ 1,410,436
LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 11,737,027	\$ -	\$ -
Contracts payable	291,068	-	-
Accrued interest payable	-	-	-
Estimated liability for self insurance loss	-	-	-
Due to other funds	14,460,394	-	-
Due to other governments	2,781,656	-	-
Deposits	26,137	-	-
Unearned revenue	5,509,099	-	-
Accrued compensated absences	-	-	13,000,953
Bonds and notes payable (net)	-	-	113,519,711
Total liabilities	34,805,381	-	126,520,664
Fund balances/net assets	150,542,444	508,745,049	(125,110,228)
Total liabilities and fund balances/net assets	\$ 185,347,825	\$ 508,745,049	\$ 1,410,436

Inte	erest Payable	Unearned Revenues		Int	Internal Service Funds		Reclassifications & Eliminations		Statement of Net Assets	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,421,023	\$	-	\$	164,372,958	
	-		-		-		-		620,712	
	-		-		-		-		9,831,845	
	-		-		-		-		5,132,859	
	-		-		-		-		820,707	
	-		-		307,378		-		5,938,090	
	-		-		2,696,845		(14,460,394)		(1,416,867)	
	-		-		28,674		-		12,072,142	
	-		-		194,645		-		1,714,610	
	-		-		-		1,121,506		1,570,446	
	-		-		-		-		1,410,436	
	-		-		6,420,337		-		515,165,386	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	35,068,902	\$	(13,338,888)	\$	717,233,324	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,258,140	\$	-	\$	14,995,167	
	-		-		-		-		291,068	
	1,273,250		-		-		-		1,273,250	
	-		-		7,602,797		-		7,602,797	
	-		-		-		(14,460,394)		0	
	-		-		-		-		2,781,656	
	-		-		-		-		26,137	
	-		(3,853,916)		1,504,925		-		3,160,108	
	-		-		268,510		-		13,269,463	
	-		-		-		-		113,519,711	
	1,273,250		(3,853,916)		12,634,372		(14,460,394)		156,919,357	
	(1,273,250)		3,853,916		22,434,530		1,121,506		560,313,967	
	(1,273,230)									

B. Explanation of Differences Between Governmental Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities

The net change in fund balances for governmental funds of a negative \$6,151,082 differs from the change in net assets for governmental activities of \$14,565,890 reported in the Statement of Activities. The difference arises primarily from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds operating statement. The effect of the differences is illustrated below.

Capital Related Items

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. As a result, fund balances decrease by the amount of the financial resources expended, whereas net assets decrease by the amount of depreciation expense charged for the year.

Capital outlay	\$ 23,840,154
Depreciation expense	(21,488,542)
Difference	\$ 2,351,612

In the Statement of Activities, only the gain on the disposal of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from a sale can increase or decrease financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of capital assets disposed.

Disposal of capital assets:	
Loss	\$ (861,910)
Total change	\$ (861,910)

Donations of capital assets are not included as revenues in governmental funds. However, for government-wide reporting, these assets are recognized as revenue on the Statement of Activities.

Capital asset donations \$ 3,301,599) 9
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Deferred charges are recorded and amortized in the government-wide statements but not in the fund statements.

Deferred charges	\$ 132,142

Repayments of bond principal and capital lease principal are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds and thus have the effect of reducing fund balance because current financial resources have been used. However, the principal payments reduce the liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets and do not result in an expense in the Statement of Activities.

Bond principal payments made	\$ (15,094,000)
Deferred loss on refunding	60,105
Discounts amortized	2,925
Premium amortized	(58,591)
Total	\$ (15,089,561)

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Net change in compensated absences	\$ (184,692)
Net accrued interest payable	95,219
Net adjustment	\$ (89,473)

Internal Service Funds Operating Gain

The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets and the operating gain is entirely allocated to governmental activities in the Statement of Activities because they primarily serve governmental activities of the County. In fiscal year 2010, internal service funds incurred a total operating gain of \$819,264.

Internal service funds allocated program expenses	\$ (1,467,942)
Program revenues	1,826,700
Internal service funds non-operating revenues	 460,506
Net change in assets	\$ 819,264

Accrued Tax Revenues

Some tax revenues are not recognized in the current period because the resources are not available and therefore these revenues are not reported in the fund.

Accrued tax revenues	\$58,796
Accrueu tax revenues	\$38,790

Reclassification and Eliminations

Transfers in and transfers out in the amount of \$105,107,249 between governmental activities should be eliminated. Transfers to the component unit have been reclassified as expenditures to the County rather than transfers. Indirect costs charged between governmental funds have been eliminated as well as Public Works department intergovernmental activities. Prepaid items that were previously expensed have been reclassified as governmental assets. These revenues and expenditures must be eliminated to avoid double counting.

Net change in prepaid items	\$ 179,665
Net change in prepara nems	\$179,005

B. Explanation of Differences Between Governmental Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities - Continued

REVENUES	Total Governmental Funds	Capital Outlay Transactions	Long-term Debt Transactions
Taxes	\$ 156,995,704	\$-	\$ -
Licenses and permits	346,460	-	-
Intergovernmental	35,714,519	-	-
Charges for services	25,589,042	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	1,705,424	-	-
Investment income	2,947,730	-	-
Special assessments and impact fees	7,381,435	-	-
Private donations	494,272	3,301,599	-
Miscellaneous	4,958,179	45,813	
Total revenues	236,132,765	3,347,412	
EXPENDITURES			
Administration	58,708,597	(63,536)	(13,644,852)
Community services	19,629,904	142,714	8,459
Corrections	28,311,808	(217,455)	(399,335)
Courts	21,322,159	730,550	-
Culture and recreation	4,610,629	(1,989,321)	20,989
Economic environment	2,375,198	18,665	-
Emergency services	31,435,979	3,308	1,315
Environmental services	9,472,066	(6,593,257)	25,491
Growth management	5,347,469	(916,613)	-
Law enforcement	32,207,324	330,076	-
Solid waste collection	4,954,520	20,830	-
Transportation	19,428,900	7,044,337	(969,486)
Interest on long-term debt	4,392,350	-	-
Total expenditures	242,196,903	(1,489,702)	(14,957,419)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(6,064,138)	4,837,114	14,957,419
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	95,626,965	-	-
Transfers out	(95,759,722)	-	-
Sale of capital assets	45,813	(45,813)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(86,944)	(45,813)	-
Net change in fund balances	(6,151,082)	4,791,301	14,957,419
Fund balances-beginning-as previously reported	156,693,526	500,204,608	(127,066,694)
Change in accounting principle		3,749,140	
Fund balances-beginning-as restated	156,693,526	503,953,748	(127,066,694)
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 150,542,444	\$ 508,745,049	\$ (112,109,275)

Compensated Absences	Accrued Interest Expenses	Unearned Revenues	Internal Service Funds	Reclassifications and Eliminations	Statement of Activities
\$ -	\$ -	\$ (27,457)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 156,968,247
-	-	-	-	-	346,460
-	-	61,779	-	-	35,776,298
-	-	24,474	1,249,599	(6,168,827)	20,694,288
-	-	,., .	-	-	1,705,424
-	-	-	180,135	-	3,127,865
-	-	-	-	-	7,381,435
_	-	-	_	_	3,795,871
-	-	-	857,472	(2,036,925)	3,824,539
		58,796	2,287,206	(8,205,752)	233,620,427
				(0,200,702)	
(14,493)	-	-	2,339,866	(5,097,293)	42,228,289
(12,444)	-	-	(78,471)	(115,202)	19,574,960
27,720	-	-	79,627	-	27,802,365
31,114	-	-	177,950	(108,973)	22,152,800
9,726	-	-	(31,343)	(680)	2,620,000
5,053	-	-	2,141	(126,245)	2,274,812
(36,073)	-	-	(676,664)	(609,061)	30,118,804
5,542	-	-	(16,296)	(103,380)	2,790,166
59,119	-	-	(17,212)	(4,299)	4,468,464
85,680	-	-	216,473	(273,597)	32,565,956
711	-	-	34,882	(282,916)	4,728,027
23,037	-	-	(563,011)	(1,603,584)	23,360,193
-	(95,219)	-	-	(60,187)	4,236,944
184,692	(95,219)	-	1,467,942	(8,385,417)	218,921,780
(184,692)	95,219	58,796	819,264	179,665	14,698,647
-	-	-	-	(95,626,965)	-
-	-	-	-	95,626,965	(132,757)
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	(132,757)
(184,692)	95,219	58,796	819,264	179,665	14,565,890
(12,816,261)	(1,368,469)	3,795,120	21,615,266	941,841	541,998,937
-					3,749,140
(12,816,261)	(1,368,469)	3,795,120	21,615,266	941,841	545,748,077
\$(13,000,953)	\$(1,273,250)	\$3,853,916	\$ 22,434,530	\$ 1,121,506	\$ 560,313,967
			<u> </u>		

NOTE 3 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The County uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- (1) The County adopts its budget in accordance with Chapters 129 and 200 of the Florida Statutes, the County Charter, and County Policy.
 - (a) The County and County Manager follow an internal hearing process to set the proposed tentative budget and millage.
 - (b) Public hearings are then held to adopt both a tentative budget and millage, and a final budget and millage, in accordance with Chapters 129 and 200, Florida Statutes.
- (2) Level of Control Expenditures may not exceed appropriations and are controlled in the following manner:
 - (a) The budget is controlled according to Chapter 129, Florida Statutes, at the total fund level.
 - (b) The County has adopted more stringent policies that control expenditures on the major category (Personal Services, Operating, Capital Outlay, Debt Service, and Non-Operating) level within funds.
 - (c) The County, additionally, has adopted a Budget Amendment Policy that allows the County Manager to transfer budget amounts within departments and funds.
 - (d) The Board must authorize all budget changes between funds.
- (3) Budgets for the governmental and proprietary fund types are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- (4) Appropriations for the County lapse at the close of a fiscal year. Encumbered appropriations are re-appropriated in the ensuing year's budget.
- (5) Budget for the Clerk's Fine and Forfeiture special revenue fund is approved by the Florida Clerk of Courts Operations Corporation and the Board.
- (6) Formal budgetary integration is used as a management control device for all funds of the County.

(7) The following is a comparison of the appropriations to total expenses for the proprietary funds for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010:

				Total	Varia	nce with Final budget
		Ар	propriations	Expenses	Posit	ive/(Negative)
Enterprise funds	Solid Waste System	\$	16,037,652	\$ 11,420,657	\$	4,616,995
	Codes Enforcement		1,579,031	1,184,667		394,364
Internal Service funds	Computer Replacement		582,766	626,618		(43,852)
	Self Insurance		3,852,004	3,184,501		667,503
	Fleet Management		4,280,442	3,727,043		553,399
	Telephone Service		1,212,423	918,318		294,105
	Vehicle Replacement		2,657,390	1,117,681		1,539,709
	Health Insurance		18,339,457	18,213,179		126,278

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The County, for accounting and investment purposes, maintains an internal investment pool that includes all the County's cash deposits and investments, except for those monies, which are legally restricted to separate administration or administered by other agencies. This gives the County the ability to invest large amounts of idle cash for short periods of time and maximize earning potential. Each fund's portion of the investment pool is displayed on the governmental funds balance sheet as "equity in pooled cash and investments."

Deposits and investments as of September 30, 2010 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Assets		
Primary Government		
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	174,821,753
Cash with fiscal agent		620,712
Other cash and investments		10,652,802
Sinking fund cash and equivalents		5,132,859
Restricted cash and investments:		
Equity in pooled cash & investments		2,861,559
Investments		1,541,914
Component Units		
Equity in pooled cash and investments		459,571
Statement of fiduciary net assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and investments		173,782
Other cash and equivalents		7,436,479
Investments		974,637
Total cash and investments	\$	204,676,068
Deposits and investments as of September 30, 2010 consist	of the	e following:
Primary Government		
Deposits with financial institutions	\$	55,935,089
Investments		139,018,377
Component Units		
Investments		459,571
Fiduciary Assets		
Deposits with financial institutions		8,288,394
Investments		974,637
	\$	204,676,068

A. Cash Deposits

Deposits in banks and thrift institutions are collateralized as public funds through a state procedure provided for in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Financial institutions qualifying as public depositories are required to pledge eligible collateral having a market value equal to or greater than the average daily or monthly balance of all public deposits times the depository's collateral. The Public Deposit Security Trust Fund has a procedure to allocate and recover losses in the event of a default or insolvency. When public deposits are made in accordance with Chapter 280, F. S., no public depositor shall be liable for any loss thereof. All of the County's operating and Component Units cash deposits are placed with qualified financial institutions and are fully insured or collateralized.

B. Investments

The County has formally adopted investment policies for Operating Funds and Component Units as described below.

Operating Funds and Component Units Investment Policy

The County adopted the Operating Fund Investment Policy with Ordinance 95-8, which provides for the investment of surplus operating public funds in the following instruments, none of which shall be in the form of derivatives. The following types of investments are allowed by the policy:

• The State Board of Administration's Florida Local Government Investment Pool (Florida PRIME and SBA Fund B)

• Negotiable direct obligations, or obligations which are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States Government

- Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in certain financial institutions provided that any such deposits are secured by collateral as may be prescribed by law
- Obligations of the Federal Farm Credit Banks, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or Federal Home Loan Bank or its district banks, including Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation participation certificates, or obligations guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association.

• Securities of or other interests in, any registered open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust provided the portfolio of such investment company or investment trust is limited to obligations of the United States Government or any agency or instrumentality thereof and to repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such United States Government obligations and provided such investment company or investment trust takes delivery of such collateral either directly or through an authorized custodian.

Investment Holdings

As of September 30, 2010, the County had the following investments:

	Duration	
Investments	(Years)	Fair Value
Primary Government		
Regions MMF	0.001	\$ 285,690
PFM Fund Government Series	0.13	22,555,020
Florida Trust Day to Day Fund	0.001	10,000,049
Florida PRIME (2a7-like)	0.14	21,871,762
SBA Fund B	7.49	3,186,302
Federal Agency Note (PFM)	2.01	32,074,132
Federal Agency Bond (PFM)	1.38	21,304,356
US Treasury Bond/Note (PFM)	0.95	25,793,986
Municipal Bonds (PFM)	2.84	1,947,080
Subtotal Primary Government		139,018,377
Component Unit		
Florida PRIME (2a7-like)	0.14	459,571
Fiduciary		
FMPTF Bond Fund	4.9	794,310
SBA Fund B	7.49	180,327
Total Fiduciary		974,637
Total Holdings		\$ 140,452,585

Brief Description of each Investment Type (Primary Government)

Fidelity Treasury (Only) Money Market Fund - An open-end pool that seeks as high a level of current income as is consistent with the security of principal and liquidity. The Fund seeks to preserve and maintain a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per share. The Fund maintains a weighted average maturity of 60 days or less. This Fund is held in the trust department at Regions Bank and is also used as a sweep account for individual security transactions bought and sold by PFM Asset Management.

PFM Funds-Government Series - The PFM Funds - Government Series (the "GS Fund") is a diversified, open-end pool registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. The GS Fund's primary objective is to seek as high a rate of current income as is consistent with maintaining liquidity and stability of principal and to maintain a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per share. The GS Fund seeks to maintain a dollar weighted average portfolio maturity of 60 days or less and invests exclusively in obligations of the United States Government its agencies and instrumentalities, repurchase agreements secured by U.S. Government Obligations and money market mutual funds that invest exclusively in U.S. Government Obligations and such repurchase agreements.

State Board of Administration's Local Government Investment Pool (Florida Prime Fund and SBA Fund *B* - The State of Florida's Local Government Investment Pools are administered by the Florida State Board of Administration (SBA), which provides regulatory oversight. The powers and duties of the SBA are defined in Florida Statute 218.409. In addition, Chapter 19-7 of the Florida Administrative Code identifies the rules and regulations governing the administration of the State Pools. These rules provide guidance and establish the general operating procedures for the administration of the pools. The SBA provides regulatory oversight for the Florida PRIME Fund and the SBA Fund B. As a pool participant, the County owns a share of the respective pools, not the underlying securities.

The Florida PRIME Fund is an external investment pool that has adopted operating procedures consistent with the Securities and Exchange Commission's investment requirements for a "2a7-like" fund and the fair value of the position in the pool is equal to the value of the pool shares.

SBA Fund B - In May 2008, the Governor of Florida signed Senate Bill 2422 into law, which legally created the Fund B Surplus Funds Trust Fund (formerly Fund B Pool). Pursuant to F.S. 218.421(1)(a), the purpose of the Fund B Surplus Funds Trust Fund is to maximize the payout of principal on invested surplus funds of units of local government formerly in Fund B Pool through a prudent work out of the trust fund with the ultimate goal of self-liquidating the trust fund through maturity and payout of the investments.

Additional information on the Florida PRIME Fund and SBA Fund B may be obtained from the State Board of Administration (<u>www.sbafla.com</u>).

Federal Agency & US Treasury Securities - The County contracts with PFM Asset Management LLC, Independent Investment Advisor, to manage a portion of the operating portfolio. PFM is authorized to invest in US Treasury and Federal Agency securities and notes on behalf of the County. At year end, PFM directly managed \$81,119,554 (fair market value) as noted in the table on page 64.

Florida Trust Day to Day Fund – This is a money market product created in January 2009 as part of the Florida Local Government Investment Trust developed through the joint efforts of the Florida Association of Court Clerks and Comptrollers and the Florida Association of Counties. The fund is AAAm rated by Standard and Poor's and is governed by the Florida Local Government Investment Trust board and advisory committee. The fund seeks to preserve and maintain a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per share and maintains a weighted average maturity of 50 days or less. Additional information on this fund may be obtained from the Florida Trust website at www.floridatrustonline.com.

Description of Component Unit Investment Holdings

The John A. H. Murphree Law Library and Alachua County Housing Finance Authority, the County's discretely presented component units, invest in the County's internal investment pool. Their investment balances at September 30, 2010 are \$83,577 and \$375,994 respectively. As participants in the investment pool the components units are subject to the same investment policy used for the County's operating funds.

Description of Fiduciary Asset Investment Holdings

The Other Post Benefit Plan (OPEB) invests with the Florida League of Cities Florida Municipal Investment Trust (FMPTF) 0-2 Year High Quality Bond Fund. This fund consists of short bond fixed income portfolio. The fair market value at September 30, 2010 is \$794,310. The Clerk of Court Registry fund investments are held in SBA Fund B as described above. The fair market value at September 30, 2010 is \$180,327.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits</u> – Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and they are uncollateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the County's name.

The County's operating investment policy requires that bank deposits be secured as provided by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. This law requires local governments to deposit funds only in financial institutions designated as qualified public depositories by the Chief Financial Officer of the State of Florida, and

creates the Public Deposits Trust Fund, a multiple financial institution pool with the ability to assess its member financial institutions for collateral shortfalls if a default or insolvency has occurred. At September 30, 2010, all County and Component Units bank deposits were in qualified public depositories and collateralized by the Bureau of Collateral Securities, Division of the Treasury, State Department of Insurance.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Investments</u> – Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured and are not registered in the name of the government and are held by either the counterparty or by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the government's name.

The County's operating investment policy requires execution of a third-party custodial safekeeping agreement for all purchased securities, and requires that securities be held in the County's name. As of September 30, 2010, all of the County's investments are held in Region Bank's trust department in the County's name.

GAAP requires investments be recorded as of the trade dates and any unsettled sales of investments be disclosed as a custodial risk. As of September 30, 2010, the County had \$4,372,793 in unsettled sales in the long term CORE 1-3 portfolio managed by PFM.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County's operating investment policies have a provision that the investment (excluding 2a7-like pools) be rated by a nationally recognized rating agency at the time of purchase in either of its two highest rating categories (within which there may be sub-categories or gradations indicating relative standing). This policy applies to the County's operating investments and investments of the component units.

Presented below is the rating as of year-end for each major investment type and classification:

Investments	Rating	Fair Value
Primary Government		
Regions MMF	AAAm	\$ 285,690
PFM Fund Government Series	AAAm	22,555,020
Florida Trust Day to Day Fund	AAAm	10,000,049
Florida PRIME (2a7-like)	AAAm	21,871,762
SBA Fund B	Unrated	3,186,302
Federal Agency Discount Note (PFM)	A-1+	32,074,132
Federal Agency Bond Note (PFM)	AAA	21,304,356
US Treasury Bond/Note (PFM)	TSY	25,793,986
Municipal Bonds (PFM)	TSY	1,947,080
Total Primary Government	_	139,018,377
Component Unit	_	
Florida PRIME (2a7-like)	AAAm	459,571
Fiduciary		
FMPTF Bond Fund	AA	794,310
SBA Fund B	Unrated	180,327
Total Fiduciary		974,637
Total Holdings	_	\$ 140,452,585

<u>Interest Rate Risk - Investments</u> Section 218.415(6), Florida Statutes, limits investment maturities to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due. The County has a formal investment policy for operating and component units' surplus funds that limits investment maturities to two years as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates. Below is a detailed *debt* investment schedule organized by investment type, amount, and segmented time distribution:

			3 Months-	
Investment	Fair Value	0-3 Months	1 Year	>1 Year
Federal Agency Bonds (PFM)	\$ 21,304,356	-	\$ 8,542,351	\$12,762,005
Federal Agency Notes (PFM)	32,074,132	-	1,740,859	30,333,273
US Treasuries (PFM)	25,793,986	-	11,035,901	14,758,085
Municipal Bonds (PFM)	1,947,080	-	-	1,947,080
Total	\$ 81,119,554	-	\$ 21,319,111	\$ 59,800,443

<u>Callable Investments</u> - The County has \$21,059,898 in Federal Instrumentalities that have embedded options consisting of the option at the discretion of the issuer to call their obligation or pay a stated increase in the interest rate. These securities have various call dates, and mature between February 2011 and February 2014.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> - The County's adopted investment policy requires that assets held are diversified to control the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, issuer, instrument, dealer, or bank through which these instruments are bought or sold. The County places no limit on the amount the County may invest in any one issuer. Diversification strategies within the established guidelines are reviewed and revised periodically as necessary by the appropriate management staff. The County held investments of greater than 5% in the following investment categories:

Category	Percentage of Total Cash & Investments
Federal Home Loan Banks	10.41%
Federal National Mortgage Assn.	5.78%
Federal Home Loan Moartgage Corp.	7.04%
US Treasuries	12.60%
PFM Fund Government Series	11.02%
Florida PRIME (2a7- like)	11.08%

C. Restricted Cash and Investments

The following chart illustrates cash and investments restricted by bond covenants or used to fund post-closure of the landfill, including the funding of cash reserve requirements as a result of bond issuer downgrades:

	Cash Reserve	Sinking Fund	Landfill Post Closure
2003 Alachua County Forever G.O.	\$ -	\$ 267,504	\$ -
2006 Gas Tax Revenue Bond (1)	1,384,450	230,152	-
2007 Public Improvement Revenue Bond-Series A & B (2)	1,547,445	889,995	-
2008 Gas Tax Revenue Bond (3)	523,131	290,182	-
Solid Waste System	-	-	4,403,473
Total Restricted Cash and Investments	\$ 3,455,026	\$ 1,677,833	\$ 4,403,473

(1) Bond Surety, AMBAC, was downgraded from Baa1 to Caa2 requiring additional sinking fund requirements.

(2) Bond Surety, Financial Security Assurance, was downgraded from AAA to Aa3 requiring additional sinking fund requirements.

(3) Bond Surety, Assured Guaranty, was downgraded from AAA to Aa2 requiring additional sinking fund requirements.

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAX

A. Real Property Taxes were certified on December 8, 2009. Property taxes receivable were reported in the General fund, Municipal Services Taxing Unit funds, MSBU Refuse Collection, Debt Service fund, Tourist Development sub-fund, Sugarfoot Preservation special assessment sub-fund, West End special assessment sub-fund, NE 132nd Avenue special sub-fund and the Solid Waste fund as Due From other funds (Constitutional Officer-Tax Collector). Chapter 197, Florida Statutes, governs property tax collections.

B. Property Tax Calendar and pertinent assessment/lien information is as follows:

1. *January 1* – All taxes become a first lien, superior to all other liens.

2. *July 1* - The Property Appraiser completes assessment and certifies the taxable value to the County.

3. *August 5* - The County certifies to the Property Appraiser the amount of taxes intended to be levied for both operations and debt service.

4. *September (1-30)* - The County holds its final budget hearings and adopts the tax levy for the ensuing fiscal year.

- 5. *November 1* Taxes become due and payable before March 31.
- 6. *April 1* All unpaid taxes become delinquent.
- 7. *June 1* The Tax Collector sells tax certificates on all delinquent real estate parcels.

8. June (1-30) - The Tax Collector disburses proceeds of the tax certificate sale to the taxing authorities.

9. Prior to April 30 of the tax year following delinquency, warrants are ratified on unpaid Tangible Personal Property taxes.

C. Real Property Delinquent Tax Process

1. April 1 - Unpaid taxes become delinquent.

2. *April 1 - May 31 -* A list of delinquent parcels is advertised in a local newspaper. The owner can pay the tax due plus an interest charge of 3%, plus advertising fees if applicable.

3. *June 1* - If the owner has not paid, the Tax Collector sells a tax certificate on the parcel(s). Tax Certificates are sold for the amount of tax due on the property plus the advertising costs, interest due, and a 5% commission to the Tax Collector (= the "Face Amount"). When the certificate is redeemed, the Tax Certificate holder then receives the face amount plus additional interest. Proceeds of the tax certificate sale are distributed to taxing authorities by the end of June.

D. Other Information Regarding Sale of Tax Certificates

1. Alachua County will hold any unsold certificates (for later sale if possible).

2. Property owners redeem certificates by paying the Tax Collector the tax certificate amount plus interest and fees; the Tax Collector then pays the certificate holder.

3. After two years, holders of unredeemed certificates may apply for a tax deed. In order to obtain a tax deed the property is offered at public auction with the minimum bid being the amount of the outstanding taxes and certificates on the property, plus additional fees. Any excess over this amount is applied against any other liens and then given to the property owner upon application.

4. The tax certificate expires on any unsold property after 7 years.

E. Tangible Personal Property Delinquent Tax Process

1. Prior to April 30 of the tax year following delinquency the Tax Collector will file a lawsuit. The Clerk of the Court will notify taxpayers by certified mail.

2. If the property owner does not pay, a Circuit Judge will ratify tax warrants allowing property to be seized and sold for taxes.

F. Property Tax Payment and Distribution

1. Discounts for early payment of property tax are allowed in the following manner:

4% for November Payments

3% for December Payments

- 2% for January Payments
- 1% for February Payments

2. The Tax Collector is required to distribute tax proceeds to taxing authorities promptly in order to provide cash for operations. Fiscal year 2010 distributions were made as follows:

November, December, February - 2 distributions each month

All other months – 1 distribution each month

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2010 was as follows:

- · ·	Beginning		mber 30, 2010 was as follows:				Ending		
	Balance		Increases]	Decreases	Α	djustments		Balance
Primary Government									
Capital assets not being depreciated:	()	٩		٩	(105.010)	٠		٠	
Land	\$ 64,062,303	\$	6,740,164	\$	(425,212)	\$	302,033	\$	70,679,288
Right of Way	155,912,018		90,875		-		611,963		156,614,856
Stormwater Basins	12,823,906		-		-		-		12,823,906
Artwork	91,390		-		-		-		91,390 7 242 000
Construction/Purchase in progress Total not being depreciated	7,248,035 240,137,652		3,019,559 9,850,598		(425,212)		(3,025,504) (2,111,508)		7,242,090 247,451,530
Total not being depreciated	240,137,032		9,630,398		(423,212)		(2,111,508)		247,431,330
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Buildings	117,178,229		1,217,800		(350,773)		1,780,633		119,825,889
Equipment	62,189,481		5,608,944		(3,954,600)		462,111		64,305,936
Software-current year internally developed	-		112,473		-		-		112,473
Software-purchased prior year-see Note 12.D	-		-				4,204,420		4,204,420
Improvements other than Building	10,169,591		3,152,806		(225,022)		139,155		13,236,530
Infrastructure	478,335,788		5,914,381		-		2,976,785		487,226,954
Total being depreciated	667,873,089		16,006,404		(4,530,395)		9,563,104		688,912,202
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings	(37,875,944)		(2,656,926)		162,372				(40,370,498)
Equipment	(42,944,139)		(5,879,433)		3,812,613				(45,010,959)
Software-current year internally developed	(+2,)++,13))		(11,245)		5,012,015				(11,245)
Software-purchased prior year-see Note 12.D	-		(64,410)		-		(455,280)		(519,690)
Improvements other than Building	(4,716,439)		(521,207)		153,702		(455,200)		(5,083,944)
Infrastructure	(316,300,877)		(13,901,133)		155,762			(330,202,010)
Total accumulated depreciation	(401,837,399)		(13,034,354)		4,128,687		(455,280)		421,198,346)
Total being depreciated, net	266,035,690		(7,027,950)		(401,708)		9,107,824		267,713,856
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 506,173,342	\$	2,822,648	\$	(826,920)	\$	6,996,316		515,165,386
_			· ·				· ·		· ·
Business-type activities:									
Capital assets not being depreciated:	¢ 2.224.270	¢		¢		ሰ		ድ	2 224 270
Land	\$ 3,324,279	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,324,279
Total not being depreciated	3,324,279		-		-		-		3,324,279
Capital Assets being depreciated:	2 782 226		5 250						2 797 576
Buildings	2,782,326 3,019,288		5,250 415,401		(96,817)				2,787,576 3,337,872
Equipment Software-purchased prior year-see Note 12.D	5,019,288		415,401		(90,817)		65,100		5,557,872 65,100
Improvements other than Building	13,372,018		- 688		-		05,100		,
	19,173,632		421,339		(96,817)		65,100		13,372,706 19,563,254
Total being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for:	19,175,052		421,559		(90,817)		05,100		19,505,254
Buildings	(947,773)		(92,717)						(1,040,490)
Equipment	(1,614,996)		(448,898)		- 87,098		-		(1,040,490) (1,976,796)
Software-purchased prior year-see Note 12.D	(1,014,990)		(448,898)		87,098		(65,100)		(65,100)
	(0 502 200)		(100 782)		-		(05,100)		
Improvements other than Building	(9,503,298)		(199,782) (741,397)		87,098		(65,100)		(9,703,080) (12,785,466)
Total accumulated depreciation Total being depreciated, net	(12,066,067) 7,107,565		(320,058)		(9,719)		(03,100)		(12,785,466) 6,777,788
Total business-type capital assets, net	\$ 10,431,844	\$	(320,058)	\$	(9,719)	\$		\$	10,102,067
	. , - ,				× 11 - 71	-			
Component Unit - Law Library	. · -			*		¢		~	
Equipment	\$ 1,850	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,850
Less accumulated depreciation	(31)		(370)	*	-	*	-	-	(401)
Component Unit, capital assets, net	\$ 1,819	\$	(370)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,449

* Adjustments includes changes between asset types when construction is completed, donations, restatement for change in accounting principle and reclassifications.

B. Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government and the Component Unit as follows:

Primary Government

Governmental Activities:	
Administration	\$ 797,945
Community service	500,732
Corrections	1,163,491
Courts	931,995
Culture & recreation	494,420
Tourist development	18,665
Emergency services	845,593
Environmental services	58,540
Growth management	84,707
Law enforcement	2,316,941
Solid waste disposal	20,830
Transportation (includes County infrastructure)	14,254,683
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are	
charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets.	 1,545,812
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 23,034,354
Business-type activities:	
Codes enforcement	\$ 11,816
Solid waste disposal	729,581
Total depreciation expense-business-type activities	\$ 741,397
<u>Component Unit - Law Library</u>	
Courts	\$ 370

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

A. Interfund Balances as of September 30, 2010, consisted of the following:

	Due From Other Funds		1	Due To Other Funds
Governmental funds:				
General Fund	\$	9,159,257	\$	598,239
MSTU Unincorporated Services		14,011		23
MSTU Law Enforcement		67,990		2,400,097
MSTU Fire Protection		40,969		8,107
Gas Tax Uses		-		84
Sheriff		236,471		1,284,980
Debt service		24,222		4,244,892
Other Capital Projects		241		4
Other Governmental Funds		803,521	_	5,923,968
Subtotal Governmental funds		10,346,682		14,460,394
Proprietary funds:				
Solid Waste System		1,417,207		189
Codes Enforcement		-		151
Internal Service funds		2,696,845		-
Total	\$	14,460,734	\$	14,460,734

The General Fund has amounts due to and from Constitutional Officers, which represent the return of excess due at the end of the fiscal year from either budget officers or fee officers. Debt Service funds first receive taxes according to bond covenant provisions and the remaining amount is due to either the General Fund or the Gas Tax Uses Fund. All remaining balances result from the time lag between the dates that (a) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (b) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (c) payments between funds are made.

	Transfers from Other Funds	Transfers to Other Funds
Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$ 7,285,861	\$ 57,689,352
MSTU Unincorporated Services	240,989	412,000
MSTU Law Enforcement	1,039,970	15,952,470
MSTU Fire Protection	721,904	539,672
Gas Tax Uses	3,006,401	-
Sheriff	65,497,752	670,887
Debt Service	2,363,456	7,687,200
Other Capital Projects	2,114,541	2,453,459
Other Governmental Funds	13,356,091	10,354,682
Subtotal-Governmental Funds	95,626,965	95,759,722
Proprietary Funds:		
Business-type Activities:		
Solid Waste System	132,757	-
Totals	\$ 95,759,722	\$ 95,759,722

B. Interfund Transfers for the year ended September 30, 2010, consisted of the following:

The County's routine transfers include transfers to: Budgeted Constitutional Officers, Special Revenue grant match requirements, other funds based on budgetary requirements and funds that are required by statute or budgetary authority to expend revenues from another fund that by statute or budgetary authority must collect revenues.

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. Long-term Obligations (excluding accrued compensated absences and estimated self-insured losses) at September 30, 2010 are composed of the following:

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

General Obligation Bond: \$14,000,000 2003 Alachua County Forever Serial Bonds, due in annual installments		
of \$1,515,000 in 2011, interest 3.500%		
Revenue Source - Property Tax Levy.	\$	1,515,000
Revenue Bonds:		
 \$21,170,000 Series A Public Improvement Revenue and \$42,455,000 Series 2007 B Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, due in annual installments of \$920,000 to \$4,5800,000 through 2029, interest from 4.00% to 4.25%. 		
Revenue Source - a pledge of the County's portion of the Half Cent Sales Tax.		55,055,000
\$15,400,000 2006 Transportation Improvement revenue bonds, due in annual installments of \$900,000 to \$1,325,000 through 2021, interest from 3.50% to 4.50%.		
Revenue Source - a pledge of the County's 5th, 6th, 7th and 9th cent voted Gas Tax.		12,090,000
\$18,245,000 2008 Transportation Improvement revenue bonds, due in annual installments of \$1,085,000 to \$1,665,000 through 2022, interest from 3.750% to 4.500%.		
Revenue Source - a pledge of the County's 5th, 6th, 7th and 9th cent voted Gas Tax.		16,190,000
Total Revenue Bonds Payable		83,335,000
TOTAL BONDS PAYABLE		84,850,000
Notes Payable: Pooled Commercial Paper Notes, \$14,400,000 available credit for capital projects, interest due monthly at approximately 0.45390%. Final Principal Payment will be made December 4, 2012.		
<u>Revenue Source</u> - a pledge of the County's Non-Ad Valorem revenues		14,400,000
\$7,700,000 2008 Capital Improvement bank loan, due in annual installments of \$420,000 to \$684,000 through 2023, interest of 4.090%.		
Revenue Source - a pledge of the County's Non-Ad Valorem revenues		7,050,000
\$15,000,000 2009 Wild Spaces, Public Place bank loan, due in annual installments of \$7,440,000 to \$7,560,000 through 2011, interest of 1.600%.		
Revenue Source - a pledge of the County's Non-Ad Valorem revenues		7,560,000
TOTAL NOTES PAYABLE		29,010,000
TOTAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS	\$ 1	113,860,000

B. Debt Service Requirements to Maturity on the County's debt at September 30, 2010 are as follows:

	Revenu	e Bonds	General Oblig	ation Bonds	Notes F	Pavable	Total Principal and
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Interest
2011	\$ 4,990,000	\$ 3,471,974	\$1,515,000	\$90,025	\$21,280,000	\$ 413,310	\$ 31,760,309
2012	5,185,000	3,279,586	-	-	437,000	275,686	9,177,272
2013	5,380,000	3,078,739	-	-	1,556,000	256,812	10,271,551
2014	5,600,000	2,861,639	-	-	475,000	237,902	9,174,541
2015	5,860,000	2,633,889	-	-	494,000	218,205	9,206,094
2016-2020	33,060,000	9,313,806	-	-	2,796,000	766,998	45,936,804
2021-2025	17,955,000	2,930,203	-	-	1,972,000	165,748	23,022,951
2026-2029	5,305,000	474,550	-	-	-	-	5,779,550
	83,335,000	28,044,386	1,515,000	90,025	29,010,000	2,334,661	144,329,072
Less:							
Unamortized							
Bond Discount	(31,934)	-	-	-	-	-	(31,934)
Deferred Loss							
on Refunding	(1,136,992)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,136,992)
Plus:							
Unamortized							
Bond Premium	822,637	-	6,000	-	-	-	828,637
TOTAL	\$82,988,711	\$28,044,386	\$1,521,000	\$90,025	\$29,010,000	\$2,334,661	\$ 143,988,783

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT GENERAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

	Balance Oct 1, 2009	Increases	Decreases	Balance Sept 30, 2010	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 3,970,000	\$ -	\$ (2,455,000)	\$ 1,515,000	\$ 1,515,000
Revenue bonds payable	88,130,000	-	(4,795,000)	83,335,000	4,990,000
Less: deferred amounts:					
Unamortized discounts	(34,859)	-	2,925	(31,934)	-
Unamortized premiums	887,228	-	(58,591)	828,637	6,000
Deferred loss on refunding	(1,197,097)		60,105	(1,136,992)	
Subtotal-bonds	91,755,272	-	(7,245,561)	84,509,711	6,511,000
Notes payable	36,854,000		(7,844,000)	29,010,000	21,280,000
Estimated liability-self insured losses	7,178,924	17,529,195	(17,105,322)	7,602,797	2,164,710
Accrued compensated absences	13,071,678	7,055,248	(6,857,463)	13,269,463	6,857,463
Total governmental obligations	148,859,874	24,584,443	(39,052,346)	134,391,971	36,813,173
Business-type activities:					
Accrued compensated absences	588,220	256,369	(298,023)	546,566	298,023
Accrued landfill closure cost	8,715,900	66,363	(782,478)	7,999,785	472,420
Total business-type activities	9,304,120	322,732	(1,080,501)	8,546,351	770,443
Total long-term obligations	\$158,163,994	\$ 24,907,175	\$(40,132,847)	\$142,938,322	\$ 37,583,616

C. Changes in Long-term Obligations for the year ended Sept. 30, 2010 are as summarized as follows:

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the totals for governmental activities. At year-end, \$268,510 of internal service funds compensated absences is included in the above amounts. Also, for the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.

D. Summary of Revenue Bonds Payable – the following is a summary of government bond resolutions pertaining to debt reflected in the September 30, 2010 financial statements:

Name	\$15,400,000 Gas Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2006	\$63,625,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2007A & B	\$18,245,000 Gas Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2008						
Purpose	cquisition and construction of ertain road improvements within he County; purchase the 2006 urety Bond, and pay certain costs f issuance.		surety Bolid, and pay certain costs of issuance. Surety Bond, and costs of issuance. Series 2007B - To refund portions o the County's Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 1995 and its Public Improvement Revenue Bond Series 1999; purchase of the 2007		acquisition and construction of certain road improvements within the County; purchase the 2006 Surety Bond, and pay certain costs of issuance.		cquisition and construction of ertain road improvements within he County; purchase the 2006 urety Bond, and pay certain costs f issuance.		To provide funds to finance the costs of acquisition and construction of certain road improvements within the County, purchase of the 2008 Surety Bond, and costs of issuance.
Dated	April 12, 2006	February 6, 2007	April 10, 2008						
Final Maturity	August 1, 2021	August 1, 2029	August 1, 2022						
Principal payment date	August 1st	August 1st	August 1st						
Interest payment dates	August 1st and February 1st	August 1st and February 1st	August 1st and February 1st						
Interest rates	3.50% to 4.50%	4.00% to 4.25%	3.75% to 4.50%						
Outstanding Principal at 9/30/10 Reserve	\$12,090,000	\$55,055,000	\$16,190,000						
requirement	\$1,384,450	\$1,547,445	\$523,121						
Pledged revenue source	Constitutional Gas Tax, County Gas Tax, and Ninth Cent Gas Tax.	Local Government Half-Cent Sales Tax.	Constitutional Gas Tax, County Gas Tax, and Ninth Cent Gas Tax.						
Total debt svc payment	\$1,380,273	\$5,330,170	\$1,740,281						
% of required Debt Svc to total pledged revenue source	27.22%	54.92%	47.16%						

E. Line of Credit - The \$14,400,000 Pooled Commercial Paper Note line of credit from the Florida Association of Counties was approved to fund capital projects within the County. As of September 30, 2010, the full amount of the line of credit is outstanding.

F. Demand Bonds - The County has no demand bonds.

G. Conduit Debt Obligations - From time to time, the County has issued Health Facility Revenue Bonds, Industrial Development Revenue Bonds and Housing Finance Authority Multi-family Housing Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of health care, industrial facilities, and multi-family housing deemed to be in the public interest. These bonds are secured by the financed property and are payable solely from the payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance.

There is no obligation on the part of the County, the State, or any political subdivision for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of September 30, 2010, there were five series of Health Facility Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$227,405,000, two series of Industrial Development Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$16,965,000 and nine series of Housing Finance Authority Multi-family Housing Bonds, with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$40,035,526.

H. Landfill Post Closure Care Obligation – The County's Southwest Landfill's liability for fiscal year 2010 is \$6,081,163, a decrease of \$164,663 from the prior fiscal year. For other County landfills closed prior to 1985 and not subject to State law requirements, the County records a liability of \$1,918,622, a decrease of \$551,452 from last fiscal year. See Note 1.D.8. for more information.

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Pension Plan

Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description - The County contributes to the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Florida, Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. FRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. FRS issues financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the State of Florida Division of Retirement, P. O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, by accessing the FRS website or by calling (850) 488-5706.

Funding Policy - FRS is employee noncontributory. The County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The rates as of September 30, 2010, are as follows: regular employees -10.77%; special risk employees -23.25%; elected officials -18.64%; senior management service -14.57%; deferred retirement option (DROP) -12.25%.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the County is established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The County's contributions to the FRS for the years ending September 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$11,452,146, \$11,108,287, and \$11,542,672, respectively, and were equal to the required contributions for each year.

Defined Contribution Plan

Pursuant to Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, the Florida Legislature created the Florida Retirement Investment Plan ("FRS Investment Plan"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined contribution pension plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. This FRS Investment Plan is an alternative available to members of the Florida Retirement System in lieu of the defined benefit plan. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. The FRS Investment Plan is administered by the Florida State Board of Administration. Information about this plan can be obtained

by writing to FRS Plan Administrator, P. O. Box 56290, Jacksonville, FL 32241-6290 or by calling 866-377-2121, Option 3. Required employer contributions made to the plan totaled \$1,907,682.

City of Gainesville Pension Plan

As of September 30, 2010, five (5) employees of the Sheriff's office were members of the City of Gainesville's Employees' Plan. These employees were previously employees of the City of Gainesville who elected to remain in the City of Gainesville's pension plan upon their employment with the Sheriff's office.

Plan Description – The Employees' Plan is a single-employer contributory defined benefit pension plan that covers all permanent employees of the City, except certain personnel who elected to participate in the Defined Contribution Plan and, or the Deferred Compensation Plan, and police officers and firefighters who participate in the Consolidated Plan. The Employees' plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Gainesville City Commission adopted this plan and all amendments through a City ordinance. The City of Gainesville issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Employees' Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to City of Gainesville, Finance Department, P.O. Box 490, Gainesville, Florida 32602, or by calling (352) 334-5054.

Funding Policy – The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by ordinance approved by the City Commission. Plan members are required to contribute 5.0% of their annual covered salary. The City is required to contribute an actuarially determined percentage of covered payroll, currently 4% for retirement benefits.

The Sheriff's contribution to the City Employees' Plan for the years ended September 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008, were \$13,419, \$11,197, and \$11,344, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

The Sheriff's employee contributions to the City Employees' Plan for the years ended September 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008, were \$11,819, \$16,003, and \$14,180 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

B. Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan

Plan Description – In 2008, the County adopted resolution 08-104 which established the Alachua County Other Post Employment Benefit Trust (OPEB Trust), a qualifying trust, and began funding its OPEB Plan obligation. The County administers the cost-sharing single-employer defined benefit plan for postemployment benefits other than pension benefits (OPEB Plan). The OPEB Plan provides post employment life insurance benefits and a health insurance subsidy for retirees and eligible dependents of the Clerk of Court, Supervisor of Elections, Property Appraiser, Sheriff, Tax Collector, Library District, and County. The Alachua County Board of County Commissioners can amend the benefit provisions. A separate stand-alone financial statement for the OPEB Plan is not prepared.

The life insurance benefit is provided at no charge to retirees. The life insurance benefit is \$10,000 for all retirees under the age of 65 and \$5,000 for retirees age 65 and older.

The health insurance subsidy is provided to retirees with at least 6 years of service who retire and begin receiving benefits from the Florida Retirement System (FRS) or the Library District Pension Plan (LDPP). Retirees must maintain health care coverage after employment to be eligible for the subsidy. The amount of the monthly subsidy is based on the number of years of total service with the County, Constitutional Officer, or Library District and is equal to three dollars a month for each year of service. The minimum monthly subsidy is \$18 and the maximum monthly subsidy is \$90 for employees that retire with 30 or more years of service.

Additionally, in accordance with Florida Statutes 112.0801, employees who retire and immediately begin receiving benefits from FRS or LDPP have the option of paying premiums to continue in the County's self-funded Health Insurance Plan at the same group rate as active employees. The retiree pays 100% of the blended group rate premium therefore receiving an implicit subsidy.

At October 1, 2009, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, plan participation consisted of:

Active employees (fully eligible)	150
Active employees (not fully eligible)	1,815
Retirees receiving benefits	175
Total OPEB participants	2,140

Funding Policy – The contribution requirements of plan members and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the Alachua County Board of County Commissioners. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits when earned and determined annually by the County's Actuary. Pay-as-you-go financing paid by the employers and plan members is accounted for in the County's Self-funded Health Insurance Fund and employers' contributions to the OPEB Trust to prefund benefits are accounted for in the County's OPEB Trust Fund. For the year ended September 30, 2010, the County paid a total of \$1,348,000 for the OPEB Plan, including pay-as-you go financing of \$1,189,942 and a transfer of assets of \$158,058 to the OPEB Trust. It is the County's intent to base future OPEB Trust contributions on the actuarially determined annual required contribution (ARC) less pay-as-you-go financing; however, no future Trust contributions are legally or contractually required. Retiree plan members receiving benefits contributed \$1,115,448 to pay-as-you-go financing through their required contribution of \$382.62 per month for retiree-only coverage, \$787.50 per month for retiree and spouse coverage and \$1,170.84 per month for family coverage.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation – The annual cost (expense) of the County's OPEB Plan is calculated based on the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liability over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB Plan cost for the year, the amount actually contributed by the employer, and the changes in the net OPEB Plan obligation.

Annual required contribution	\$1,348,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation	-
Adjustment to ARC	
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	1,348,000
OPEB plan payments:	
Pay-as-you-go financing	1,189,942
Contribution of assets to OPEB Trust	158,058
Subtotal OPEB payments	1,348,000
Increase in net OPEB obligation	-
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	-
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$ -

Funding Status and Funding Progress – The OPEB payments made for the 2010 fiscal year were 100% of the annual OPEB cost. As of the actuarial valuation report dated October 1, 2009, the funded status was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 14,208,000
Actuarial value of plan assets	600,000
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 13,608,000
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	4.2%
Covered payroll at valuation date	\$ 98,391,002
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	13.8%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employers and plan members in the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

The actuarial methods are:						
Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Credit					
Amortization method	Level percent of projected payroll					
Amortization period (open)	30 years					
Asset valuation method	Fair Value					
The actuarial assumptions are:	The actuarial assumptions are:					
Investment rate of return	8.0%					
Projected annual salaries increase	3.5%					
Inflation Rate	2.5%					
Mortality	RP-2000 Table, gender-specific basis					
Healthcare cost trend rate	11.0% initial year reduced 0.5% each year until reaching ultimate trend rate of 5.0%					

C. Accrued Compensated Absences

County employees are entitled to accrue sick and vacation time in accordance with the County's personnel regulations or a collective bargaining agreement. Maximum accruals are shown on the following chart.

	Vacation Accrual	Vacation Termination	Sick Leave Accrual
	Maximum	Pay Maximum	Maximum
Board of County Commissioners			
40 hours/week employees	280 hours	280 hours	No Maximum
56 hours/week employees	392 hours	392 hours	No Maximum
Clerk of the Circuit Court	280 hours	240 hours	1040
Property Appraiser	280 hours	240 hours	No Maximum
Tax Collector	No Maximum	No Maximum	No Maximum
Supervisor of Elections	280 hours	280 hours	No Maximum
Sheriff	280 hours	280 hours	No Maximum

Terminating employees with 10 years of service will be paid for half of unused sick time.

The County records a liability for compensated absences of \$13,269,463 on the Statement of Net Assets. In the Government-wide presentation, compensated absences are accrued in the period they are earned. For the adjusted liabilities at the end of the year, a determination was made for current and non-current amounts. Accrued compensated absences are not recorded for any accruals over the maximum.

D. Deferred Compensation Plan

The County offers employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The County complied with the requirements of subsection (g) of IRC Section 457 and, accordingly, all assets and income of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.

Deferred compensation amounts withheld from participating employee's pay are not taxable as current income until withdrawn from the plan. Annual contributions by a participant may not exceed the lesser of \$16,500 or 50% of gross annual compensation. There is an "age 50 catch-up" provision that allows an additional \$5,000 contribution from the year the employee reaches age 50 until the employee terminates employment.

E. Component Units Employment

The Component Units' employees have the same benefits as the Board of County Commissioners' employees.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT AND CONVENTIONALLY INSURED CLAIMS & LOSSES

The County is self-insured for risk management and employee group health insurance in two internal service funds maintained by the Board of County Commissioners. The following two sections and the disclosures required by GASB Statement 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues are provided below.

A. Risk Management Claims and Losses

The County has established a risk management program to cover claims against the Board and Constitutional Officers for the following types of risk:

- General Liability (self insured up to a limit of \$200,000)
- Workers Compensation (self insured up to limit of \$250,000)
- Automobile Liability (self insured up to limit of \$200,000)
- Public Officials Liability (self insured up to limit of \$100,000)
- EMS Professional Liability
- Lawyers Professional Liability
- Employment Practices Liability (self insured up to limit of \$100,000)

The County has authorized a commercial third party administrator to administer the County's automobile, general liability and workers' compensation claims. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from prior years. In instances where insurance has been purchased, no settlements have exceeded coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

The estimated liability for self-insured losses is based on reported claims, historical loss data, industry statistics for claims incurred but not reported, and a valuation performed by an independent actuary as of July 31, 2010 projecting to September 30, 2010, and the prior year as of July 31, 2009 projecting to September 30, 2009:

		Cla	ums Liability,		Current Year			
		Begi	nning of Fiscal	Cla	aims & Changes	Claim	Cla	aims Liability, End
	Fiscal Year		Year		in Estimates	Payments		of Fiscal Year
-	2009	\$	6,347,357	\$	774,656	\$ (749,099)	\$	6,372,914
	2010		6,372,914		1,162,908	(792,871)		6,742,951

For fiscal year 2010 the margin for the risk of adverse deviation was accrued at a 75% confidence level. For fiscal year 2010 ending unrestricted net assets are \$3,309,799 all of which is reserved for possible future losses. Florida Statutes provide for local government tort immunity and a claims bill process. Our actuarial estimates do not include a provision for liabilities arising from claims bills except to the extent such claims are included in the loss history of Alachua County. The County's Actuary determined a portion of the claims liability that would be expected to be paid within one year and the accompanying financial statements reflect that by showing a current and a long-term liability.

All funds of the County including the Constitutional Officers of the County participate in the Risk Management Self-Insurance Fund. Payments to the Self-Insurance Fund are assessed based on actuarial estimates needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses.

B. Conventionally Insured Claims and Losses

The County retains conventional insurance coverage on all other types of insurable risks. These costs are also accounted for in the Self-Insurance Fund.

C. Employee Group Health Insurance

The County provides group health insurance for its employees, their eligible dependents and eligible retirees. On October 1, 2005, the County established an employee group health self-insurance plan to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. The County entered into an administrative services agreement with a commercial insurance carrier to provide administrative support for this plan. Under this plan, the County purchases stop-loss insurance with the individual deductible per covered unit of \$225,000 with an individual lifetime reimbursement maximum of \$4,775,000. All claims are paid through the group health insurance plan. Claims in excess of the \$225,000 individual deductible are reimbursed by the County's excess insurance carrier.

All County employees may participate in the employee group health insurance including all Constitutional Officer employees and Component Unit employees of the Murphree Law Library. In addition, the Alachua County Library District employees may participate in the plan. Payments to the employee group health insurance plan are assessed based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay current year claims and to establish a "reserve" (i.e. net assets or equity) for catastrophic losses and to fund the retiree other post employee benefit. The employee group health insurance plan net assets were \$5,435,010 at September 30, 2010.

The claims liability reported in the fund at September 30, 2010 for the employee group health insurance plan was \$859,846. This amount was the actuarially determined claims liability based on the requirements of GASB Statement 10, which specifies that a liability for claims should be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial and that the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. These claims liability amounts are all considered to be due within one year and are classified as current liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. During fiscal year 2010, changes recorded to the claims liability for the employee group health insurance plan were as follows:

		Cla	ums Liability,		Current Year			
		Begi	nning of Fiscal	Cla	aims & Changes	Claim	Cla	aims Liability, End
	Fiscal Year		Year		in Estimates	Payments		of Fiscal Year
-	2009	\$	868,387	\$	14,465,359	\$ (14,527,736)	\$	806,010
	2010		806,010		15,942,414	(15,888,578)		859,846

D. Sheriff's Risk Management

For health insurance, the Sheriff participates in the risk management program established by the Board to cover claims against the Board and Constitutional Officers. The Sheriff also participates in the Florida Sheriffs' self-insurance pool for risk related to workers' compensation, auto and general liability insurance. For the past three years, there have been no insurance settlements significantly in excess of insurance coverage.

NOTE 11 - INDIRECT COSTS

The County's indirect costs consist of allowable administrative costs allocated to the Enterprise Funds, Internal Service Funds, various Federal and State Grants, and Special Revenue Funds. The County's indirect cost plan is developed annually based on the prior year's actual expenditures. Some adjustments are required due to specific Federal grant allowances or other legal limitations. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, the following was charged:

CH	IARGED	FUND	PROJECT NAME
		Governmental Funds	
\$	106,157	CHOICES	CHOICES
	429,602	MSTU-Unincorporated services	MSTU-Unincorporated services
	495,930	MSTU-Fire protection services	MSTU-Fire protection services
	14,120	Emergency services	DCA Emergency Management
	150,614	MSBU	Refuse Collection
	76,644	Drug & law enforcement	HRS Metamorphosis
	12,609	Environmental	Hazardous Materials Code
	7,593	Environmental	FDEP Tank Inspection
	11,000	Environmental	FDEP Petroleum Cleanup
	8,062	Community services	Retired & Senior Volunteer Program
	126,245	Tourism	Tourist Development
	1,438,576	Subtotal-Governmental Funds	
		Enterprise Funds	
	330,971	Solid Waste	Solid Waste System
	94,251	Solid Waste	Collection Centers
	113,296	Solid Waste	Waste Management
	18,888	Solid Waste	Landfill post closure care
	81,145	Codes Enforcement	Codes Enforcement
	638,551	Subtotal Enterprise Funds	
		Internal Service Funds	
	235,367	Self Insurance	Self Insurance Fund
	287,253	Fleet Management	Fleet Management Fund
	70,021	Telephone Services	Telephone Services
	592,641	Subtotal Internal Service Funds	
\$	2,669,768	Total Indirect Cost	

Indirect costs between governmental activities have been eliminated in the government-wide financial statement presentation.

NOTE 12 - OTHER REQUIRED INDIVIDUAL FUND AND COMPLIANCE DISCLOSURES

A. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

There are no funds with an excess of expenditures over appropriations.

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Revenue in the Budget Column

Certain funds show an excess of expenditures over revenue in the budget column of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Budget and Actual. This excess is due to the use of fund balance (which is not reported in the budget or variance column) during the fiscal year.

C. Deficit Fund Balance/Negative Unreserved Fund Balance

The Drug and Law Enforcement special revenue fund had a deficit fund balance of \$(87,282). The deficit will be eliminated during fiscal year 2011 when deferred revenue for the fund is reclassified to revenue. The Housing & Land Development fund has a negative unreserved fund balance which will be resolved when grant revenue is received and the interfund is repaid.

D. Change in Accounting Principle

GASB 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets required that software purchased since June 30, 1980 still in use, be added to the entity's capital assets. The County added governmental software purchased in prior years for \$4,169,430 with accumulated depreciation of \$420,290 for a net book value of \$3,749,140 and internal service and business-type software for \$34,990 and \$65,100, respectively, recorded as fully depreciated (net book value of \$0) as of September 30, 2009.

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Commitments

(1) Non-capitalized leases –

(a) The County is leasing equipment, office space and electronic data processing equipment under leases that are cancelable under certain circumstances. These leases are accounted for as operating leases.

(b) Rental costs for the year ended September 30, 2010, under cancelable leases are summarized as follows:

Fund Charged	Amou	nt		
General Fund	\$ 92	6,173		
Special Revenue Funds	21	0,367		
Capital Projects		453		
Enterprise Fund	2	28,426		
Internal Service Funds		4,371		
	\$1,169,7	90.00		

(c) The Tax Collector is leasing various equipment under renewable annual operating leases. During the year ended September 30, 2010, the lease payments on all operating leases were \$18,583. In addition, the Tax Collector is leasing various data transport services for network and voice connectivity to their remote locations. During the year ended September 30, 2010, the lease payments on all data transport service leases were \$14,670. The Tax Collector also has a ten-year renewable

Future minimum lease payments for noncancellable operating leases for the Tax Collector as of September 30, 2010, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Amount
2011	\$ 189,136
2012	186,153
2013	182,560
Total	\$ 557,849

(d) The Sheriff is leasing equipment and office space under leases, which are cancelable under certain circumstances. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, the lease payments on all operating leases amounted to approximately \$419,187.

(2) Operating Leases – The County leases property to private companies under renewable annual operating leases:

Operating Leases for fiscal year 2010:	Lea	se Amount
SP Recycling leases a building for \$96,276 annually, in monthly installments, due the first day of each month. A late fee of \$50 per day will be assessed against the lessee, if the payment is not received by the fifth day of each month. For subsequent years, an annual cost of living increase of 3% will be applied to the rent. The cost of the leased building is \$1,132,087, with an accumulated depreciation of \$342,936, resulting in a carrying value of \$789,151.	\$	96,276
St. John's River Water Management, sub-leases an office space within a building located at 201 SE 2nd Avenue, for an annual amount of \$11,864, in monthly installments due at the first of each month.		11,864
Phil-Nick's Restaurant leases a space in the commercial building at 37 N Main Street, consisting of approximately 2,187 square feet, paying rental payments in the amount of \$9 per square foot plus applicable taxes, for the month of October - January. Starting February, payments of \$1,405 plus applicable taxes, are due no later than the first of each month. The cost of the leased space is \$232,613, with \$165,181. accumulated depreciation resulting in a \$67,432 carrying value.		17,802
The licensee leased the land at 15 SW 2nd Street, for \$100 monthly, plus applicable taxes. Payment is due no later than the first of each month. The cost of the land is \$5,596.		1,200
The licensee leased the Moses E. Levy Grant for Cattle Grazing. Payment of 1/3 of \$5,200 is due annually, in advance of each Lease year. The cost of the land is \$520,000.		1,733
TOTAL OPERATING LEASES	\$	128,875

(3) The following is a schedule by year of future minimum rental payments required under operating leases that have remaining cancellable lease terms in excess of one year:

Fiscal year ending September 30	Lease receivable
2011	\$ 129,090
2012	120,201
2013	123,265
2014	126,421
2015	18,062
TOTAL	\$ 517,039

(4) The landfill post closure care commitments are discussed in Note 1.D.8.

(5)	Other significant	outstanding contra	acts at Septembe	er 30. 2010.	are as follows:
(-)		θ	The second se		

Amount	Vendor Name	Description
\$ 390,191	Advantek Consulting Engineering Inc.	Jail energy conservation measures
207,095	Aecom Technical Services Inc.	Construction plans for CR 337 resurfacing
103,520	Causseaux, Hewett & Walpole Inc.	Design of SW 75th Street resurfacing
114,968	HDR Engineering Inc	Engineering for NW 16th Ave/23rd Ave resurfacing
226,800	HDR Engineering Inc	Engineering for SW 20th Ave Bridge & turn lane
566,941	HNTB Inc	Construction plans for SW 61st St/SW 24th Ave intersection
144,318	Maudlin International Trucks Inc	Purchase of heavy equipment
112,563	PPI Construction Management Inc	Jonesville Park construction
239,028	School Board of Alachua County	Teen Zone grant for Schools
215,300	Skinner Vignola Mclean Inc.	Design of Kanapaha Park Community Center
153,325	Steiner-Atlantic Corp.	Jail energy conservation measures
295,610	V E Whitehurst	Construction of SW 122nd St resurfacing
247,214	W W Gay Fire & Integrated Systems	Courthouse fire alarm system upgrade

B. Contingencies

- (1) Risk Management contingencies are discussed in Note 10.
- (2) Grant Funding

The County participates in a number of federally and state assisted programs that are subject to program compliance audits. For the year ended September 30, 2010, the County's financial statements are subject to single audits as required by OMB Circular A-133 and the Florida Single Audit Act. It is the opinion of management that no material liabilities will result from such audits.

(3) Pending Litigation

The County is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations. In the opinion of County management, based on the advice of legal counsel, the ultimate disposition of these lawsuits and claims will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the County.

- (4) Post employment benefits are discussed in Note 9.B.
- (5) Solid Waste System

The County owns four closed landfills including the Southwest Landfill. If contamination levels were to increase in these landfills, the County could be liable for remediation actions. The remediation costs could range between \$0 and \$3 million depending on the severity of contamination detected and the number of landfill site(s) contaminated. In the worst-case scenario, remediation costs would not be incurred until after 2010.

NOTE 14 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Alachua County Housing Authority is a related organization of Alachua County. Alachua County has contracted with the Alachua County Housing Authority to administer and distribute funds for housing rehabilitation and temporary relocation from the Community Development Block Grant and the State Housing Initiative Partnership Program.

The Alachua County Library District is a related organization of Alachua County. The County Attorney provides legal services and the Clerk of the Court provides accounting and treasury services to the Library District. Three of the Alachua County Board of County Commissioners serve on the Library Governing Board.

NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

At the December 12, 2010 Board of County Commissioner meeting, final approval was given for the issuance of \$15 million in Alachua County Forever Limited General Obligation bonds. This money will be used to refund certain related outstanding obligations of the County and to acquire and improve environmentally significant land to protect water resources, wildlife habitats and natural areas suitable for resource-based recreation.

NOTE 16 – FUTURE ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, will be effective for the County's fiscal year beginning October 1, 2010. The objectives of Statement No. 54 are to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information and clarify the existing governmental fund type definitions. The County is currently evaluating the effects this statement will have on its financial statements for the year ending September 30, 2011.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

		BUDGETED			VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE
REVENUE	S	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
Taxes	3	\$ 96,306,508	\$ 96,559,680	\$ 97,871,302	\$ 1,311,622
Permits and	d fees	253,172	÷ >0,55>,000	φ <i>γγ</i> ,071,302	φ 1,511,022 -
Intergover		4,433,575	4,433,575	4,821,816	388,241
Charges fo		10,108,061	10,122,911	10,059,378	(63,533)
Fines and f		13,533	13,533	39,600	26,067
Investment	t income	820,000	820,000	856,285	36,285
Miscellane	eous	2,889,922	2,920,148	3,770,250	850,102
Total	revenue	114,824,771	114,869,847	117,418,631	2,548,784
EXPENDIT	URES				
Current:	General government	24,063,571	24,957,164	22,968,496	1,988,668
	Public safety	17,270,859	19,992,828	18,965,249	1,027,579
	Physical environment	1,883,564	1,944,774	1,756,690	188,084
	Economic environment	1,338,930	1,359,297	1,254,528	104,769
	Human services	11,401,923	11,591,776	9,880,310	1,711,466
	Culture and recreation	475,426	482,975	397,010	85,965
	Court cost	7,577,612	7,747,405	7,293,083	454,322
	Reserve for contingency	5,506,392	3,062,118	-	3,062,118
Total	expenditures	69,518,277	71,138,337	62,515,366	8,622,971
Ex	cess of revenues over expenditures	45,306,494	43,731,510	54,903,265	11,171,755
OTHER FIN	NANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers i		5,883,489	5,837,689	7,285,861	1,448,172
Transfers of		(58,681,786)	(57,777,952)	(57,689,352)	88,600
Sale of cap		318,720	318,720	21,104	(297,616)
Total	other financing sources and (uses)	(52,479,577)	(51,621,543)	(50,382,387)	1,239,156
Ne	et change in fund balances	(7,173,083)	(7,890,033)	4,520,878	12,410,911
Fund balanc	ees - beginning	7,173,083	7,890,033	9,956,228	2,066,195
Fund balanc	ces - ending	\$-	\$ -	\$ 14,477,106	\$ 14,477,106

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CHOICES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

	BUDGETEI	O AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL		
REVENUES				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Taxes	\$ 8,397,408	\$ 8,397,408	\$ 7,776,737	\$ (620,671)	
Investment income	-	-	634,910	634,910	
Miscellaneous	-	-	14,027	14,027	
Total revenue	8,397,408	8,397,408	8,425,674	28,266	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Human services	8,397,408	8,484,420	7,929,206	555,214	
Reserve for contingency	-	39,000,000	-	39,000,000	
Total expenditures	8,397,408	47,484,420	7,929,206	39,555,214	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	-	(39,087,012)	496,468	39,583,480	
Fund balances - beginning		39,087,012	40,507,870	1,420,858	
Fund balances - ending	\$-	\$ -	\$ 41,004,338	\$ 41,004,338	

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MSTU - UNINCORPORATED SERVICES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

		BUDGETED	O AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE	
		ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES	S					
Taxes		\$ 3,783,207	\$ 3,783,207	\$ 3,758,538	\$ (24,669)	
Permits an	nd fees	164,222	164,222	125,385	(38,837)	
Intergovern		1,016,500	1,016,500	939,997	(76,503)	
Charges fo		71,150	71,150	112,869	41,719	
Investment		77,000	77,000	19,987	(57,013)	
Miscellane	ous		_	27,358	27,358	
Total rev	enues	5,112,079	5,112,079	4,984,134	(127,945)	
EXPENDIT	URES					
Current:	General government	1,605,752	1,605,752	1,470,443	135,309	
	Public safety	403,789	415,789	412,032	3,757	
	Physical environment	519,479	674,032	583,885	90,147	
	Transportation	909,512	1,029,282	784,959	244,323	
	Economic environment	961,006	953,429	893,924	59,505	
	Culture and recreation	1,240,635	1,240,635	1,047,611	193,024	
	Reserve for contingency	243,693	243,693	-	243,693	
Total exp	penditures	5,883,866	6,162,612	5,192,854	969,758	
Exces	s (deficiency) of revenues					
ove	er (under) expenditures	(771,787)	(1,050,533)	(208,720)	841,813	
OTHER FIN	VANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers i		255,398	255,398	240,989	(14,409)	
Transfers of	but	-	-	(412,000)	(412,000)	
Sale of cap	bital assets	-	-	524	524	
-	other financing sources and (uses)	255,398	255,398	(170,487)	(425,885)	
Net ch	hange in fund balances	(516,389)	(795,135)	(379,207)	415,928	
Fund balanc	ees - beginning	516,389	795,135	980,156	185,021	
Fund balanc	ees - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 600,949	\$ 600,949	

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MSTU - LAW ENFORCEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES				<u>, </u>	
Taxes	\$ 15,391,138	\$ 15,391,138	\$ 15,480,802	\$ 89,664	
Permits and fees	-	-	20	20	
Investment income	23,000	23,000	49,484	26,484	
Miscellaneous	-	-	108,352	108,352	
Total revenues	15,414,138	15,414,138	15,638,658	224,520	
EXPENDITURES					
Current: General government	191,304	191,304	175,042	16,262	
Public safety	66,946	156,873	155,730	1,143	
Reserve for contingency	814,953	725,026	-	725,026	
Total expenditures	1,073,203	1,073,203	330,772	742,431	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	14,340,935	14,340,935	15,307,886	966,951	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	1,032,914	1,032,914	1,039,970	7,056	
Transfers out	(16,036,029)	(16,036,029)	(15,952,470)	83,559	
Total other financing sources and (uses)	(15,003,115)	(15,003,115)	(14,912,500)	90,615	
Net change in fund balances	(662,180)	(662,180)	395,386	1,057,566	
Fund balances - beginning	662,180	662,180	1,062,606	400,426	
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,457,992	\$ 1,457,992	

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MSTU - FIRE PROTECTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

		BUDGETED	O AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE
		ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES					
Taxes		\$ 10,990,123	\$ 10,990,123	\$ 11,111,954	\$ 121,831
Permits and		-	-	2,954	2,954
Intergovern		34,058	34,058	36,667	2,609
Charges for		1,164,682	1,164,682	1,108,871	(55,811)
Investment	income	70,000	70,000	38,335	(31,665)
Miscellaneo			_	81,397	81,397
Total reve	enues	12,258,863	12,258,863	12,380,178	121,315
EXPENDIT	URES				
Current:	General government	135,932	135,932	120,780	15,152
	Public safety	12,523,542	13,137,477	12,041,071	1,096,406
	Reserve for contingency	637,177	23,242	-	23,242
Total exp	enditures	13,296,651	13,296,651	12,161,851	1,134,800
Excess	s (deficiency) of revenues				
ove	er (under) expenditures	(1,037,788)	(1,037,788)	218,327	1,256,115
OTHER FIN	ANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	1	700,708	700,708	721,904	21,196
Transfers of	ut	(566,744)	(566,744)	(539,672)	27,072
Total o	other financing sources and (uses)	133,964	133,964	182,232	48,268
Net change in fund balances		(903,824)	(903,824)	400,559	1,304,383
Fund balance - beginning		903,824	903,824	1,185,990	282,166
Fund balance - ending		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,586,549	\$ 1,586,549

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GAS TAX USES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 4,034,015	\$ 4,034,015	\$ 3,689,475	\$ (344,540)	
Intergovernmental	60,000	60,000	65,724	5,724	
Charges for services	776,050	776,050	1,603,228	827,178	
Investment income	-	-	285	285	
Miscellaneous	15,000	15,000	73,907	58,907	
Total revenues	4,885,065	4,885,065	5,432,619	547,554	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	-	-	585	(585)	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	
Physical environment	137,600	166,450	119,300	47,150	
Transportation	9,310,447	10,447,935	8,973,696	1,474,239	
Reserve for contingency	738,213	493,255	-	493,255	
Total expenditures	10,186,260	11,107,640	9,093,581	2,014,059	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(5,301,195)	(6,222,575)	(3,660,962)	2,561,613	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	2,851,195	3,006,237	3,006,401	164	
Sale of capital assets	50,000	50,000	1,392	(48,608)	
Total other financing sources and (uses)	2,901,195	3,056,237	3,007,793	(48,444)	
Net change in fund balances	(2,400,000)	(3,166,338)	(653,169)	2,513,169	
Fund balances - beginning	2,400,000	3,166,338	3,291,672	125,334	
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,638,503	\$ 2,638,503	

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SHERIFF FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL		
REVENUES	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Public safety	62,798,986	62,821,779	62,162,613	659,166	
Court cost	2,698,766	2,698,766	2,687,045	11,721	
Total expenditures	65,497,752	65,520,545	64,849,658	670,887	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(65,497,752)	(65,520,545)	(64,849,658)	670,887	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	65,497,752	65,497,752	65,497,752	<u>_</u>	
Transfers out	-	-	(670,887)	(670,887)	
Sale of capital assets	-	22,793	22,793	-	
Total other financing sources and (uses)	65,497,752	65,520,545	64,849,658	(670,887)	
Net change in fund balances	-	-	-	-	
Fund balances - beginning			183,228	183,228	
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 183,228	\$ 183,228	

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

Revenue and expenditures in governmental funds are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with Florida Statutes. An annual budget is adopted by the Alachua County Board of County Commissioners for all governmental fund types.

Alachua County's annual budgets are monitored at varying levels of classification detail. However, for purposes of budgetary control, expenditures cannot legally exceed the total annual budget appropriations at the individual fund level. All appropriations, except for amounts corresponding to outstanding encumbrances, lapse at year-end.

Original and amended budgets, as well as budget to actual comparisons are provided in the financial statements for all governmental funds. The amended budget amounts presented have been adjusted for legally authorized amendments of the annual budget during the year by the Alachua County Board of County Commissioners. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual (GAAP) basis of accounting.

ALACHUA COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

See Note 9.B. starting on page 76 for detailed information on the County's OPEB Plan

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

				Actuarial			Total Annual	UAAL as %
Actuarial	A	Actuarial		Accrued	Unfunded		Payroll at	of Covered
Valuation	V	/alue of	Lia	bility (AAL)-	AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Valuation	Payroll
Date	Α	ssets (A)	U	nit Cost (B)	(B-A)	(A/B)	Date (C)	(B-A)/C
10/1/2009	\$	600,000	\$	14,208,000	\$13,608,000	4.2%	\$98,391,002	13.8%
10/1/2008		441,000		13,832,000	13,391,000	3.2%	93,336,205	14.3%
10/1/2007		-		12,086,000	12,086,000	0.0%	92,412,084	13.1%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

	End of Plan Year to which	Actual Covered Payroll for	Required Employer	Required Employer Contribution	Actual	D
Valuation Date	Valuation Applies	Current Period (A)	Contribution Amount (B)	% Payroll (B/A)	Employer Contributions	Percentage Contributed
Dute	rippiles	(11)	rimount (D)		controutions	contributed
10/1/2009	9/30/2010	\$ 93,392,506	\$ 1,348,000	1.44%	\$ 1,348,000	100%
10/1/2008	9/30/2009	99,384,850	1,300,000	1.31%	1,300,000	100%
10/1/2007	9/30/2008	98,890,398	1,218,000	1.23%	1,218,000	100%

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ADDITIONAL ELEMENTS OF REPORTS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS ISSUED BY THE COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES, THE PROVISIONS OF OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET (OMB) CIRCULAR A-133 AND THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA This page intentionally left blank.

Federal/State Agency, Pass-through Entity,	CFDA CSFA			Transfers to
Federal Program/State Project	No.	Contract/Grant Number	Expenditures	Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Develo	pment			
Passed Through FL Department of Community	Affairs:			
CDBG - Neighborhood Stabilization Program Community Development Block Grant	14.228 14.228	10DB-4X-03-11-01-F01 09DB-4N-03-11-01-H19 14.228 Total	\$ 1,842,663 414,109 2,256,772	\$-
Direct Program:		14.228 Total	2,230,772	
HUD - EDI Special Projects	14.251	B-05-SP-FL-0423	49,312	
U.S. Department of Justice				
Passed Through Florida Office of Attorney Ger	neral:			
Victims of Crime Act (VOCA) VOCA - Crime Victim Assistance	16.575 16.575	V09244 V09106	105,243 122,787	
Direct Program:		16.575 Total	228,030	
Criminal Justice Diversion Resource Coordinator	16.580	2008-DD-BX-0664	54,653	
Invest FCADV Grant	ARRA-16.588	2008-WF-AX-0047	13,779	
Passed Through Florida Department of Childre	en and Families:			
Invest-Domestic Violence Deputy	ARRA-16.588		102,732	
Passed Through Florida Department of Law Er	<i>iforcement:</i>	ARRA-16.588 Total	116,511	
PSN Anti-Firearms & Violence Project PSN Anti-Firearms & Violence Project	16.609 16.609	2009-PSNN-ALAC-1-V9-002 2010-PSNN-ALAC-1-A2-003	12,944 14,570	
Direct Program:	10.009	16.609 Total	27,514	
COMSTAT Tactical Unit	16.738	2007-DJ-BX-1383	969	
FY2009 Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2007-DJ-BX-1383 2009-DJ-BX-1325	11,596	
Passed Through Florida Department of Law Er	nforcement:			
Planning, Evaluation and Technology	16.738	2010-JAGC-ALAC-4-4X-089	18,440	
Improvement POP (Problem Oriented Policing) Unit	16.738	2010-JAGC-ALAC-5-4X-045	88,707	-
Direct Program:		16.738 Total	119,712	
No Wrong Door Grant	16.753	2009-D1-BX-0288	5,412	

Federal/State Agency, Pass-through Entity, Federal Program/State Project	through Entity, CSFA		Expenditures	Transfers to Subrecipients	
Passed Through City of Gainesville:					
Internet Crimes Against Children	16.800	2009-SN-B9-K015	\$ 61,507	\$ -	
Passed Through Florida Department of Law E	inforcement:				
Anti-Drug Initiative (ADI) Program Drug Treatment for Pretrial Defendants and Probationers	ARRA-16.803 ARRA-16.803	2010-ARRC-ALAC-6-W7-225 2010-ARRC-ALAC-10-W7-311	17,960 12,397		
Enhanced Tower/Communications Project U.S. Department of Labor	ARRA-16.803	2010-ARRC-ALAC-5-W7-318 ARRA-16.803 Total	<u>29,984</u> 60,341		
Direct Program:					
Homeless Veterans Reintegration Project	17.805	HV-19470-09-60-5-12	10,000		
U.S. Department of Transportation					
Passed Through Florida Department of Transp	portation:				
SAFETEA-LU Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	LAP No. AOQ36 Fed. Proj. No. S124002R Financial Project IDs: 211365-3-28-01 211365-3-38-01 211365-5-58-01, 02, 03, 04 211365-5-68-01, 02	236,788		
U.S.C. Section 5311 Program Grant	ARRA-20.509	42680319301	384,462		
Safety Belt Enforcement Grant	20.609	K4PT-10-21-13 Contract# APV82	18,712		
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency					
Passed Through Florida Department of Enviro	onmental Protectio	n:			
Groundwater Monitoring	66.419	G0252	6,947		
Direct Program:					
Cabot Koppers Superfund Site Cooperative Agreement	66.802	V97468702	32,556		

Pass-through Entity,	l/State Agency, CFDA nrough Entity, CSFA			Transfers to
Federal Program/State Project	No.	Contract/Grant Number	Expenditures	Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Education				
0.5. Department of Education				
Direct Program:				
Teen Zone Grant Middle School After School	84.215K	U215K100233	\$ 12,530	
Program				
U.S. Election Assistance Commission				
Passed Through Florida Division of Elections:				
09/10 Funds for Federal Election	90.401	N/A	1,720	
Administration Activities (HAVA) HAVA MOVE Act	90.401	MOA #2009-2010-0001a	5,865	
Pollworker Assistance 05/06	90.401	N/A	1,795	
Voter Education 06/07	90.401	N/A	9,840	
		90.401 Total	19,220	•
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			- , -	
Passed Through Florida Department of Children o	and Families:			
TANF 09/10 - Temporary Assistance for	93.558	CD903	13,575	
Needy Families				
TANF 10/11 - Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	CD903	3,539	
		93.558 Total	17,114	
Passed Through Florida Department of Revenue:				
Child Support Enforcement Title 4D	93.563	CD301	236,796	
Passed Through Partnership for Strong Families:				
Juvenile Dependency Mediation Program	93.566	PNP814	25,075	
Passed Through Florida Division of Elections:				
Voting Access for Individuals With Disabilities	93.617	MOA-DOS-SOE-HHS VOTE	6,429	
(VOTE Program)		(HAVA) 2005		
Passed Through Florida Department of Children o	and Families:			
Metamorphosis FY09/10	93.959	CD903	125,811	
Metamorphosis FY10/11	93.959	CD903	42,131	

93.959 Total

167,942

Federal/State Agency, Pass-through Entity,	CFDA CSFA			Transfers to
Federal Program/State Project	No.	Contract/Grant Number	Expenditures	Subrecipients
U.S. Corporation for National and Community Se	ervice		*	
Direct Program:				
RSVP - Retired Senior Volunteer Program	94.002	10SRSFL001	\$ 60,773	\$ -
Foster Grandparent Program	94.011	07SFSFL001	201,379	
Foster Grandparent Program	94.011	10SFSFL007	198,174	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security		94.011 Total	399,553	
Passed Through Florida Division of Emergency I	Management:			
EMPG - Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	09-BG-03-03-11-01-228	32,609	
EMPG - Emergency Management Performance Grant 7/10-6/11	97.042	11-FG-7W-03-11-01-020	29,770	
Grant //10-0/11		97.042 Total	62,379	-
2009 Citizens Corps	97.067	10-CC-43-03-11-01-368	988	
2009 Community Emergency Response Team	07.077	10 66 42 02 11 01 206		
(CERT) Community Emergency Response Team	97.067	10-CC-43-03-11-01-386	667	
(CERT)	97.067	09-CI-49-03-11-01-351	3,329	
EDICS-SHSGP	97.067	11-DS-52-03-11-01-015	6,710	
Homeland Security Grant FY08	97.067	08DS-60-03-11-01-235	24,409	
Homeland Security Grant SFY09	97.067	09DS-51-03-11-01-305	35,908	
Passed Through Florida Department of Law Enfo	prcement:			
SHS-Issue 20	97.067	2008-SHSP-ALAC-2-S4-019	3,292	
SHSP Issue 806A	97.067	2009-SHSP-ALAC-1-V3-031	198,001	
SHSP Issue 807B	97.067	2009-SHSP-ALAC-3-V3-033	58,995	
SHSP Issue 813	97.067	2009-SHSP-ALAC-2-V3-032	61	
Passed Through Florida Department of Financia	l Services:			
2007 MARC Unit	97.067	Subgrant under 08-DS-60-13-00-16-373	916	
2009 MARC Unit	97.067	Subgrant under 09-DS-51-13-00-16-409	93,370	
Office of the President National Days Conterl		97.067 Total	426,646	
Office of the President - National Drug Control				
Passed Through St. John's County Sheriff Office:				
High Intensity Drug Task Force/North Florida HIDTA (CADET)	UNKNOWN	N/A	79,372	
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 5,183,058	\$ 17,960

Federal/State Agency, Pass-through Entity,	CFDA CSFA			Transfers to	
Federal Program/State Project	No.	Contract/Grant Number	Expenditures	Subrecipients	
Florida Department of Environmental Protection	n		*		
·	-				
Direct Program:					
Cooperative Waste Collection Centers	37.007	S0459 - Dixie County	\$ 16,000	\$-	
Cooperative Waste Collection Centers	37.007	S0460 - Gilchrist County	20,000		
Cooperative Waste Collection Centers	37.007	S0461 - Lafayette County	13,345		
Cooperative Waste Collection Centers	37.007	S0462 - Baker County	16,047		
Cooperative Waste Collection Centers	37.007	S0463 - Union County	12,969		
Cooperative Waste Collection Centers	37.007	S0464 - Nassau County	20,000		
Cooperative Waste Collection Centers	37.007	S0465 - Bradford County	16,000		
Cooperative Waste Collection Centers	37.007	S0468 - Columbia County	21,000		
		37.007 Total	135,361		
Small Quantity Generator (SQG) Program	37.013	S0359	6,502		
FRDAP Jonesville Park	37.017	F8118	140,365		
FRDAP SE 35th Street Park , Phase 2	37.017	F8117	9,653		
		37.017 Total	150,018		
Category I - Management Services	37.024	GC527	3,530		
Petroleum Cleanup Contract	37.024	GC620	62,465		
Petroleum Cleanup Contract	37.024	S0477 - Task #1	124,930		
Petroleum Cleanup Contract	37.024	S0477 - Task #2	49,616		
enorem creatury contact	0,1021	37.024 Total	240,541		
Florida Department of Legal Affairs and Attorn	ey General		,		
Passed Through Florida Council Against Sexua	l Violence:				
Florida Council Against Sexual Violence	41.010	090AG17	12,617		
Florida Department of Community Affairs					
Direct Program:					
EMPA - Emergency Management	52.008	10-BG-25-03-11-01-094	104,878		
EMPA - Emergency Management	52.008	10-BG-25-03-11-01-094	104,878		
EMPA - Emergency Management Preparedness and Assistance Base Grant	52.008	10-BG-25-03-11-01-094	104,878		
Direct Program: EMPA - Emergency Management Preparedness and Assistance Base Grant Elorida Housing Finance Corporation Direct Program:	52.008	10-BG-25-03-11-01-094	104,878		
EMPA - Emergency Management Preparedness and Assistance Base Grant Florida Housing Finance Corporation Direct Program: SHIP 07/08 - State Housing Initiatives	52.008 52.901	10-BG-25-03-11-01-094 N/A	104,878 510,300		
EMPA - Emergency Management Preparedness and Assistance Base Grant Florida Housing Finance Corporation Direct Program: SHIP 07/08 - State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program	52.901	N/A	510,300		
EMPA - Emergency Management Preparedness and Assistance Base Grant Florida Housing Finance Corporation Direct Program: SHIP 07/08 - State Housing Initiatives					

Federal/State Agency, Pass-through Entity,	CFDA CSFA					T	ransfers to
Federal Program/State Project	No.	Contract/Grant Number		Expenditures		Subrecipients	
Florida Department of Children and Families							
Direct Program:							
Metamorphosis FY09/10	60.033	CD903		\$	80,744	\$	-
Metamorphosis FY10/11	60.033	CD903			29,567		
			60.033 Total		110,311		
Criminal Justice, Mental Health, and Substance Abuse Reinvestment Grant	60.115	LHZ09			237,748		237,748
Florida Department of Health							
Direct Program:							
EMS County Grant Program - EMS Trust Fund	64.005	C9001			110,273		
Passed Through Florida Council Against Sexual V	iolence:						
Rape Crisis Program Trust Fund	64.061	07RCP17			36,984		
Rape Crisis Program Trust Fund	64.061	10RCP17			10,141		
			64.061 Total		47,125		
TOTAL STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE				\$	2,086,380	\$	237,748

Notes:

<Includes \$718,297 in acquisition and rehabilitation costs for houses purchased by the program and intended for resale. These costs are recognized by the County as asset additions in an inventory-for-resale account.

Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal award activity of the Alachua County Board of County Commissioners and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Nonprofit Organizations,* which is required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget.

The accompanying Schedule of State Financial Assistance includes the State award activity of the Alachua County Board of County Commissioners and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, of the State of Florida.



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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Alachua County, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component unit and remaining fund information of Alachua County, Florida (the "County") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated March 1, 2011. Our report on the financial statements included a paragraph explaining that the County restated certain beginning balances due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 51, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets*. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Alachua County, Florida Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers, management, and oversight agencies, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

an, Riggs & Ingram LLC

March 1, 2011 Gainesville, Florida



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Report on Compliance With Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and Project and on Internal Control Over Compliance

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Alachua County, Florida

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Alachua County, Florida (the "County") with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement and the requirements described in the State Projects Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and major state projects for the year ended September 30, 2010. The County's major federal programs and major state projects are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal programs and major state projects is the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Those standards, OMB Circular A-133, and Chapter 10.550 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or state project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and each of its major state projects for the year ended September 30, 2010.

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Alachua County, Florida Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs and state projects. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or major state project in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and Chapter 10.550, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers, management, and oversight agencies, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

an, Riggs & Ingram LLC

March 1, 2011 Gainesville, Florida

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2010 Alachua County, Florida

Part I – Summary of Auditors' Results

- 1. The auditors' report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements.
- 2. No significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. The audit did not disclose significant deficiencies in internal control over the major federal programs or state projects.
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal programs and state projects expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. The audit did not disclose any findings relative to the major federal programs or state projects.
- 7. The programs/projects tested as major are as follows:

Federal Programs	<u>CFDA Number</u>
Community Development Block Grant	14.228
Violence Against Women Formula Grant (ARRA)	16.588
Formula Grants for Other Than Urbanized Areas (ARRA)	20.509
State Projects	CSFA Number
State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program	52.901
Public Safety, Mental Health & Substance Abuse -	60.115
Local Matching Grant	

- 8. A threshold of \$300,000 was used to define Type A federal programs and state projects.
- 9. The County qualified as a low-risk auditee as that term is defined in OMB Circular A-133.
- Part II Financial Statement Findings Section None

Part III – Findings and Questioned Costs – Federal Programs

None

Part IV – Findings and Questioned Costs – State Projects

None



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Management Letter

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Alachua County, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of Alachua County, Florida (the "County") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated March 1, 2011. We have also issued a report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters, and a report on internal control and compliance relating to the County's financial assistance. Those reports should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133. Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, which govern the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida and require that certain items be addressed in this letter.

Prior Audit Findings

The Rules of the Auditor General require that we comment as to whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address significant findings and recommendations made in the preceding audit. In that regard, there were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding audit report.

Financial Condition

As required by the Rules of the Auditor General, the scope of our audit included a review of the provisions of Section 218.503, Florida Statutes, "Determination of Financial Emergency." In connection with our audit, we determined that the County has not met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Also, as required by the Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures, as of the end of the fiscal year, pursuant to Rule 10.556(7). It is management's responsibility to monitor financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by management. The application of such procedures did not reveal evidence of "deteriorating financial condition" as that term is defined in Rule 10.554.

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Alachua County, Florida Page 2

Annual Financial Report

As required by the Rules of the Auditor General, we determined that the County's annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, filed with the Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32, Florida Statutes, is in substantial agreement with the audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010.

Investment of Public Funds

As required by the Rules of the Auditor General, the scope of our audit included a review of the provisions of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds. Our audit did not reveal noncompliance with the provisions of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes.

Other Matters

Our audit did not reveal any other matters that we are required to include in this management letter.

This management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers, management, and oversight agencies, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of the audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

an, Riggs & Ingram LLC

March 1, 2011 Gainesville, Florida



CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT

Finance and Accounting Post Office Box 939 Gainesville, Florida 32602

J.K. IRBY CLERK

TELEPHONE (352) 374-3605

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

The following is a summary of the September 30, 2009 audit findings and the current status of each finding.

There were no audit findings relating to Federal or State financial assistance awards.



Alachua County Board of County Commissioners

Lee Pinkoson, *Chair* Paula M. DeLaney, *Vice Chair* Susan Baird Rodney J. Long Mike Byerly Administration Randall H. Reid County Manager

March 22, 2011

Honorable David W. Martin, CPA Auditor General, State of Florida P O Box 1735 Tallahassee, FL 32399-1450

Dear Mr. Martin:

This letter is in response to the Independent Auditors' management letter to the Board of County Commissioners of Alachua County, for the year ended September 30, 2010. We are happy to report that for the nineteenth year in a row the Auditors found no significant deficiencies.

Thank you for your attention.

Sincerely,

Lee Pinkoson, Chair Alachua County Commission

J.K. Irby, Clerk Alachua County Clerk of the Court

lks

cc: Board of County Commissioners Randall H. Reid, County Manager Dave Wagner, County Attorney Department File

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