ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA



Single Audit Report Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA SINGLE AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Prepared by:
Finance and Accounting Department
Clerk to the Board of County Commissioners
J.K. Irby



ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA

SINGLE AUDIT REPORT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AND

INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT FOR

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA

September 30, 2012

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Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 4010 N.W. 25th Place Gainesville, Florida 32606 P.O. Box 13494 Gainesville, Florida 32604

(352) 372-6300 (352) 375-1583 (fax) www.cricpa.com

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Alachua County, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component unit and remaining fund information of Alachua County, Florida (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component unit and remaining fund information of the County as of September 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 20, 2013 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Alachua County, Florida Page 2

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information identified in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's financial statements as a whole. The schedule of federal and state financial assistance, as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

March 20, 2013

Gainesville, Florida

Carr, Riggs of Ingram LLC

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS (MD&A)



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Management's Discussion and Analysis presents an overview of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012. The County's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosure following this section. Additional information is available in the Transmittal Letter, which precedes Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Statements

- Alachua County's assets exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2012 by \$587.7 million (net assets). Of this amount, \$31.3 million represents unrestricted net assets that may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Total net assets of \$587.7 million are comprised of the following:
 - 1) \$451.8 million of capital assets, net of related debt, includes property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced for outstanding debt related to the purchase or construction of those capital assets,
 - 2) \$104.6 million of net assets are restricted by constraints imposed from outside of the County such as debt covenants, grantors, laws, or regulations,
 - 3) \$21.9 million of unrestricted governmental net assets and \$9.4 million of unrestricted business-type net assets represent the portion available to maintain the County's continuing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's total net assets decreased \$2.4 million over the previous year with a decrease of \$3.2 from governmental activities and an increase of \$.8 million from business activities.

Fund Statements

- At September 30, 2012, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending unassigned fund balances of \$15.9 million and total fund balances of \$139.9 million. Total fund balances had a decrease of \$11.2 million from the prior fiscal year.
- At September 30, 2012, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$15.9 million or 13.3% of General Fund operating revenue. Assigned fund balance includes \$5.3 million subsequent year's reserve for contingency, \$5.5 million for FY13 appropriated fund balance, and \$0.8 million for FRS contingency. General Fund balance increased by \$7.3 million from the prior fiscal year.
- Governmental funds revenues decreased overall by \$9 million or 4.1% from the prior fiscal year. The overall change in governmental funds revenues can primarily be attributed to the following: \$5.7 million decrease in the CHOICES program taxes collected for the Indigent Care Surtax which sunset in December 2011 and \$2.8 million decrease in infrastructure sales sur-tax collected for Wild Spaces & Public Places that ended the first quarter of FY11.
- After making regularly scheduled debt service payments for the year, the County had a net decrease in bonded debt of \$5.2 million over the prior fiscal year; notes payable had a net decrease of \$6.5 million, refunding \$15 million of an older issue and establishing a new loan for the acquisition of environmentally significant lands secured by the County's ad valorem revenues up to .25 mill.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's Basic Financial Statements. The County's Basic Financial Statements consist of three components: 1) Government-wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Financial Statements. This report also contains other Required Supplementary Information and Supplemental Information in addition to the Basic Financial Statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to a private sector business and consist of the following two statements:

- The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is strengthening or weakening.
- The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during fiscal year 2012. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned and unused vacation leave).

Both of these financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include administration, community services, corrections, courts, culture and recreation, tourist development, emergency services, environmental services, growth management, law enforcement, solid waste collection, and transportation. The business-type activities of the County include the solid waste system and codes enforcement.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself (known as the primary government), but also the following legally separate component units: the Alachua County Housing Finance Authority and the John A. H. Murphree Law Library. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself; these component units do not issue separate financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 22-25 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All County funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains twenty-eight individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the County-wide General Fund, Community Health Program Offering Innovative Care and Health Education Services (CHOICES), Municipal Service Taxing Unit (Unincorporated, Law Enforcement and Fire Protection), Gas Tax Uses, Debt Service, Other Capital Projects, Transportation Trust and Wild Spaces & Public Places which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other eighteen governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the Supplemental Information section of this report; the breakdown of the County-wide General Fund by Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officer is also presented in this section.

The County adopts an annual budget for its general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for these funds to demonstrate budgetary compliance; major funds budgetary comparison (excluding Debt Service and Capital Project funds) is in the Required Supplementary Information starting on page 91 and for non-major, Debt Service and Capital Project funds in the Supplemental Information section starting on page 107.

The basic governmental fund statements can be found on pages 26-32 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for the fiscal activities relating to Solid Waste and Codes Enforcement. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its Computer Replacement, Vehicle Replacement, Fleet Management, Telephone Service, Self-Insurance and Health Insurance operations. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Solid Waste System, as well as the only non-major enterprise fund, Codes Enforcement Fund. Internal service funds are also combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the Supplementary Information section of this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 34-36 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 37-38 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 39-89 of this report, with the index to the notes on the first page of that section.

Other Information

Supplemental information in the form of combining statements referred to earlier, present a more detailed view of non-major funds used in governmental and enterprise funds. The sub-funds of the General Fund are presented first, followed by the budget to actual schedules for non-major special revenue funds, the debt service fund and all capital projects funds. Also included are statements for internal service and agency funds as well as component unit information. Combining and individual fund schedules can be found on pages 99-131 of this report. Additional information about the County that may be of interest to the reader is found under the Statistical section on pages 155-183 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$587.7 million at the close of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 (see table next page).

At the end of fiscal year 2012, the County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Current and other assets decreased by 4.7% over the prior year due to use of existing fund balance to advance refund the 2010 Alachua County Forever Note Payable. Capital assets, net of related debt, increased by .1% due to the completion of several road resurfacing projects and the acquisition of land and improvement of parks utilizing resources from the voter approved Wild Spaces & Public Places infrastructure sales tax. This was offset by recognition of net pension asset of \$.6 million.

Alachua County, Florida Net Assets (in millions)

	Govern		Busines	• •		Percent	
	Activities		Activ	rities	To	Change	
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	
Current and other assets	\$203.6	\$192.5	\$18.4	\$19.1	\$222.0	\$211.6	-4.7%
Capital assets	519.0	520.2	9.5	9.1	528.5	529.3	0.1%
Total assets	722.6	712.6	28.0	28.3	750.6	740.9	-1.3%
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities outstanding	38.7 112.9	41.7 103.2	1.3 7.6	1.4 6.9	40.0 120.4	43.1 110.1	7.7% -8.6%
Total liabilities	151.6	144.9	8.9	8.4	160.5	153.2	-4.5%
Net assets invested in capital							
assets, net of related debt	437.9	442.7	9.5	9.1	447.5	451.8	1.0%
Net assets - restricted	117.5	103.2	0.4	1.4	117.9	104.6	-11.3%
Net assets - unrestricted	15.6	21.9	9.2	9.4	24.8	31.3	26.2%
Total net assets	\$571.0	\$567.8	\$19.1	\$19.9	\$590.1	\$587.7	-0.4%

(Note: Due to rounding, the totals shown may not be the addition of numbers presented in this table, but are the true net assets rounded totals.)

Current liabilities and long-term liabilities in total decreased from the previous year by 4.5% primarily due to \$5.3 principal payment and advance refunding of 2010 Alachua County Forever Note Payable using existing fund balance resources.

Total net assets at year end is \$587.7 million. The largest portion of the County's net assets (\$451.8 million or 76.9%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings and equipment) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net assets (\$104.6 million or 17.8%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (\$31.3 million or 5.3%) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Restricted net assets in the governmental activities and business-type activities had a net decrease of \$13.3 million or 11% from 2011 to 2012. These net assets represent restrictions from specific revenue sources and grants. Main components of the net decrease include:

- Spend down (decrease) of \$3.1 million in restricted assets for Wild Spaces & Public Places
- Net increase of \$2.3 million in restricted assets for debt requirements bond covenants for bond insurance downgrades and increase in funding requirements on new issues
- Spend down (decrease) of \$9.7 million in restricted assets for CHOICES program
- Decrease of \$1.2 million in restricted assets for road construction reduction bond proceeds
- Decrease of \$1.7 million in restricted assets for grants and sales tax bond proceeds
- Increase of \$.1 in restricted assets for Alachua County Forever

Unrestricted net assets in the governmental type activities increased by \$6.3 million, primarily due to management putting tighter spending controls in place and savings were achieved due to reduction in Florida Retirement System required employer contribution. This increase was offset by the recognition of the Medicaid backlog liability pursuant to HB5301.

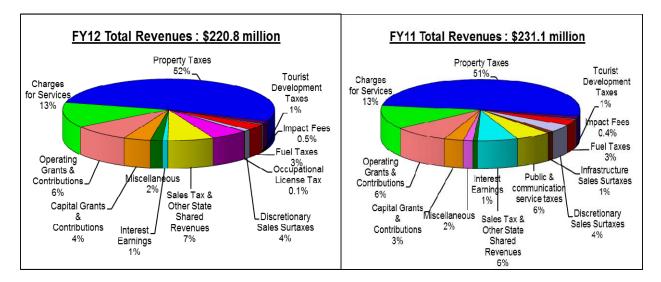
Alachua County, Florida Changes in Net Assets

(in millions)

	Govern	mental	ental Business-type						
	Activ	ities	Activ	vities	To	tal	Change		
	<u>2011</u>	2012	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	2011	<u>2012</u>	<u> </u>		
Revenues:									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$29.0	\$28.8	\$13.1	\$12.4	\$42.1	\$41.3	-2.1%		
Operating grants and contributions	20.6	19.3	-	-	20.6	19.3	-6.3%		
Capital grants and contributions	7.3	9.1	-	-	7.3	9.1	24.1%		
General revenues:									
Property taxes	117.5	115.6	-	-	117.5	115.6	-1.7%		
Discretionary sales surtaxes	9.0	2.5	-	-	9.0	2.5	-72.5%		
Infrastructure sales surtaxes	2.2	-	-	-	2.2	-	-100.0%		
Other taxes	24.1	23.2	-	-	24.1	23.2	-3.7%		
Other	21.4	22.3	0.4	0.4	21.8	22.8	4.4%		
Total revenues	231.1	220.8	13.6	12.8	244.7	233.7	-4.5%		
Expenses:									
Administration	41.2	39.5	-	-	41.2	39.5	-4.1%		
Community services	23.0	31.2	-	-	23.0	31.2	35.2%		
Corrections	27.9	26.6	-	-	27.9	26.6	-4.5%		
Courts	20.5	19.7	-	-	20.5	19.7	-3.7%		
Culture and recreation	3.6	2.3	-	-	3.6	2.3	-36.8%		
Tourist development	2.1	3.5	-	-	2.1	3.5	66.6%		
Emergency services	29.8	28.7	-	-	29.8	28.7	-3.7%		
Environmental services	2.7	2.7	-	-	2.7	2.7	-0.6%		
Growth management	4.9	4.0	-	-	4.9	4.0	-18.6%		
Law enforcement	33.2	34.9	-	-	33.2	34.9	5.1%		
Solid waste collection	4.6	4.7	-	-	4.6	4.7	1.1%		
Transportation	22.4	22.2	-	-	22.4	22.2	-1.1%		
Interest on long-term debt	4.2	4.0	-	-	4.2	4.0	-6.1%		
Solid waste disposal system	-	-	11.3	11.1	11.3	11.1	-1.4%		
Codes enforcement	-	-	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.0	-6.0%		
Total expenses	220.3	223.9	12.4	12.1	232.6	236.1	1.5%		
Increase (decrease) in net assets									
before transfers	10.8	(3.1)	1.2	0.7	12.0	(2.4)			
Transfers	(0.1)	(0.1)	0.1	0.1	-	-			
Increase (decrease) in net assets	10.7	(3.2)	1.3	0.8	12.0	(2.4)			
Net assets - Beginning	560.3	571.0	17.8	19.1	578.1	590.1			
Net Assets - Ending	\$ 571.0	\$ 567.8	\$ 19.1	\$ 19.9	\$ 590.1	\$ 587.7	-0.4%		

(Note: Due to rounding, the totals shown may not be the addition of numbers presented in this table, but are the true net assets rounded totals.)

The following charts show a graphical comparison of governmental revenues by source.

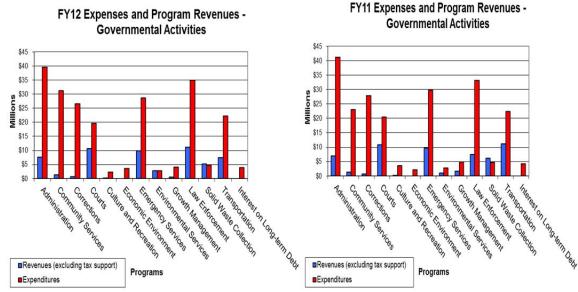


Governmental Activities

The County's total net assets decreased \$2.4 million over the previous year with a decrease of \$3.2 from governmental activities and an increase of \$.8 million from business activities.

Major changes in revenues were caused by the following:

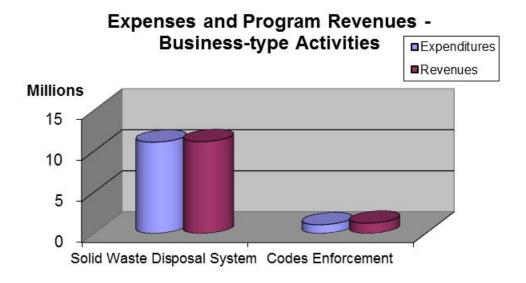
- Charges for Services decreased by 2.1% the majority of the decline was across the board declines in special assessment fees and a decrease in solid waste system charges for services.
- Capital Grants and Contributions increased overall by 24.1%. During fiscal year 2012, the Alachua County Sheriff's Office received a \$3.7 million dollar federal PSIC Regional grant for purchase of radio communications equipment. Capital asset donations decreased by \$1.9 million over the prior fiscal year. Due to current economic environment, construction of new subdivisions has slowed, therefore, the donations of right-of-ways and infrastructure has correspondingly decreased.
- Discretionary sales surtaxes for CHOICES decreased by 72.5%. Pursuant to the successful Community Health Offering Innovative Care and Education Services Program (CHOICES) indigent sales tax referendum in August 2004, the County began receiving one-quarter percent additional sales tax in January 2005. The sales tax was approved through December 2011. During fiscal year 2012, the indigent sales surtax generated \$2.5 million in revenue. Due to the sunset of the discretionary sales surtax this represented one quarter of collections.
- Miscellaneous revenue increased by \$.5 million as a result of unanticipated inmate medical insurance reimbursements.
- Pursuant to the successful Wild Spaces & Public Places infrastructure sales tax referendum in November 2008, the County began receiving one-half percent additional sales tax in January 2009. The sales tax was approved through December 2010. This infrastructure sales surtax extends the Alachua County Forever program to acquire and improve environmentally significant lands and to create, improve, and maintain park and recreational facilities within the county. Due to the sunset of the infrastructure sales tax during FY2011, no infrastructure sales tax was collected during FY2012.



Major changes in expenses were caused by the following:

- Law Enforcement expenditures increased by 5.1% or 1.7 million. During FY2012, Alachua County Sheriff's Office was awarded a grant for the purchase of interagency radio communications equipment. Pursuant to the grant agreement, the radio equipment was required to be transferred to the intergovernmental agencies outside Alachua County after purchase. As a result, a loss of \$2.5 million dollars was recorded due to the transfer of the equipment.
- Community services expenses increased by \$8.2 million or 35.2%, because of increased enrollment in the CHOICES program and an expansion of covered services to include ambulatory (outpatient care) in January 2009. In addition, community service department recognized a \$5.3 million expense for Medicaid backlog pursuant to HB5301. The Department of Revenue has agreed to spread this Medicaid backlog over the next five years; therefore a long-term liability was recognized.
- Tourist Development expenses increased by \$1.4 or 66.6%, because of Board and Tourist Development Counsel agreement to fund debt service in partnership with the City of Newberry for Nations Park.
- Growth management decreased by 18.6% or \$.9 million. During FY2012, the expenses for Neighborhood Stabilization Program were reduced due to wind down and subsequent transfer of houses to Alachua County Housing Authority. This is a HUD program established for stabilizing communities that have suffered foreclosure and abandonment of property.
- Court costs decreased by 3.7% and is a reflection of mandated budget cuts required for the County-Wide General Fund. These reductions were achieved by restructuring of existing contracts and elimination of personnel within court service department. This reduction was offset by additional new expenditures for Regional Conflict Counsel.
- Culture and recreation decreased by 36.8% due construction of new Community Center within Kanapaha Park which will be depreciated over the life of the asset.

• Culture and recreation decreased by 36.8% due construction of new Community Center within Kanapaha Park which will be depreciated over the life of the asset.



Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the County's net assets by \$.8 million.

- The Solid Waste Transfer Station went into operation in 1999. During fiscal year 2010, Emerald Waste Services declined entry into a commercial franchise agreement, which resulted in the diversion of approximately 25% of the County's anticipated waste stream and has had a significant financial impact on the operations of this fund. In response to this development, County Staff is in the process of converting the current collection and disposal system to that of a full service resource recovery operation to reduce fees and institute flow control guarantees. It is hoped that these changes will ensure the financial viability of the solid waste system.
- Codes Enforcement furnishes services to the development community and citizens. Codes Enforcement operating expenses exceeded operating revenues by \$0.2 million in fiscal year 2012. Revenues increased for licenses and permits but many of these permits involved alteration, remodeling or repair and were not for new construction starts. Total permits issued in fiscal year 2012 were 4,663 versus 4,487 permits issued in fiscal year 2011.

Fund Financial Analysis

The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The primary purpose of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources, available for spending, at the end of the fiscal year.

Alachua County, Florida Designations of Fund Balance

Total fund balance	\$139,865,716
Fund balance designation:	
Nonspendable	697,729
Restricted	98,513,273
Assigned	24,726,495
Unassigned fund balance	\$ 15,928,219

As of the end of fiscal year 2012, the County's governmental funds reported combined unassigned ending fund balances of \$15.9 million, an increase of almost \$4.8 million from the prior year. Of the \$139.9 million total fund balance, unassigned fund balance is \$15.9 million.

Major Funds

The General Fund, CHOICES, Municipal Service Taxing Unit (separated into Unincorporated Services, Law Enforcement and Fire Protection), Gas Tax Uses, Debt Service, Other Capital Projects, Transportation Trust and Wild Spaces & Public Places are reported as major funds.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County and consists of six sub-fund categories: BOCC Countywide General Fund, Clerk of Court General Fund, Property Appraiser General Fund, Sheriff General Fund, Supervisor of Elections General Fund, and Tax Collector General Fund. The General Fund had an increase in fund balance of \$7.3 million. The total fund balance was \$27.9 million of which \$15.9 million was unassigned. The cash & investment balance at the end of the year was \$21.3 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund operating revenues. The unassigned fund balance represents 13.3% of total actual FY12 General Fund operating revenue and 14.6% of projected FY13 operating revenues. The General Fund's spendable unrestricted fund balance (the sum of committed, assigned, & unassigned fund balance) totaled \$27.5 million and met the minimum fund balance recommendation of the Government Finance Officers Association which defines a minimum unrestricted fund balance of no less than two months of regular General Fund operating revenues or operating expenditures.

The CHOICES Program was approved by the voters on August 31, 2004. The program is funded by a ¼ cent sales tax which was approved through December 2011. As of September 30, 2012, the total fund balance for CHOICES was \$30.2 million. Investment income for the year of \$.3 million was received and \$13.5 million was spent for program costs. This discretionary sales tax ceased December 2011, and the County is considering different options allowed under the ordinance for use of the funds. At the end of the fiscal year, there were 4,345 clients enrolled in the program.

The Municipal Service Taxing Unit (MSTU) – Unincorporated Services Fund provides services to citizens in the unincorporated area of the County, including recreation, environmental services, and

development related activities such as codes enforcement and planning. Slight decreases in revenues and expenditures, and a decrease of transfers in resulted in an overall decrease in fund balance during the year of \$17 thousand. The fund has an ending fund balance of just over \$0.6 million. The ending fund balance represents 13% of the MTSU - Unincorporated Services operating revenue.

The MSTU - Law Enforcement Fund pays for the majority of the Sheriff's patrol in the unincorporated area of the County through transfers of \$16.5 million to the Sheriff. The decrease in fund balance during the year was \$.8 million resulting in an ending fund balance of \$.3 million. The \$2.4 million borrowed in fiscal year 2009 from the General Fund is still outstanding. Fund balance represents 2.3% of the MSTU - Law Enforcement operating revenue.

The MSTU - Fire Protection Fund provides fire fighting and related services to citizens in the unincorporated area of the County. A slight decrease in operating expenditures resulted in an ending fund balance of \$3.7 million, an increase of \$0.5 million dollars from the prior year. The ending fund balance represents 30.4% of the MSTU – Fire Protection Services operating revenue.

The Gas Tax Uses Fund is the primary operating fund of the Public Works – Road & Bridge Department. The primary revenue source for this fund is fuel taxes as well as transfers in totaling \$3.7 million, including \$1.1 million from the General Fund to bolster lagging gas tax revenues, and \$1.7 million from Gas Tax Revenue Bonds. This year \$8.4 million was spent on maintenance of County roads. Revenues including transfers were less than expenditures by \$0.2 million resulting in an ending fund balance of \$0.9 million.

The Debt Service fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term obligations of debt of governmental funds. Bank note of \$15 million for Alachua Forever was refunded, with a new issue for \$9.6 million for Alachua Forever conservation lands. The fund has an ending balance of \$3.5 million, down \$2.9 million from fiscal year 2011.

The Other Capital Projects Fund accounts for impact fees, bond proceeds and other allocations for general facilities improvements. The first series of bonds for this fund, Series 2007A Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, were issued in January 2007 and continue to be used this year to finance jail, the Kanapaha Community Center and Animal Services renovations; expenditures on these projects were over \$6 million this year. The fund has a total ending fund balance of \$30.9 million, a decrease of \$2.8 million from the prior fiscal year.

The Transportation Trust Fund was established in fiscal year 2005 by a transfer from the Gas Tax Uses fund, in the amount of \$9.0 million. Also, on April 19, 2005, the Board of County Commissioners authorized staff to proceed with the issuance of \$33 million in Gas Tax Bonds for transportation improvements. In 2006, the first series of Revenue Tax Bonds were issued for \$15.4 million. In 2008, the second series were issued for \$18.2 million. In 2011, the Board approved issuance of an additional \$9.5 million bank note, pledging the County's 5 cent local option gas tax. After transportation improvement expenditures of \$1.8 million this fiscal year, the 2012 ending fund balance was \$13.8 million.

The Wild Spaces & Public Places capital project fund originated as a result of voter referendum on Nov. 4, 2008 for a two year duration half cent sales tax. Alachua County Forever conservation lands will be purchased with 51% of the proceeds and the balance will be used to fund recreational improvements in the County. Spending this year included \$2.1 million dollars for conservation land, for such projects as Watermelon Pond, Lake Forest Creek, and Lochloosa Flatwoods.

Proprietary Funds

The County's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The Solid Waste System fund is reported as a major fund.

The Solid Waste System fund is used to account for the operation of the County's off-site collection centers, recycling, transfer station and the monitoring and remediation activities of the County's closed landfills. The Solid Waste System operates like a business, where the rates established by the County generate sufficient funds to pay the costs of current operations and provide for long-term asset acquisitions. As required by the State Department of Environmental Protection, the County has set aside over \$4.1 million for long term care of the closed landfills. Total assets as of September 30, 2012 were \$27.5 million, of which over \$9.1 million are capital assets, net of depreciation. Total liabilities were \$8.2 million resulting in an increase of \$0.6 million in ending net assets of \$19.3 million.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the General Fund's original and final budgeted operating revenues, excluding other financial sources was for an increase in unanticipated miscellaneous revenue from Honeywell for a roof warranty on the Combined Communication Center building (\$10,000) and unanticipated intergovernmental revenue from the Supervisor of Elections for a HHS Grant (\$7,366).

The differences between the original and final General Fund budget for current operating expenditures was primarily the result of moving budget from the Reserve for Contingencies for the following:

- \$424,978 Medicaid overages from HB 5301
- \$243,630 Various departments carry forwards
- \$51,632 Mid-year fund balance adjustment

Other major changes between the original and final General Fund budget for current operating expenditures included the following major changes:

• \$557,862 – budget carried forward for prior year incomplete purchase orders.

General Fund actual revenues overall were \$3.1 million more than the final amended budgeted revenues. \$0.7 million of this amount is due to more taxes being collected than budgeted; per Florida Statute 129.01, only 95 percent of anticipated receipts may be budgeted. Actual expenditures overall were \$14.7 million less than was budgeted; this was primarily due to a \$0.5 million reduction in court cost expenditures related to payments due to the Department of Juvenile Justice, \$0.6 million being budgeted for FRS contingency that went unspent, and unused reserve for contingency balance of \$5.8 million.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2012 totals \$529.3 million (net of accumulated depreciation) and includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, leasehold improvements, equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress. The County experienced an overall increase in investment in capital assets over the prior fiscal year of approximately .15 %.

Alachua County, Florida Capital Assets (net of depreciation, in millions)

	Govern	me ntal		Busi	ne	ss-t	ype			Percent
	Activ	ities	Activiti			itie	ities		otal	Change
	2011	2012		2011		2012		2011	2012	
Land	\$ 244.9	\$ 249.7		\$ 3	.3	\$	3.3	\$ 248.2	\$ 253.0	1.93%
Art	0.1	0.1		-			-	0.1	0.1	0.00%
Infrastructure	156.8	144.1		-			-	156.8	144.1	-8.10%
Buildings	77.6	75.9		1	.7		1.7	79.3	77.6	-2.14%
Improvements other than buildings	7.6	7.3		3	.5		3.3	11.1	10.6	-4.50%
Equipment	23.3	25.2		1	0.		0.8	24.3	26.0	7.00%
Construction in progress	8.6	17.9	_	0	.1		-	8.7	17.9	105.75%
Total	\$ 519.0	\$ 520.2	_	\$ 9	.5	\$	9.1	\$ 528.5	\$ 529.3	0.15%

(Note: Due to rounding, the totals shown may not be the addition of numbers presented in this table, but are the true rounded totals.)

As shown in the above table, construction in progress increased due primarily to the number of road projects underway.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Road resurfacing and widening projects completed 2012 using contractors:
 - o S CR 325 from CR 325 to US 301 (8 miles for \$3.8 million)
- Graded Unimproved Road Projects completed in fiscal year 2012:
 - Old Bell from CR 236 to NW 262nd Ave (1.93 miles for \$159,467)
 - o SW 63rd Blvd from SW 41st Pl to North Term (.15 miles for \$18,851)
 - o SE 175th Ave from County Line to CR 234 (1.32 miles for \$78,130)
 - o NW 122nd Ave from CR 2054 to US 27-41 (.31 miles for \$53,594)
 - o NW 138th Ave from NW 214th Terr to NW 202nd St (.52 miles for \$40,215)
 - o SE 41st Lane from SE 245th St to County Line (.49 miles for \$53,021)
 - o NE 211th Dr from CR 1469 to SR 26 (1.28 miles for \$139,874)
- Planning, design and construction began or continued on the following major road resurfacing and widening projects this fiscal year for:
 - o NW CR 231 from SR 121 to SR 235 (6 miles for \$2.5 million spent to date)
 - o SW 91st St from Newberry Rd to SW 8th Ave (1 mile for \$1.7 million spent to date)
 - o North Main St from N 8th Ave to N 23rd Ave (1.03 miles for \$1.5 million spent to date)
 - o NW CR 236 from US 441 to I-75 (4 miles for \$193,000 spent to date)
 - o NW 16th Ave from NW 57th Terrace to NW 13th St (4 miles for \$201,134 spent to date)
 - o SW 62nd Blvd/intersection and turn lane improvements (\$6.7 million spent to date)

- o SW CR 337 from Levy County to SR 26 (8 miles for \$.4 million spent to date)
- o Archer Braid Multi-Use Path from the City of Archer to SW 91st St (3.4 miles for \$.7 million spent to date)
- o SW 8th Ave Connector Milling, Resurfacing and new road construction (\$1.3 million spent to date)
- County Parks
 - o Kanapaha Park Construction of the Kanapaha Freedom Community Center was completed FY12 (\$1,807,859).
 - o Poe Springs Park retaining wall improvements (\$118,707 spent to date)
- Animal Services Building renovation and upgrades (\$1,002,079 spent to date)
- Alachua County Forever-Legacy Lands-numerous acquisition efforts are underway in conjunction with other State programs. Overall \$3.5 million was spent on land related purchases this year including the following major acquisitions:
 - Lochloosa Creek Flatwoods

 Little Orange Creek parcel with 702 acres for a total \$.8 million.
 - Lake Forest Creek- Smith tract with 30 acres and Kincaid/Tabone tract with 103 acres for \$.2 million.
 - o San Felasco Additions—Freeland tract with 107 acres for a cost of \$.3 million.
 - o Watermelon Pond- Metzer tract with 634 acres for \$2.1 million.
 - o Barr Hammock-Levy Prairie- Butler tract with 75 acres for \$.07 million
- Neighborhood Stabilization Program houses The County received \$914,000 of federal funds in FY11 from a CDBG Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP) grant. The funds paid for the acquisition and rehabilitation of houses as well as for house maintenance and program administration. In FY12, the last five houses totaling \$651,619 were transferred to Meridian Behavioral Healthcare, Inc. The houses are to be used as permanent affordable rental housing for income eligible households for a period of 15 years.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 7 on pages 69-70 of this report.

Long-term Debt

At the end of fiscal year 2012, the County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$73.2 million. The County's debt represents bonds secured by specified revenue sources (i.e., Revenue Bonds).

Outstanding Debt

	2011	2012
Revenue Bonds		
Revenue Bonds	\$ 78,345,000	\$ 73,160,000
Total	\$ 78,345,000	\$ 73,160,000
Notes Payable		
2008 Capital Improvement bank loan	\$ 6,630,000	\$ 6,193,000
2011 Local Option Gas Tax bank loan	9,500,000	8,776,000
2010 Alachua County Forever bank loan	15,000,000	-
2010-1 Alachua County Forever bank loan	 	9,615,000
Total	\$ 31,130,000	\$ 24,584,000

After making regularly scheduled debt service payments for the year, the County had a decrease in bonded debt of over \$5.1 million and a decrease in notes payable of \$6.5 million from the prior fiscal year. No new bonds were issued this fiscal year.

Additional information on the County's debt can be found in Note 9 on pages 73-77 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for the County at September 30, 2012 was 6.2%. This represents a decrease of 23.5% from the prior year, and is still one of the lowest in the state.
- The taxable value of commercial and residential property both decreased 1.74% and 5.11%, respectively, in the 2012 fiscal year.
- There were 4,663 building permits issued in the County for fiscal year 2012, up 3.9% from the previous fiscal year total of 4,487.
- Population decreased by approximately 567 people or .2% from the prior year to an estimated 246,770 at September 30, 2012. Overall the State of Florida population showing that the Alachua County population is basically unchanged from the prior fiscal year. Overall the State of Florida population increased by 273,124.

During the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund increased to \$15.9 million with a total fund balance of \$27.9 million. The fiscal year 2012 ad valorem tax rate for the General Fund is 8.5956 mills.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to present users with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability. If you have questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or need additional financial information, contact the Alachua County Clerk of Courts, Finance and Accounting, 201 East University Avenue, Gainesville, Florida 32601. Additional financial information, including financial reports from prior fiscal years, can also be found on our website http://www.alachuacounty.us/Depts/Clerk/Pages/FinancialReports.aspx.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



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ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

		Primary G	love				
	G	overnmental		Business-type		C	omponent
		Activities		Activities	Total		Units
Assets:							
Current Assets:							
Equity in pooled cash & investments	\$	158,567,701	\$	13,065,223	\$ 171,632,924	\$	381,676
Cash with fiscal agent		341,421		-	341,421		-
Other cash and equivalents		10,434,549		250	10,434,799		-
Investments		1,192,227		-	1,192,227		-
Receivables (net)		2,801,471		512,887	3,314,358		260
Due from other governments		7,783,242		2,007	7,785,249		2,301
Internal balances		(20,450)		20,450	-		-
Inventories or assets held for sale		948,466		-	948,466		-
Prepaid items		1,245,100		-	1,245,100		-
Total current non-restricted assets		183,293,727		13,600,817	196,894,544		384,237
Current Restricted Assets:							
Sinking fund cash & cash reserves		8,712,099		-	8,712,099		-
Total current restricted assets		8,712,099		-	8,712,099		-
Total current assets (restricted & non-restricted)		192,005,826		13,600,817	205,606,643		384,237
Noncurrent Assets:							
Net OPEB asset		591,633		-	591,633		-
Internal balances		(1,384,450)		1,384,450	-		-
Deferred charges		1,244,690		-	1,244,690		-
Noncurrent restricted assets:							
Restricted equity in pooled cash and investments		-		35,395	35,395		-
Restricted investments		-		4,095,658	4,095,658		-
Restricted interest receivable		-		7,933	7,933		-
Total non-current restricted assets		-		4,138,986	4,138,986		-
Capital Assets:							
Land		249,746,268		3,324,279	253,070,547		-
Artwork		91,390		-	91,390		_
Infrastructure		502,553,330		-	502,553,330		_
Buildings		121,767,384		2,935,256	124,702,640		_
Improvements other than buildings		13,862,310		13,396,693	27,259,003		_
Equipment and software		73,017,708		3,373,731	76,391,439		_
Construction in progress		17,922,524		-	17,922,524		_
Less accumulated depreciation		(458,776,322)		(13,888,607)	(472,664,929)		_
Total capital assets		520,184,592		9,141,352	529,325,944		-
Tallanamatan () () ()		500 606 465		14 664 700	E24 700 (20		
Total noncurrent assets (restricted & non-restricted)		520,636,465		14,664,788	534,709,620		-
Total Assets	\$	712,642,291	\$	28,265,605	\$ 740,316,263	\$	384,237

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

		Primary G	ove				
	G	overnmental		Business-type		Com	ponent
		Activities		Activities	Total		nits
Liabilities:							
Current Liabilities (payable from current assets):							
Accounts payable	\$	15,337,676	\$	690,458	\$ 16,028,134	\$	312
Accrued interest payable		1,223,624		-	1,223,624		-
Estimated liability for self insurance losses		1,899,412		-	1,899,412		-
Contracts payable		536,929		-	536,929		-
Due to other governments		3,494,069		19,934	3,514,003		4,193
Deposits		45,462		102,592	148,054		-
Unearned revenue		1,756,395		8,767	1,765,162		-
Accrued compensated absences		6,656,859		206,048	6,862,907		-
Accrued landfill closure cost		-		379,787	379,787		-
Medicaid payable		1,766,859		-	1,766,859		-
Bonds and notes payable		8,993,200		-	8,993,200		-
Total current liabilities (payable from current assets)		41,710,485		1,407,586	43,118,071		4,505
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Accrued compensated absences		6,856,270		371,784	7,228,054		-
Estimated liability for self insurance losses		4,355,514		-	4,355,514		-
Medicaid payable		3,533,719		-	3,533,719		-
Bonds and notes payable (net of amortization on discounts							
& premiums)		88,433,010		-	88,433,010		-
Total noncurrent liabilities (payable from noncurrent							
assets)		103,178,513		371,784	103,550,297		-
Noncurrent Liabilities (payable from restricted assets):							
Accrued landfill closure cost		-		6,573,258	6,573,258		-
Total noncurrent liabilities (payable from restricted							
assets)		-		6,573,258	6,573,258		-
Total noncurrent liabilities		103,178,513		6,945,042	110,123,555		-
Total Liabilities		144,888,998		8,352,628	153,241,626		4,505
NT-4 A moralm							
Net Assets:		110 51 6 605		0.141.252	451 050 047		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		442,716,695		9,141,352	451,858,047		-
Restricted for:		1 400 500			1 400 500		
Restricted for debt service		1,409,789		-	1,409,789		-
Restricted for debt requirements		5,917,860		1,384,450	7,302,310		-
Restricted for CHOICES		30,199,076		-	30,199,076		-
Restricted for Wild Spaces & Public Places		648,519		-	648,519		-
Restricted for tourist development		3,772,604		-	3,772,604		-
Restricted for road construction		19,090,708		-	19,090,708		-
Restricted for Alachua County Forever land program		3,932,049		-	3,932,049		-
Restricted for public improvement revenue projects		2,248,008		-	2,248,008		-
Restricted for jail energy conservation program		3,885,457		-	3,885,457		-
Restricted for impact fee - fire		225,616		-	225,616		-
Restricted for impact fee - parks		101,452		-	101,452		-
Restricted for impact fee - transportation		11,090,173		-	11,090,173		-
Restricted for enabling legislation		17,397,302		-	17,397,302		-
Restricted for grants and other purposes		3,254,999		-	3,254,999		-
Unrestricted		21,862,986		9,387,175	31,250,161		379,732
Total Net Assets	\$	567,753,293	\$	19,912,977	\$ 587,666,270	\$	379,732

]	Prog	ram Revenue	es		
					(Operating		Capital	
				Charges for	(Grants and	(Grants and	
Programs	Expenses			Services	Co	ontributions	Contribution		
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
Administration	\$	39,523,052	\$	5,972,087	\$	1,575,062	\$	-	
Community services		31,169,709		383,977		850,851		136,824	
Corrections		26,641,102		562,388		45,873		-	
Courts		19,689,370		3,405,787		7,271,543		1,079	
Culture and recreation		2,299,284		48,872		79,561		-	
Tourist development		3,539,290		-		-		-	
Emergency services		28,709,653		9,285,312		313,175		234,527	
Environmental services		2,700,299		395,091		678,178		1,743,783	
Growth management		3,982,842		98,321		412,823		_	
Law enforcement		34,868,734		2,916,966		4,255,987		3,925,030	
Solid waste collection		4,688,727		5,224,929		391		_	
Transportation		22,163,011		554,652		3,824,504		3,020,316	
Interest on long-term debt		3,973,346		-		_		-	
Total governmental activities		223,948,419		28,848,382		19,307,948		9,061,559	
Business-type activities:									
Solid waste disposal system		11,103,754		11,172,554		-		_	
Codes enforcement		1,044,815		1,231,820		-		_	
Total business-type activities		12,148,569		12,404,374		-		-	
Total primary government	\$	236,096,988	\$	41,252,756	\$	19,307,948	\$	9,061,559	
Component Units:									
Murphree Law Library	\$	54.416	\$	51.616	\$	529		-	
Alachua County Housing Finance Authority	7	14,253	7	-	-	-		-	
Total component units	\$	68,669	\$	51,616	\$	529	\$		
r	_	,	_	- ,	_		_		

General revenues:

Property taxes

Tourist development taxes

Impact fees

Fuel taxes

Discretionary sales surtaxes (CHOICES)

Local business taxes

Public & communication service taxes

Sales tax & other state shared revenue-unrestricted

Interest earnings

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Changes in net assets before transfers

Transfers

Changes in net assets

Net assets - beginning Net assets - ending

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

	Pr	imary Governmei	ıt		Component Units
G	overnmental	Business-type			CIIICS
Ü	Activities	Activities		Total	
\$	(31,975,903) \$	-	\$	(31,975,903)	
	(29,798,057)	-		(29,798,057)	
	(26,032,841) (9,010,961)	-		(26,032,841) (9,010,961)	
	(2,170,851)	-		(2,170,851)	
	(3,539,290)	-		(3,539,290)	
	(18,876,639)	-		(18,876,639)	
	116,753	-		116,753	
	(3,471,698)	-		(3,471,698)	
	(23,770,751)	-		(23,770,751)	
	536,593	-		536,593	
	(14,763,539)	-		(14,763,539)	
	(3,973,346)	-		(3,973,346)	
	(166,730,530)	-		(166,730,530)	
	-	68,800		68,800	
	-	187,005		187,005	
	-	255,805		255,805	
(166,730,530)	255,805		(166,474,725)	
					\$ (2,27) (14,25)
					(16,52
					(10,32
	115,603,825	_		115,603,825	_
	3,416,681	-		3,416,681	_
	1,048,428	-		1,048,428	-
	6,966,010	-		6,966,010	-
	2,479,958	-		2,479,958	-
	223,965	-		223,965	-
	12,582,969	-		12,582,969	-
	15,420,072	-		15,420,072	-
	1,824,228	151,445		1,975,673	3,213
	4,037,540	274,804		4,312,344	57,17
	163,603,676	426,249		164,029,925	 60,388
	(3,126,854)	682,054		(2,444,800)	43,86
	(120,577)	120,577		(2.444.900)	12.00
	(3,247,431)	802,631		(2,444,800)	43,864
	571,000,724	19,110,346		590,111,070	335,86
5	567,753,293	19,912,977	\$	587,666,270	\$ 379,73

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	GENERAL		. CHOICES			MSTU ORPORATED ERVICES	MSTU LAW ENFORCEMENT		
ASSETS									
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	21,357,927	\$	32,966,893	\$	575,943	\$	1,728,761	
Cash with fiscal agent		-		141,421		-		-	
Other cash and equivalents		7,124,015		-		100		-	
Sinking fund cash and cash reserves		-		-		-		-	
Investments		-		-		-		-	
Accounts receivable		5,226,824		23,231		93,625		373,665	
Allowance for estimated uncollectables		(3,994,225)		-		-		-	
Assessment receivable		-		-		-		-	
Due from other funds		6,114,050		-		11,229		263,619	
Due from other governments		569,754		-		174,437		394,021	
Inventories or assets held for resale		424,270		-		-		-	
Prepaid Items		50,000		-		-		-	
Total assets	\$	36,872,615	\$	33,131,545	\$	855,334	\$	2,760,066	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	5,219,860	\$	2,904,136	\$	169,138	\$	-	
Contracts payable		3,791		-		-		-	
Due to individuals		285		-		-		-	
Due to other funds		1,491,187		-		32		2,400,142	
Due to other governments		1,705,912		28,333		79,237		27,517	
Deposits		19,487		-		-		-	
Deferred revenue		476,289		-		-		-	
Advances from other funds		-		-					
Total liabilities		8,916,811		2,932,469		248,407		2,427,659	
Fund balances:									
Non-spendable		474,270		-		-		-	
Restricted		-		30,199,076		-		-	
Assigned		11,553,315		-		606,927		332,407	
Unassigned		15,928,219		-		-		-	
Total fund balances		27,955,804		30,199,076		606,927		332,407	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	36,872,615	\$	33,131,545	\$	855,334	\$	2,760,066	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

PR	MSTU FIRE PROTECTION		GAS TAX USES		DEBT SERVICE			NSPORTATION TRUST
\$	3,104,655	\$	769,020	\$	626,031	\$ 32,435,940	\$	13,767,620
Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	-	Ψ.	-
	-		1,000		-	-		-
	-		-		8,712,099	-		-
	-		-		-	-		-
	288,101		1,372		6,221	18,918		9,121
	-		-		-	-		-
	-		-		-	347,523		-
	37,253		244,152		19,494	350,374		393,000
	651,823		544,225 176,019		2,864,079	427,074		-
	-		1/0,019		-	-		-
\$	4,081,832	\$	1,735,788	\$	12,227,924	\$ 33,579,829	\$	14,169,741
\$	243,977	\$	141,039	\$	5,162	\$ 1,403,902	\$	186,221
	-		3,158		-	394,535		114,238
	-		-		-	42,700		-
	3,388		146		1,155,351	395,198		100,000
	142,836		478,632		-	-		-
	-		2,400		-	-		-
	-		209,089		1,331,447	345,703		-
	-		-		6,215,794	- 2.502.020		-
	390,201	-	834,464		8,707,754	2,582,038		400,459
			176,019					
	-		1/0,019		2,496,305	26,131,249		13,769,282
	3,691,631		725,305		1,023,865	4,866,542		15,709,202
	-		-		-	-		_
	3,691,631		901,324		3,520,170	30,997,791		13,769,282
\$	4,081,832	\$	1,735,788	\$	12,227,924	\$ 33,579,829	\$	14,169,741

-	WILD SPACES & PUBLIC PLACES		OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
ASSETS						
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	648,064	\$	25,926,173	\$	133,907,027
Cash with fiscal agent		-		-		141,421
Other cash and equivalents		-		3,309,434		10,434,549
Sinking fund cash and cash reserves		-		-		8,712,099
Investments		-		1,192,227		1,192,227
Accounts receivable		455		131,647		6,173,180
Allowance for estimated uncollectables		-		-		(3,994,225)
Assessment receivable		-		-		347,523
Due from other funds		-		647,478		8,080,649
Due from other governments		-		2,139,649		7,765,062
Inventories or assets held for resale		-		171,005		771,294
Prepaid Items		-		47,440		97,440
Total assets	\$	648,519	\$	33,565,053	\$	173,628,246
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Contracts payable Due to individuals Due to other funds Due to other governments Deposits	\$	- - - - -	\$	1,436,850 21,207 367,614 3,169,444 1,024,470 23,575	\$	11,710,285 536,929 410,599 8,714,888 3,486,937 45,462
Deferred revenue		_		279,108		2,641,636
Advances from other funds		-		-		6,215,794
Total liabilities				6,322,268		33,762,530
Fund balances:				47.440		607.720
Non-spendable Restricted		648,519		47,440		697,729
		048,319		25,268,842		98,513,273
Assigned		-		1,926,503		24,726,495
Unassigned Total fund balances	-	649.510		27 242 795		15,928,219
Total fund barances		648,519		27,242,785		139,865,716
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	648,519	\$	33,565,053	\$	173,628,246

Alachua County, Florida Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets of Governmental Funds September 30, 2012

Fund balances – total governmental funds (page 28)	\$139,865,716
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:	
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements.	
Total governmental activities capital assets Remove Internal Service capital assets (6,084,279) Total adjustment governmental activities \$520,184,592 (6,084,279) \$514,100,313	514,100,313
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in fund financial statements: Governmental activities (\$122,494,843) Less amounts reported in Internal Service funds: Self-insured losses 6,254,926 Accrued compensated absences 209,809	(116,030,108)
Accided compensated absences 209,809	(110,030,108)
Accrued long-term debt interest payable is not current and therefore is not reported in the fund statements.	(1,223,624)
Gas Tax, and Sales Tax receivables are not financial resources in the current period and therefore are reported as deferred revenues.	2,357,963
Net OPEB assets are reported in the statement of net assets but not in fund financial statements	591,633
Deferred charges are reported in the statement of net assets but not in the fund financial statements	1,244,690
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, computer replacement, fleet services, and telephone services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	25,699,050
Prepaid Items originally expensed in full, reclassified as an asset.	1,147,660
Net Assets of governmental activities (page 23)	\$567,753,293

*See Note 2.A. for details

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	GENERAL	CHOICES	MSTU CORPORATED ERVICES	ENF	MSTU LAW ORCEMENT
REVENUES Taxes Permits and fees	\$ 96,350,722	\$ 3,198,579	\$ 3,490,649 79,598	\$	14,691,178 17
Intergovernmental	5,307,426	_	957,865		-
Charges for services	14,679,415	_	69,549		_
Fines and forfeitures	12,102	-	-		_
Investment income	645,307	333,332	9,480		20,430
Special assessments and impact fees	-	-	-		_
Private donations	-	150,000	-		-
Miscellaneous	2,953,450	 137,028	 33,052		17,503
Total revenues	119,948,422	 3,818,939	 4,640,193		14,729,128
EXPENDITURES Current:					
General government	31,046,813	_	1,045,195		168,860
Public safety	77,720,649	_	476,739		109,982
Physical environment	1,822,019	_	460,966		-
Transportation	-	-	778,920		_
Economic environment	1,122,925	-	854,951		-
Human services	10,264,848	13,535,054	-		_
Culture and recreation	509,422	-	1,036,178		-
Court cost	7,828,070	-	-		-
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	-		-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-		-
Excess fees distributed to State	-	-	-		-
Capital outlay		 -	 =		-
Total expenditures	130,314,746	 13,535,054	 4,652,949		278,842
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(10,366,324)	(9,716,115)	(12,756)		14,450,286
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			 		
Transfers in	25,972,921	_	257,295		1,244,577
Transfers out	(8,403,355)	_	(262,000)		(16,469,751)
Issuance of debt	-	_	-		-
Sale of capital assets	91,414	-	-		_
Total other financing sources and (uses)	17,660,980	=	(4,705)		(15,225,174)
Net change in fund balances	7,294,656	(9,716,115)	 (17,461)		(774,888)
Fund balances - beginning	20,661,148	39,915,191	624,388		1,107,295
Fund balances - ending	\$ 27,955,804	\$ 30,199,076	\$ 606,927	\$	332,407

PR	MSTU FIRE OTECTION	GAS TAX USES	DEBT SERVICE	OTHER CAPITAL PROJECTS	TRAN	SPORTATION TRUST
\$	11,081,700 1,805 17,472 964,667 - 41,087	\$ 3,443,316 - 63,163 975,826 - -	\$ 6,528,194 - 13,747,891 - - 90,313	\$ 157,070 1,992,833 50,000 - 257,192 1,083,601	\$	98,257 - 122,651
	42,571	24,808	- -	2,400		244
	12,149,302	4,507,113	20,366,398	 3,543,096		221,152
	127,911 11,546,107 - - - - - - - - - - 11,674,018	127,100 8,234,609 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	66,930 - - - - - - - 21,346,000 4,139,963 - - 25,552,893	- - - - - - - - - - 9,348,033 9,348,033		- - - - - - - - 1,838,918 1,838,918
	475,284	(3,854,596)	(5,186,495)	(5,804,937)		(1,617,766)
	775,452 (775,316) - - 136 475,420 3,216,211	3,672,992 (97,680) - 80,810 3,656,122 (198,474) 1,099,798	2,454,992 (9,770,073) 9,615,000 - 2,299,919 (2,886,576) 6,406,746	 (3,804,937) 4,983,545 (1,962,303) - 3,021,242 (2,783,695) 33,781,486		(1,617,766)
\$	3,691,631	\$ 901,324	\$ 3,520,170	\$ 30,997,791	\$	13,769,282

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	WILD SPACES & PUBLIC PLACES					OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$	-	\$	3,416,681	\$	142,201,019				
Permits and fees		-	·	201,955	·	440,445				
Intergovernmental		-		19,979,275		42,065,925				
Charges for services		-		3,727,447		20,565,161				
Fines and forfeitures		-		2,076,989		2,089,091				
Investment income		16,856		192,767		1,729,415				
Special assessments and impact fees		-		5,222,031		6,305,632				
Private donations		_		110,138		260,138				
Miscellaneous		_		650,098		3,861,154				
Total revenues		16,856		35,577,381		219,517,980				
EXPENDITURES Current:		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		· · ·				
General government		-		506,740		32,962,449				
Public safety		-		9,355,238		99,208,715				
Physical environment		_		7,482,047		9,892,132				
Transportation		_		153,974		9,167,503				
Economic environment		_		4,322,415		6,300,291				
Human services		_		2,185,696		25,985,598				
Culture and recreation		_		188,287		1,733,887				
Court cost		_		7,268,663		15,096,733				
Debt service:				.,,,		,-,-,				
Principal		_		_		21,346,000				
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		4,139,963				
Excess fees distributed to State		_		281,439		281,439				
Capital outlay		3,140,991		-		14,327,942				
Total expenditures		3,140,991		31,744,499	-	240,442,652				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		3,110,271		31,7 11,100		210,112,032				
over (under) expenditures		(3,124,135)		3,832,882		(20,924,672)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		-		6,560,565		45,922,339				
Transfers out		_		(8,302,438)		(46,042,916)				
Issuance of debt		_		-		9,615,000				
Sale of capital assets		-		22,443		194,667				
Total other financing sources and (uses)		-		(1,719,430)		9,689,090				
Net change in fund balances		(3,124,135)		2,113,452		(11,235,582)				
Fund balances - beginning		3,772,654		25,129,333		151,101,298				
Fund balances - ending	\$	648,519	\$	27,242,785	\$	139,865,716				

Alachua County

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds (page 32) Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	(\$11,235,582)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures of \$24,033,759 exceeded depreciation (\$21,847,574) in the current period.	
Total governmental activities capital outlay expenditures \$25,824,037 Remove Internal Service capital outlay expenditures (1,790,278) Total capital outlay expenditures excluding Internal Service \$24,033,759	
Total governmental activities depreciation (\$23,312,859) Remove Internal Service depreciation 1,465,285	
Total depreciation excluding Internal Service (\$21,847,574)	2,186,185
Donations/contributions of capital assets increase net assets in the Statement of Activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources.	1,487,060
Governmental funds report sale of capital assets as financial resources; the loss on disposal of capital assets are not reflected in the fund statement.	
Total capital outlay loss per Capital Asset Schedule (\$2,792,849)	
Remove gain Internal Service (34,753)	
Total capital outlay loss excluding Internal Service (\$2,827,602)	
	(2,827,602)
Issuance of debt provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets	(9,615,000)
Repayments of bond and note principal (\$21,346,000 less \$2,925 discount and \$60,105 deferred loss, plus premium of \$48,781) are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.	21,331,751
Amortization of the change in Net OPEB Obligation (asset), funding status of plan not required to be reported at fund level.	591,633
Deferred charges are recorded and amortized in the government-wide statements but not in the fund statements.	
the fund statements.	(122,565)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(5,342,641)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance, computer replacement, fleet services, and telephone services to individual funds. \$822,243 of total net operating gain for internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	822,243
Certain items reported in the Statement of Activities are not considered current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.	(741,575)
Prepaid items originally expensed in full, reclassified as an asset.	218,662
Changes in net assets of governmental activities (page 25)	(\$3,247,431)

^{*}See Note 2.B. for details

SEPTEMBER 30, 2012	BUSINESS	TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTE	RPRISE FUNDS	
		GOVERNMENTAL		
		PROPRIETARY FUND		ACTIVITIES -
	400	410		INTERNAL
	SOLID WASTE	CODES		SERVICE
	SYSTEM	ENFORCEMENT	TOTAL	FUNDS
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 12,314,059	\$ 751,164	\$ 13,065,223	\$ 24,660,674
Other cash and equivalents	250	-	250	-
Cash with claims administrator	-	-	-	200,000
Accounts receivable	511,806	1,081	512,887	274,993
Due from other funds	20,633	-	20,633	613,789
Due from other governments	1,197	810	2,007	18,180
Inventories				177,172
Total current assets	12,847,945	753,055	13,601,000	25,944,808
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	35,395	-	35,395	-
Advances to other funds	1,384,450	_	1,384,450	4,831,344
Investments	4,095,658	-	4,095,658	-
Interest receivable	7,933	-	7,933	-
Total restricted assets	5,523,436		5,523,436	4,831,344
Capital assets:				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Land	3,324,279	-	3,324,279	_
Buildings	2,935,256		2,935,256	48,803
Improvements other than buildings	13,396,693		13,396,693	7,436
Equipment and software	3,245,242		3,373,731	16,505,546
Less accumulated depreciation	(13,760,249		(13,888,607)	(10,477,506)
Total capital assets (net of depreciation)	9,141,221		9,141,352	6,084,279
Total noncurrent assets	14,664,657	131	14,664,788	10,915,623
Total assets	27,512,602	753,186	28,265,788	36,860,431
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	672,440	18,018	690,458	3,216,792
Unearned revenue	8,767	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8,767	1,472,722
Due to other funds	126	57	183	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Due to other governments	10,612	9,322	19,934	7,132
Deposits	102,592		102,592	-
Accrued compensated absences of a year or less	148,875		206,048	184,624
Accrued landfill post closure cost	379,787		379,787	
Estimated liability for self insured losses	-	-		1,899,412
Total current liabilities	1,323,199	84,570	1,407,769	6,780,682
Noncurrent liabilities:				
	279,466	02 210	371,784	25 105
Accrued compensated absences more than a year Estimated liability for self insured losses	279,400	92,318	3/1,/64	25,185 4,355,514
Noncurrent liabilities payable from restricted assets:				
Accrued landfill post closure cost	6,573,258		6,573,258	
Total noncurrent liabilities	6,852,724	92,318	6,945,042	4,380,699
Total liabilities	8,175,923	176,888	8,352,811	11,161,381
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets	9,141,221	131	9,141,352	6,084,279
Restricted for cash reserves	1,384,450		1,384,450	4,831,344
Unrestricted	8,811,008		9,387,175	14,783,427
Total net assets	\$ 19,336,679		\$ 19,912,977	\$ 25,699,050

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	BUSINESS-TY			
		NONMAJOR		GOVERNMENTAL
		PROPRIETARY FUND		ACTIVITIES -
	400	410		INTERNAL
	SOLID WASTE	CODES	TOTAL	SERVICE
	SYSTEM	ENFORCEMENT	TOTAL	FUNDS
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 7,394,211	\$ 8,084	\$ 7,402,295	\$ 28,026,710
Fines and forfeitures	-	17,514	17,514	-
Permits, licenses and franchise fees	245,730	1,206,222	1,451,952	-
Special assessments and impact fees	3,532,613	-	3,532,613	-
Miscellaneous revenue	273,210	1,594	274,804	1,469,996
Total operating revenues	11,445,764	1,233,414	12,679,178	29,496,706
Operating expenses:				
Personal services	2,449,328	747,720	3,197,048	1,636,306
Depreciation	679,987	58	680,045	1,465,285
Indirect costs	507,861	106,666	614,527	283,930
Supplies and materials	568,102	30,482	598,584	2,525,488
Other services and charges	6,898,476	159,889	7,058,365	3,446,396
Claims and losses	-	, -	-	19,448,234
Total operating expenses	11,103,754	1,044,815	12,148,569	28,805,639
Operating income	342,010	188,599	530,609	691,067
Nonoperating revenues:				
Net gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	-	_	_	34,753
Investment Income	151,445	-	151,445	96,423
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	151,445	-	151,445	131,176
Income before transfers	493,455	188,599	682,054	822,243
Transfers:				
Transfers in	120,577	-	120,577	-
Total transfers	120,577	-	120,577	
Change in net assets	614,032	188,599	802,631	822,243
Total net assets - beginning	18,722,647	387,699	19,110,346	24,876,807
Total net assets - ending	\$ 19,336,679	\$ 576,298	\$ 19,912,977	\$ 25,699,050

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012		BUSINESS-TY	PE ACT	IVITIES - ENTER	RPRISE	FUNDS		
				ONMAJOR		_		ERNMENTAL
		400	PROPR	AIETARY FUND 410				CTIVITIES - NTERNAL
	SOI	ID WASTE		CODES				SERVICE
		SYSTEM	ENF	ORCEMENT		TOTAL		FUNDS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_		_		_		_	
Cash received for services	\$	7,712,305	\$	1,234,986	\$	8,947,291	\$	27,768,555
Cash received from special assessments & franchise fees Miscellaneous cash receipts		3,532,613 273,210		1,594		3,532,613 274,804		1,469,996
Cash paid to outside parties		(8,537,152)		(295,794)		(8,832,946)		(24,860,706)
Cash paid to outside parties Cash paid to employees		(2,407,479)		(746,143)		(3,153,622)		(1,697,813)
Net cash provided by operating activities		573,497		194,643		768,140		2,680,032
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVI	TIES							
Due from other funds	TILIS	36,125		-		36,125		(1,391,780)
Due from other governments		309		(17)		292		(8,810)
Transfers in (out)		120,577		-		120,577		-
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		157,011		(17)		156,994		(1,400,590)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL & RELATED FINANCING	ACTIVI	TIES						
Payments for capital assets		(288,241)		-		(288,241)		(1,790,278)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets				-		-		35,447
Net cash (used) by capital & related financing activities		(288,241)				(288,241)		(1,754,831)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest received		151,445		-		151,445		96,423
Proceeds from investments		143,440				143,440		-
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		294,885		-	-	294,885		96,423
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		737,152		194,626		931,778		(378,966)
Cash and cash equivalents, October 1, 2011		11,612,552		556,538		12,169,090		25,239,640
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30, 2012	\$	12,349,704	\$	751,164	\$	13,100,868	\$	24,860,674
Cash and cash equivalents classified as:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	12,314,059	\$	751,164	\$	13,065,223	\$	24,660,674
Other cash and equivalents		250		-		250		200,000
Cash with claims administrator Restricted equity in pooled cash and investments		35,395		-		35,395		200,000
Total	\$	12,349,704	\$	751,164	\$	13,100,868	\$	24,860,674
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
provided (used) by operating activities.								
Operating income	\$	342,010	\$	188,599	\$	530,609	\$	691,067
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:								
Depreciation expense		679,987		58		680,045		1,465,285
(Decrease) in estimated landfill post closure cost		(666,464)		-		(666,464)		(269.425)
(Decrease) in estimated liability for self insured losses (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		61,562		- 2 166		64,728		(368,435)
Increase in user deposits		2,035		3,166		2,035		(148,318)
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences		41,849		1,577		43,426		(61,507)
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		8,767		-		8,767		(114,391)
Decrease in inventories		-		-		· -		26,028
Increase in accounts payable		103,751		1,243		104,994		1,190,303
Total adjustments		231,487		6,044		237,531		1,988,965
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	573,497	\$	194,643	\$	768,140	\$	2,680,032

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	AGENCY FUNDS		OTHER POST- EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUND		
ASSETS					
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	28,026	\$	-	
Other cash and equivalents		7,422,691		-	
Investments					
SBA Fund B		158,187		-	
Florida Trust Day to Day Fund		987,337		-	
FMPTF Bond fund		-		1,105,309	
Due from individuals		98,072		-	
Due from other governments		24,521		=	
Total assets		8,718,834		1,105,309	
LIABILITIES					
Assets held for others		2,985,382		-	
Due to other governments		1,340,689		-	
Deposits held in escrow		69,221		-	
Deposits - installment taxes		4,323,542		-	
Total liabilities		8,718,834		<u> </u>	
NET ASSETS					
Net Assets Held in Trust for OPEB		-		1,105,309	
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	-	\$	1,105,309	

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Additions	EB TRUST FUND
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ -
Members	-
Total contributions	-
Investment earnings:	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	150,024
Interest and dividends	130,024
	150.024
Total investment income	150,024
Less investment expense	
Net investment income	150,024
Total additions	150,024
Deductions	
Benefit payments	-
Refunds of nonvested contributions	-
Administrative expenses	-
Total deductions	-
Net increase	150,024
Net assets held in trust for other postemployment benefits - beginning	955,285
Net assets held in trust for other postemployment benefits - ending	\$ 1,105,309

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NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Alachua County is a political subdivision of the State of Florida and is governed by a five-member elected Board of County Commissioners ("Board") that derives its authority from the County Charter and Florida Statutes and regulations. In addition to the members of the Board, there are five elected Constitutional Officers: the Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections, Property Appraiser, Clerk of the Circuit Court, and Tax Collector. The Constitutional Officers, except for the Supervisor of Elections, maintain separate accounting records and budgets.

The Board funds the operations of both the Sheriff and the Supervisor of Elections. The Board of County Commissioners, the Library District, the St. Johns River Water Management District and the Suwannee River Water Management District fund the operations of the Property Appraiser. The Clerk's duties as Clerk to the Board and Clerk of the County Court are funded from fees and charges authorized under Chapter 2009-61 and 2009-204 Laws of Florida and the Board of County Commissioners. The Tax Collector's operations are funded by fees collected by the Officer.

The accompanying financial statements present the County (primary government), and the Component Units for which the County is considered to be financially accountable.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The government-wide financial statements include the financial data of the County's Component Units. They are included because if excluded the County's financial statements would be misleading. Two Component Units are discretely presented in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize their legal separation from the County. The following Component Units are included in the statements:

1. John A. H. Murphree Law Library

The John A. H. Murphree Law Library, established by Special Act (57-1118) during the 1957 Florida Legislative session, is a discretely presented component unit that benefits the Courts, County Officials, and the public at large. The Board of Trustees for the Law Library consists of one County Commissioner and several other local law community individuals. The Board of Trustees has full power and authority to establish, operate and maintain the Law Library. The Board of County Commissioners is authorized to appropriate other available funds for the use of the Law Library. Financial information for the Law Library is presented in this comprehensive annual financial report as one of the two Component Units. There are no separately issued financial statements.

2. Alachua County Housing Finance Authority

The Alachua County Housing Finance Authority (Chapter 159.601, Florida Statutes) is a discretely presented component unit that provides financing for low-income housing. The Authority is required to obtain Board approval for all its fiscal activities. The Authority is governed by a separate board and does not provide services exclusively to the County. Financial information for the Authority is presented in this comprehensive annual financial report as one of the two Component Units. There are no separately issued financial statements.

The fiscal year end for both discretely presented component units is September 30.

Related Organizations

The Alachua County Library District (Chapter 98-502 as amended by 03-375, Laws of Florida) provides library system services and facilities for all citizens of Alachua County, Florida. The Alachua County Health Facilities Authority (Chapter 154.201, Florida Statutes) assists in financing health care facilities. The Alachua County Housing Authority (Section 421.27, Florida Statutes) assists in providing safe and sanitary dwelling accommodations to persons of low income. Alachua County is not able to impose its will on these organizations, and there is no financial benefit/burden relationship between these organizations and the County. Therefore, these organizations are not component units and are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

As of September 30, 2012, Alachua County had not participated in any joint ventures with any other governmental entities.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements of the County are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the financial statements

1. Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements (the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) provide financial information on County government as a whole, except for fiduciary activities.

These statements include separate columns for the government and business-type activities of the primary government and its component units. The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities shows the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly related to a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting specific requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenue, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the County's governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements show information about major funds individually and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental and enterprise funds. The fiduciary

statement includes financial information for the agency funds. The agency funds of the County primarily represent assets held by the County in a custodial capacity for other individuals or governments.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements and detailed in the supplemental information section.

Governmental Major Funds

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The County-wide General Fund is subdivided into the following 6 categories: Board of County Commissioners, Clerk of the Circuit Court, Property Appraiser, Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections, and Tax Collector.

The Community Health Offering Innovative Care and Educational Services Program (CHOICES) – Pursuant to the August 2004 sales tax referendum, the County will received .25% sales tax from January 2005 through December 2011. This discretionary sales surtax provides a broad range of health care services to the adult working uninsured Alachua County residents. The Board of County Commissioners has changed the initial requirements for use of the funds allowing more residents to qualify.

Municipal Services Taxing Unit (MSTU) – This fund was established September 9, 1976 by Alachua County ordinances 76-85 and 86, and in accordance with Florida Statute 125.01(1)(q) to account for expanded Sheriff services, improved fire protection services, Animal Control services, Codes Enforcement activities and Solid Waste enforcement and administration. Funding is primarily provided from ad valorem taxes and revenues generated by various charges and fees for services provided by the departments. In fiscal year 2003 the MSTU fund was split in order to segregate law enforcement services and other services. The Sheriff's Law Enforcement services are accounted for in MSTU Law Enforcement, and other unincorporated services are accounted for in MSTU Unincorporated Services. In fiscal year 2007 the MSTU Unincorporated Services was split further to separate MSTU Fire Protection Services.

Gas Tax Uses – This fund was established by the Alachua County Board of County Commissioners Resolution 00-85 in accordance with Florida Statute 336.025 to account for fuel tax revenues which are collected from the Local Option Gas Tax, Seventh Cent County Gas Tax and intragovernmental services charges disbursed to Alachua County to be expended in activities related to its transportation system. These activities include road and bridge maintenance, the Transportation Improvement Program, support for bus services for the disadvantaged, and fulfillment of related debt service requirements.

Debt Service Fund – This fund accounts for the resources accumulated to make payments for principal and interest on long-term obligation debt of governmental funds. Revenues from ad valorem taxes, sales and gas taxes are committed by the Board of County Commissioners to pay the County's long term obligations.

Other Capital Projects Fund – The Other Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources (a) that are restricted or legally limited to specific capital expenditures or (b) that the government has publicly expressed its intention to use for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and renovations (other than those financed by the proprietary fund types).

Transportation Trust Fund – This capital project fund is used to account for improvements to county roads using money transferred from the Gas Tax Uses fund and from the Transportation Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2006 and 2008. The fund was established March 8, 2005 by resolution 05-20.

Wild Spaces & Public Places Fund – This capital project fund is the result of the Nov. 4, 2008 voted one-half cent sales surtax for a two year period, and Ordinance 08-17 adopted by the County on August 12,

2008. The monies from the surtax are used to purchase conservation lands and enhance parks and recreation facilities in the County and all the cities in the County.

Enterprise Major Fund

Solid Waste System – This fund accounts for revenues and expenses associated with refuse/garbage disposal, recyclable reclaiming, care of closed of landfills, and collection activities outside the mandated designated Alachua County collection area.

Enterprise Non-major Fund

Codes Enforcement – This fund was established on October 1, 1998 to account for revenues and expenses associated with licenses, permits, fines and fees for services of the Department of Growth Management, Office of Codes Enforcement.

Other Fund Types

Internal Service Funds – Internal service funds account for services provided primarily to other departments of the County on a cost-reimbursement basis and include the Computer Replacement, Self-insurance, Fleet Management, Telephone Service, Vehicle Replacement and Health Insurance funds.

Trust and Agency Funds – Trust and agency funds are used to account for the collection and disbursement of monies by the County on behalf of other governments and individuals; examples are cash bonds, traffic fines, support payments, other post-employment benefits trust and ad valorem taxes.

Non-current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

GASB Statement 34 requires non-current governmental assets, such as land and buildings, non-current governmental liabilities such as general obligation bonds, and revenue bonds and capital leases, to be reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement presentation

1. Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements, and fiduciary fund financial statements, are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement 33 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

Program revenues include charges for services, special assessments, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as expenditures. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce the County's long-term indebtedness are reported as a reduction of related liability, rather than as expenditures.

The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. The County chooses to eliminate indirect costs between governmental activities to avoid a doubling up effect.

2. Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the

County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Franchise fees, licenses, sales taxes, gas taxes, operating and capital grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable only when the County receives cash.

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of available spendable resources. Governmental funds operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of available spendable resources during a period.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types exclude amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or funds liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an other financing source rather than as a fund liability. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

3. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

The County's enterprise funds and internal service funds are proprietary funds. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Operating expenses include those costs associated with the principal activities of the funds; currently there are no non-operating expenses in the County's proprietary funds

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the fund financial statements, rather than reported as expenditures. Proceeds of long-term debt would be recorded as a liability in the fund financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness would be reported as a reduction of the related liabilities, rather than as an expense. Currently, the proprietary funds carry no debt.

The County applies all GASB pronouncements as well as all Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements (FASB) and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins, issued on or before November 30, 1989, which do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The County has elected not to follow private sector FASB statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989.

4. Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary funds include trust funds and agency funds. All trust funds use the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. The County has one trust fund – the Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) fund. Agency funds are unlike all other types of funds and report only assets and liabilities. So, agency funds do not have a measurement focus, but do use an accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

1. Cash and Equivalents

Cash and equivalents are defined as short-term highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and have an original maturity of three months or less. This includes cash in banks, repurchase agreements with financial institutions, petty cash, cash with claims administrators, balances in the State Board of Administration Investment Pool, money market funds, certificates of deposit and US Treasury securities.

2. Investments

Investments for the County are reported at fair value, in accordance with GASB Statement 31.

3. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as Due To/From Other Funds. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as Internal Balances.

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance designation in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

4. Inventories, Prepaid Items and Assets Held for Resale

Inventories, consisting primarily of expendable items (materials and supplies), are determined by physical count at the County's fiscal year-end and valued at cost on the basis of the first-in first-out method of accounting. Inventory shown in the Governmental Funds consists of fuel, veterinary and medical supplies, vehicle parts and road materials. Inventory is recorded as an expenditure when consumed (consumption method) rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Inventories and prepaid items are reported as nonspendable fund balance in governmental funds. Assets held for resale include homes rehabilitated through the Neighborhood Stabilization Program whose proceeds upon sale are used to purchase additional homes.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain funds of the County are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Assets because a restriction is either imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation, or imposed externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Therefore, applicable laws and regulations limit their use. It is the practice of the County to utilize restricted net assets before unrestricted net assets.

Certain Solid Waste System Enterprise Fund assets are required to be segregated from other current assets. These assets are legally restricted for specific purposes, such as landfill post closure care. A portion of net assets is restricted for current annual closure costs. See Note 1.D.8.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, right of ways, bridges, sidewalks, traffic signals, storm water drainage and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Alachua County defines capital assets to include items of a non-consumable nature with a value of at least \$1,000 and a life of more than one year. Software costing over \$20,000 with a life greater than one year is also capitalized.

Roads, bridges, traffic signals, and storm water basins constructed prior to October 1, 2000 are reported at estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are

capitalized as projects are constructed.

The Board holds legal title to the capital assets used in the operations of the Board of County Commissioners, Property Appraiser, Tax Collector, Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts, and Supervisor of Elections and is accountable for them under Florida law. Under Florida Law, the Sheriff is accountable for maintaining capital asset records for equipment used in her operations. The County's capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

ASSETS	YEARS
Buildings/improvements	10 - 50
Equipment/Software	2 - 20
Infrastructure	10 - 50

7. Capitalization of Interest

GASB 37 requires capitalization of bond issue interest costs during the construction period for proprietary activities. These costs are netted against applicable interest earnings on construction fund investments. During the current period, the County did not have any capitalized interest.

8. Landfill Post Closure Care Costs

The County has adopted a policy based on U.S. Environmental Protection Agency rules and in accordance with Florida Law sets aside funds for the post closure care costs of the County's closed landfills.

The County has no landfills that are currently accepting waste. Within the Solid Waste System Enterprise Fund, deposits are made to the fund's other cash and equivalents account for the purpose of complying with the escrow requirements of Rule 17-701.630, Florida Administrative Code. This rule requires the County to annually deposit funds in an interest-bearing escrow account for the purpose of funding the estimated landfill post closure cost. This amount is represented as Restricted Assets on the Statement of Net Assets. Per the above rule, an audited report is filed each year with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection.

The liability on the face of the statements is equal to the total estimated cost of post closure care. The estimates are reviewed and adjusted each year for changes resulting from inflation, deflation, technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

9. Deferred Revenue and Unearned Revenue

If assets have been received by the County for services to be rendered in future periods, asset balances have been offset by an unearned revenue liability account in the government-wide financial statements. Deferred revenue liabilities are reported in the governmental fund financial statements to offset receivables and deposits that do not meet the availability criterion under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

10. Accrued Compensated Absences

The County accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave when earned by employees. The amount estimated to be used in the following fiscal year is the current amount. The amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years is the non-current amount. The current and non-current amounts for government funds are maintained separately and represent a reconciling item between the fund and the government-wide presentations.

11. Obligation for Bond Arbitrage Rebate

Pursuant to Section 148(f) of the U. S. Internal Revenue Code, the County must rebate to the United States Government the excess of interest earned from the investment of certain debt proceeds and pledged revenues over the yield rate of the applicable debt. The County uses the revenue reduction approach in accounting for rebatable arbitrage, which treats excess earnings as a reduction of revenue.

12. Unamortized Bond Costs and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide statements bond issuance costs and legal fees associated with the issuance of governmental fund bonds are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method of accounting and are reported as deferred charges. Bond discounts and premiums associated with the issuance of governmental bonds are amortized according to the straight-line method. For financial reporting, unamortized bond discounts and premiums are netted against the applicable long-term debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

13. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that amount of the applicable appropriation, is employed in the governmental funds. Encumbrances are not the equivalent of expenditures; encumbrances are reported as restricted, committed or assigned fund balances at year-end, depending on the level of constraint and are reappropriated the following year.

14. Classifications of Fund Balances and Net Assets

Beginning October 1, 2010, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which classifies fund balances for governmental funds into specifically defined classifications. The classifications comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. The fund balance classifications are described below:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance The non-spendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Items included in this classification are not expected to be converted to cash.
- Restricted Fund Balance The restricted fund balance is defined as having restrictions (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed Fund Balances are those that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints by formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority, which is an ordinance. The County has no committed fund balances.
- Assigned Fund Balances are amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent may be expressed by formal action of the Bocc, other than ordinances, or a body or official to which the BOCC has delegated authority to assign amounts for specific purposes.
- Unassigned Fund Balance Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund, the only fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

The County's policy is to expend resources in the following order of priority: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. It is the County's policy that unassigned fund balance of the General Fund, at fiscal year end, not be less than 10% of the following year's projected operating revenue. In any

fiscal year where the County is unable to maintain the minimum unassigned fund balance, the County shall reestablish the minimum amount over a 3 year period. During the reestablishment period, the County shall not appropriate any amounts of unassigned fund balance for the purpose of balancing the budget until the 10% minimum is reached.

Net assets of the Self Insurance Fund and the Health Insurance Fund are reserved for anticipated future catastrophic losses pursuant to County ordinance and Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The County uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the Required Supplementary Information and Supplemental Information sections of this financial statement.

- (1) The County adopts its budget in accordance with Chapters 129 and 200 of the Florida Statutes, the County Charter, and County Policy. The County and County Manager follow an internal hearing process to set the proposed tentative budget and millage. Public hearings are then held to adopt both a tentative budget and millage, and a final budget and millage, in accordance with Chapters 129 and 200, Florida Statutes.
- (2) Level of Control Expenditures may not exceed appropriations and are controlled in the following manner: The budget is controlled according to Chapter 129, Florida Statutes, at the total fund level. The County has adopted more stringent policies that control expenditures on the major category (Personal Services, Operating, Capital Outlay, Debt Service, and Non-Operating) level within funds. The County, additionally, has adopted a Budget Amendment Policy that allows the County Manager to transfer budget amounts within departments and funds. The Board must authorize all budget changes between funds.
- (3) Budgets for the governmental and proprietary fund types are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- (4) Appropriations for the County lapse at the close of a fiscal year. Encumbered appropriations are re-appropriated in the ensuing year's budget.
- (5) Budget for the Clerk's Fine and Forfeiture special revenue fund is approved by the Florida Clerk of Courts Operations Corporation and the Board. The Florida Department of Revenue approves the Property Appraiser's and the Tax Collector's respective budgets.
- (6) Formal budgetary integration is used as a management control device for all funds of the County.

The following is a comparison of the appropriations to total expenses for the proprietary funds for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012:

							nce with Final budget
		_Ap	propriations	Tot	tal Expenses	Positi	ve/(Negative)
Enterprise funds	Solid Waste System	\$	15,338,303	\$	11,103,754	\$	4,234,549
	Codes Enforcement		1,255,182		1,044,815		210,367
Internal Service funds	Computer Replacement		640,868		519,495		121,373
	Self Insurance		3,338,072		2,264,145		1,073,927
	Fleet Management		4,563,032		3,672,291		890,741
	Telephone Service		1,101,958		807,833		294,125
	Vehicle Replacement		3,348,269		1,202,168		2,146,101
	Health Insurance		21,162,608		20,339,707		822,901

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

NOTE 3 - FUND BALANCE CLASSSIFICATION AND RESTRICTED NET ASSETS A. GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION

A. GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE	GENERAL	CHOICES	MSTU UNINCORPORATED SERVICES	MSTU LAW ENFORCEMENT	MSTU FIRE PROTECTION
Non-spendable		_			
Inventory	\$ 424,270) \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Prepaid items	50,000		-	-	-
Total non-spendable	474,270		-		-
Restricted for:					
Bond covenants-cash reserves	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-
CHOICES referendum	-	30,199,076	-	-	-
Wild Space Public Places referendum	-	-	-	-	-
Tourist development	-	_	_	-	-
Road construction	_	_	_	-	_
Jail energy conservation project	_	_	_	_	_
Public improvement revenue bond projects	_	_	_	_	_
Alachua County Forever	_	_	_	_	_
Impact fee - Fire	_	_	_	_	_
Impact fee - Parks	_	_	_	_	_
Impact fee - Transportation	_	_	_	_	_
State & Federal grants & other purposes	_	_	_	_	_
Enabling legislation*	_	-	-	-	-
Total restricted		30,199,076	. <u></u>		
Total restricted		30,199,070	· 		
Assigned for:					
Subsequent year's reserve for contingency	5,275,57	-	-	-	-
FY13 Appropriated Fund Balance	5,475,06	-	-	-	-
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	-
Courts	-	-	-	-	-
Culture & recreation	-	-	548,367	-	-
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-
Economic environment	-	-	-	-	-
FRS Contingency	802,683	-	58,560	-	167,335
Human Services	-	-	-	-	-
Physical environment	-	_	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	332,407	3,524,296
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-
Total assigned	11,553,315	-	606,927	332,407	3,691,631
Unassigned	15,928,219)	<u> </u>		
Total fund balances	\$ 27,955,804	_	\$ 606,927	\$ 332,407	\$ 3,691,631

^{*}Enabling legislation - see detail on page 52

GAS TAX USES		DEBT SERVICE	OTHER CAPITAL PROJECTS	TRA	NSPORTATION TRUST	D SPACES &	GOVI	OTHER ERNMENTAL FUNDS	GOV	TOTAL VERNMENTAL FUNDS
\$	176,019	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	600,289
						 -		47,440		97,440
	176,019				<u>-</u>	 		47,440		697,729
		1,086,516								1,086,516
	_	1,409,789			_	_		_		1,409,789
		1,407,707				_				30,199,076
	_	_	_		_	648,519		_		648,519
	_	_	_		_	040,517		3,772,604		3,772,604
	_	_	5,321,426		13,769,282	_		3,772,004		19,090,708
	_	_	3,885,457		-	_		_		3,885,457
	_	_	2,248,008		_	_		_		2,248,008
	_	_	-		-	_		3,932,049		3,932,049
	_	_	225,616		-	_		-		225,616
	_	_	101,452		-	_		_		101,452
	_	_	11,090,173		-	_		_		11,090,173
	_	_	1,264,637		-	_		2,161,367		3,426,004
	_	_	1,994,480		-	_		15,402,822		17,397,302
	-	2,496,305			13,769,282	648,519		25,268,842		98,513,273
	-	-	-		-	-		-		5,275,571
	-	-	-		-	-		-		5,475,061
	-	-	4,428,833		-	-		573,572		5,002,405
	-	-	-		-	-		168,224		168,224
	-	-	-		-	-		94,276		642,643
	-	1,023,865	-		-	-		-		1,023,865
	-	-	437,709		-	-		-		437,709
	93,523	-	-		-	-		-		1,122,101
	-	-	-		-	-		69,151		69,151
	-	-	-		-	-		72,597		72,597
	-	-	-		-	-		948,293		4,804,996
	631,782					 		390		632,172
	725,305	1,023,865	4,866,542			 -		1,926,503		24,726,495
				_						15,928,219
\$	901,324	\$ 3,520,170	\$ 30,997,791	\$	13,769,282	\$ 648,519	\$	27,242,785	\$	139,865,716

B. NET ASSETS RESTRICTED BY ENABLING LEGISLATION

Program	Amount		
Administration	\$	548,345	
Culture & recreation		174,465	
Corrections		743,653	
Courts		4,825,308	
Community services		104,888	
Environmental services		169,333	
Emergency services		1,921,177	
Law enforcement		1,478,214	
Solid waste collection		7,431,919	
Total	\$	17,397,302	

NOTE 4 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Differences between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets

Total fund balances of the County's governmental funds of \$139,865,716 differ from net assets of governmental activities of \$567,753,293 reported in the Statement of Net Assets. This difference results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Assets versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheet.

Capital Related Items

When capital assets (property, plant, equipment) that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the cost of those assets is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. However, the Statement of Net Assets includes those capital assets among the assets of the County as a whole.

Cost of capital assets	\$ 962,399,128
Accumulated depreciation	(448,298,815)
Total capital assets	\$ 514,100,313

Deferred Charges

Deferred Charges of \$1,244,690 represent bond issue costs and legal fees associated with the issuance of bonds. These charges are amortized over the life of the bonds.

2006 Alachua County Gas Tax Revenue Bonds	\$ 191,011
2007 (A)(B) Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bond	685,307
2008 Alachua County Gas Tax Revenue Bonds	296,993
Capital Improvement-Jail Energy Conservation Note Payable	25,852
2011 5 Cent Local Option Gas Tax Note Payable	30,863
2010-1 Note Payable Alachua County Forever	14,664
Total deferred charges	\$ 1,244,690

Net OPEB Obligation (asset)

Payment to retirees reflecting costs applicable to future account periods are not recorded as a Net OPEB asset in the fund financial statements. Changes in the net OPEB Plan obligation (asset) are reported in the Statement of Net Assets.

Net OPEB asset	\$591.633
NEU OT ED asset	\$331.033

Long-term Debt Transactions

Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the Statement of Net Assets. Balances at September 30, 2012 were:

Bond payable - 2006 Alachua County Gas Tax Revenue Bonds	\$ 10,255,000
Less: Discount	(26,083)
Bond payable - 2007 (A)(B) Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bond	48,925,000
Plus: Premium	583,213
Less: Deferred loss on Refunding Public Improvement Revenue Bond (B)	(1,016,781)
Bond payable - 2008 Alachua County Gas Tax Revenue Bonds	13,980,000
Plus: Premium	141,861
Note payable - Capital Improvement - Jail Energy Conservation	6,193,000
Note payable - 5 Cent Local Option Gas Tax Series 2011	8,776,000
Note payable - Alachua County Forever Series 2010-1	9,615,000
Medicaid payable (HB 5301)	5,300,578
Compensated absences	13,303,320
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 116,030,108

Accrued Interest

Accrued liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets differ from the amount reported in governmental funds due to accrued interest on bonds and capital leases outstanding.

Interest payable - 2006 Alachua County Gas Tax Revenue Bonds	\$ 138,583
Interest payable - 2007 (A)(B) Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bond	696,590
Interest payable - 2008 Alachua County Gas Tax Revenue Bonds	191,073
Interest payable - Capital Improvement - Jail Energy Conservation	86,308
Interest payable - 5 Cent Local Option Gas Tax Series 2011	64,357
Interest payable - Alachua County Forever Series 2010-1	 46,713
Total accrued interest	\$ 1,223,624

Unearned and Deferred Revenues

Unearned revenues in the Statement of Net Assets differ from the amount reported in governmental funds due to taxes receivables.

Deferred revenues \$2,357,963

Internal Service Funds

Management uses internal service funds to charge the costs of fleet management, computer replacement, vehicle replacement, telephone service, group health insurance and self-insurance activities to individual funds.

Internal service funds \$25,699,050

Elimination of Interfund Receivables/Payables

Interfund transactions between governmental funds must be eliminated from the Statement of Net Assets.

Interfund receivables/payables

\$14,930,682

Prepaid Items

Payments to vendors reflecting costs applicable to future accounting periods were not recorded as prepaid items in the fund financial statements and should be recorded as such in the government-wide statements.

Prepaid items	\$1 147 660

A. Explanation of Differences Beteween the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets - Continued

Total				
Governmen	ital Capi	ital Related	Long-term	
Funds		Items	Obligations	
\$ 133,907,0	027 \$	-	\$ -	
141,4	421	-	-	
10,434,	549	-	_	
8,712,0)99	-	-	
1,192,2	227	-	-	
2,526,4	478	-	-	
8,080,6	549	-	-	
-	-	-	-	
7,765,0	062	-	-	
771,2	294	-	-	
97,4	440	-	-	
-	-	-	1,244,690	
-	-	-	591,633	
<u> </u>	5	514,100,313		
\$ 173,628,2	246 \$ 5	514,100,313	\$ 1,836,323	
Ф 12.120.4	004 f		Ф	
		-	\$ -	
536,9	929	-	-	
-	-	-	-	
0.7144	-	=	_	
		=	_	
		-	_	
		-	-	
2,641,0	030	-	12 202 220	
-	=	-	13,303,320	
-	=	-	5,300,578	
22.762			97,426,210	
33,762,	550	-	116,030,108	
139,865,7	716 5	514,100,313	(114,193,785)	
\$ 173,628,2	246 \$ 5	514,100,313	\$ 1,836,323	
	\$ 133,907,	Governmental Funds \$ 133,907,027	Governmental Funds Capital Related Items \$ 133,907,027 \$ - 141,421 - 10,434,549 - 8,712,099 - 1,192,227 - 2,526,478 - 8,080,649 - - - 7,765,062 - 771,294 - 97,440 - - - - 514,100,313 \$ 173,628,246 \$ 514,100,313 ** State of the state of t	

Inte	erest Payable	Unearned Revenues	Int	ernal Service Funds	classifications Eliminations	Statement of Net Assets
\$	-	\$ -	\$	24,660,674	\$ -	\$ 158,567,701
	-	-		200,000	-	341,421
	-	-		-	-	10,434,549
	-	-		_	-	8,712,099
	-	-		_	-	1,192,227
	-	-		274,993	-	2,801,471
	-	-		613,789	(8,714,888)	(20,450)
	_	-		4,831,344	(6,215,794)	(1,384,450)
	-	-		18,180	-	7,783,242
	-	-		177,172	-	948,466
	-	-		_	1,147,660	1,245,100
	-	-		_	-	1,244,690
	-	-		_	-	591,633
		 		6,084,279	 	 520,184,592
\$	-	\$ _	\$	36,860,431	\$ (13,783,022)	\$ 712,642,291
\$	-	\$ -	\$	3,216,792	\$ -	\$ 15,337,676
	-	-		-	-	536,929
	1,223,624	-		_	-	1,223,624
	-	-		6,254,926	-	6,254,926
	_	-		_	(8,714,888)	-
				-	(6,215,794)	-
	-	-		7,132	-	3,494,069
	-	-		-	-	45,462
	-	(2,357,963)		1,472,722	-	1,756,395
	-	-		209,809	-	13,513,129
	-	-		-	-	5,300,578
	-	 		-	 	 97,426,210
	1,223,624	(2,357,963)		11,161,381	(14,930,682)	144,888,998
	(1,223,624)	2,357,963		25,699,050	1,147,660	567,753,293
\$	-	\$ -	\$	36,860,431	\$ (13,783,022)	\$ 712,642,291

B. Explanation of Differences between Governmental Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities

The net change in fund balances for governmental funds of \$(11,235,582) differs from the change in net assets for governmental activities of \$(3,247,431) reported in the Statement of Activities. The difference arises primarily from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds operating statement. The effect of the differences is illustrated below.

Capital Related Items

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. As a result, fund balances decrease by the amount of the financial resources expended, whereas net assets decrease by the amount of depreciation expense charged for the year.

Capital outlay	\$ 24,033,759
Depreciation expense	(21,847,574)
Difference	\$ 2,186,185

In the Statement of Activities, only the gain on the disposal of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from a sale can increase or decrease financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of capital assets disposed.

Disposal of capital assets:	
Loss	\$ (2,827,602)
Total change	\$ (2,827,602)

Donations of capital assets are not included as revenues in governmental funds. However, for government-wide reporting, these assets are recognized as revenue on the Statement of Activities.

Capital asset donations \$ 1,487,060

Deferred charges are recorded and amortized in the government-wide statements but not in the fund statements.

Deferred charges \$ 122,565

Long-term Transactions

In the Statement of Activities, debt and capital lease proceeds increase long-term liabilities. However, in the governmental funds, debt and capital lease proceeds are treated as other financing sources since they provide current financial resources to governmental funds.

Issuance of debt \$ 9,615,000

Repayments of bond principal and capital lease principal are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds and thus have the effect of reducing fund balance because current financial resources have been used. However, the principal payments reduce the liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets and do not result in an expense in the Statement of Activities.

Bond principal payments made	\$ (21,346,000)
Deferred loss on refunding	60,105
Discounts amortized	2,925
Premium amortized	(47,781)
Total	\$ (21,331,751)

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Net change in compensated absences	\$ (192,198)
Net change in Medicaid payable (HB 5301)	(5,300,578)
Net accrued interest payable	150,135
Net adjustment	\$ (5,342,641)

Negative Net OPEB Obligation

Amortization of the change in the Net OPEB Obligation funding status of the OPEB Plan is not reported as an expenditure at the fund level.

Net change in	amortization	of negative	net OPEB obli	gation	S	591,633

Internal Service Funds Operating Gain

The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets and the operating gain is entirely allocated to governmental activities in the Statement of Activities because they primarily serve governmental activities of the County. In fiscal year 2012, internal service funds incurred a total operating gain of \$822,243.

Internal service funds allocated program expenses	\$ (2,192,057)
Program revenues	2,883,124
Internal service funds non-operating revenues	131,176
Net change in assets	\$ 822,243

Accrued Tax Revenues

Some tax revenues are not recognized in the current period because the resources are not available and therefore these revenues are not reported in the fund.

Accrued tax revenues	\$ (741,575)
----------------------	--------------

Reclassification and Eliminations

Transfers in and transfers out in the amount of \$46,042,916 between governmental activities should be eliminated. Indirect costs charged between governmental funds have been eliminated as well as Public Works intergovernmental activities. Prepaid items that were previously expensed have been reclassified as governmental assets. These revenues and expenditures must be eliminated to avoid double counting.

Net change in prepaid items	\$ 218 662

B. Explanation of Differences Between Governmental Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities - Continued

REVENUES Governmental Funds Capacito (Transactions) Long-term (Transactions) Taxes \$ 142,201,019 \$. \$. Licenses and permits 440,445 \$. . Intergovernmental 42,065,925 \$. . Charges for services 20,565,161 \$. . Fines and forfeitures 2,089,091 \$. . Investment income 1,729,415 \$. . Special assessments and impact fees 6,305,632 \$. . Private donations 260,138 1,487,060 \$. Miscellaneous 3,861,154 1,94,667 \$. Miscellaneous 219,517,980 1,681,727 \$. Total revenues 219,517,980 1,681,727 \$. Miscellaneous 3,861,154 1,946,677 \$. Miscellaneous 3,881,154 1,946,677 \$. Cortar 1,948,217 . . Cornections 2,9837,860 (3,452,190 . . <		Total		
Taxes		Governmental	Capital Outlay	Long-term
Licenses and permits 440,445 - - Intergovernmental 42,065,925 - - Charges for services 20,565,161 - - Fines and forfeitures 2,089,091 - - Investment income 1,729,415 - - Special assessments and impact fees 6,305,632 - - Private donations 260,138 1,487,060 - Miscellaneous 3,861,154 194,667 - Total revenues 219,517,980 1,681,727 - EXPENDITURES - <th>REVENUES</th> <th>Funds</th> <th>Transactions</th> <th>Transactions</th>	REVENUES	Funds	Transactions	Transactions
Intergovernmental	Taxes	\$ 142,201,019	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services 20,565,161 - - Fines and forfeitures 2,089,091 - - Investment income 1,729,415 - - Special assessments and impact fees 6,305,632 - - Private donations 260,138 1,487,060 - Miscellaneous 3,861,154 194,667 - Total revenues 219,517,980 1,681,727 - EXPENDITURES Administration 59,183,603 (71,365) (21,964,217) Community services 26,503,401 (461,537) 5,317,908 Corrections 29,837,860 (3,452,190) 50,549 Courts 19,201,060 689,348 - Culture and recreation 3,363,524 (970,249) - Economic environment 3,680,221 (65,505) - Emergency services 29,879,781 (126,593) - Environmental services 6,664,001 (3,859,207) 38,399 Growth management 3,591,66	Licenses and permits	440,445	-	-
Fines and forfeitures 2,089,091 - - Investment income 1,729,415 - - Special assessments and impact fees 6,305,632 - - Private donations 260,138 1,487,060 - Miscellaneous 3,861,154 194,667 - Total revenues 219,517,980 1,681,727 - EXPENDITURES - - - Administration 59,183,603 (71,365) (21,964,217) Community services 26,503,401 (461,537) 5,317,908 Corrections 29,837,860 (3,452,190) 50,549 Courts 19,201,060 689,348 - Culture and recreation 3,363,524 (970,249) - Economic environment 3,680,221 (65,505) - Emergency services 29,879,781 (126,593) - Environmental services 6,664,001 (3,859,207) 38,399 Growth management 3,5981,623 (1,103,742) -	Intergovernmental	42,065,925	-	-
Investment income 1,729,415 - - Special assessments and impact fees 6,305,632 - - Private donations 260,138 1,487,060 - Miscellaneous 3,861,154 194,667 - Total revenues 219,517,980 1,681,727 - EXPENDITURES Administration 59,183,603 (71,365) (21,964,217) Community services 26,503,401 (461,537) 5,317,908 Corrections 29,837,860 (3,452,190) 50,549 Courts 19,201,060 689,348 - Culture and recreation 3,363,524 (970,249) - Economic environment 3,680,221 (65,505) - Emergency services 29,879,781 (126,593) - Environmental services 6,664,001 (3,859,207) 38,399 Growth management 35,39,784 676,201 - Law enforcement 35,981,623 (1,103,742) - Solid waste collection	Charges for services	20,565,161	-	-
Special assessments and impact fees 6,305,632 brivate donations - - Miscellaneous 3,861,154 brivate donations 194,667 brivate donations - Miscellaneous 3,861,154 brivate donations 194,667 brivate donations - Total revenues 219,517,980 brivate donations 1,681,727 brivate donations - EXPENDITURES - - - EMAINISTATION of Community services 26,503,401 brivate dol (461,537) brivate dol (461,537) brivate donations should del (461,537) brivate donations 5,317,908 brivate donations Corrections 29,837,860 brivate dol (3,452,190) brivate dol (461,537) brivate donations dol (461,537) brivate donations dol (470,000) drivate dol (461,537) brivate donations dol (470,000) drivate dol (461,537) brivate dol (461,537)	Fines and forfeitures	2,089,091	-	-
Private donations 260,138 1,487,060 - Miscellaneous 3,861,154 194,667 - Total revenues 219,517,980 1,681,727 - EXPENDITURES Administration 59,183,603 (71,365) (21,964,217) Community services 26,503,401 (461,537) 5,317,908 Corrections 29,837,860 (3,452,190) 50,549 Courts 19,201,060 689,348 - Culture and recreation 3,363,524 (970,249) - Economic environment 3,680,221 (65,505) - Emergency services 29,879,781 (126,593) - Environmental services 6,64,001 (3,859,207) 38,399 Growth management 3,539,784 676,201 - Law enforcement 35,981,623 (1,103,742) - Solid waste collection 4,929,183 17,162 - Transportation 13,566,802 9,369,094 45,484 Interest on long-term debt 4,111,809	Investment income	1,729,415	-	-
Miscellaneous 3,861,154 194,667 - Total revenues 219,517,980 1,681,727 - EXPENDITURES Administration 59,183,603 (71,365) (21,964,217) Community services 26,503,401 (461,537) 5,317,908 Corrections 29,837,860 (3,452,190) 50,549 Courts 19,201,060 689,348 - Culture and recreation 3,636,324 (970,249) - Economic environment 3,680,221 (65,505) - Emergency services 29,879,781 (126,593) - Environmental services 6,664,001 (3,859,207) 38,399 Growth management 3,539,784 676,201 - Law enforcement 35,981,623 (1,103,742) - Solid waste collection 4,929,183 17,162 - Transportation 13,566,802 9,369,094 45,448 Interest on long-term debt 4,111,809 - 11,672 Total expenditures 240,442,652	Special assessments and impact fees	6,305,632	-	-
EXPENDITURES 219,517,980 1,681,727 - Administration 59,183,603 (71,365) (21,964,217) Community services 26,503,401 (461,537) 5,317,908 Corrections 29,837,860 (3,452,190) 50,549 Courts 19,201,060 689,348 - Culture and recreation 3,363,524 (970,249) - Economic environment 3,680,221 (65,505) - Emergency services 29,879,781 (126,593) - Environmental services 6,664,001 (3,859,207) 38,399 Growth management 35,981,623 (1,103,742) - Law enforcement 35,981,623 (1,103,742) - Solid waste collection 4,929,183 17,162 - Transportation 13,566,802 9,369,094 45,448 Interest on long-term debt 4,111,809 - 11,672 Total expenditures (20,924,672) 1,040,310 16,500,241 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) <t< td=""><td>Private donations</td><td>260,138</td><td>1,487,060</td><td>-</td></t<>	Private donations	260,138	1,487,060	-
Seministration Semi	Miscellaneous	3,861,154	194,667	-
Administration 59,183,603 (71,365) (21,964,217) Community services 26,503,401 (461,537) 5,317,908 Corrections 29,837,860 (3,452,190) 50,549 Courts 19,201,060 689,348 - Culture and recreation 3,635,524 (970,249) - Economic environment 3,680,221 (65,505) - Emergency services 29,879,781 (126,593) - Environmental services 6,664,001 (3,859,207) 38,399 Growth management 35,539,784 676,201 - Law enforcement 35,981,623 (1,103,742) - Solid waste collection 4,929,183 17,162 - Transportation 13,566,802 9,369,094 45,448 Interest on long-term debt 4,111,809 - 11,672 Total expenditures 240,442,652 641,417 (16,500,241) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 45,922,339 - - <td< td=""><td>Total revenues</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Total revenues			
Community services 26,503,401 (461,537) 5,317,908 Corrections 29,837,860 (3,452,190) 50,549 Courts 19,201,060 689,348 - Culture and recreation 3,363,524 (970,249) - Economic environment 3,680,221 (65,505) - Emergency services 29,879,781 (126,593) - Environmental services 6,664,001 (3,859,207) 38,399 Growth management 3,539,784 676,201 - Law enforcement 35,981,623 (1,103,742) - Solid waste collection 4,929,183 17,162 - Transportation 13,566,802 9,369,094 45,448 Interest on long-term debt 4,111,809 - 11,672 Total expenditures (20,924,672) 1,040,310 16,500,241 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 45,922,339 - - Transfers out (46,042,916) - - Issuance of debt	EXPENDITURES			
Community services 26,503,401 (461,537) 5,317,908 Corrections 29,837,860 (3,452,190) 50,549 Courts 19,201,060 689,348 - Culture and recreation 3,363,524 (970,249) - Economic environment 3,680,221 (65,505) - Emergency services 29,879,781 (126,593) - Environmental services 6,664,001 (3,859,207) 38,399 Growth management 3,539,784 676,201 - Law enforcement 35,981,623 (1,103,742) - Solid waste collection 4,929,183 17,162 - Transportation 13,566,802 9,369,094 45,448 Interest on long-term debt 4,111,809 - 11,672 Total expenditures (20,924,672) 1,040,310 16,500,241 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 45,922,339 - - Transfers out (46,042,916) - - Issuance of debt	Administration	59,183,603	(71,365)	(21,964,217)
Corrections 29,837,860 (3,452,190) 50,549 Courts 19,201,060 689,348 - Culture and recreation 3,363,524 (970,249) - Economic environment 3,680,221 (65,505) - Emergency services 29,879,781 (126,593) - Environmental services 6,664,001 (3,859,207) 38,399 Growth management 3,539,784 676,201 - Law enforcement 35,981,623 (1,103,742) - Solid waste collection 4,929,183 17,162 - Transportation 13,566,802 9,369,094 45,448 Interest on long-term debt 4,111,809 - 11,672 Total expenditures (20,924,672) 1,040,310 16,500,241 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 45,922,339 - - Transfers out (46,042,916) - - Issuance of debt 9,615,000 - (9,615,000) Sale of capital assets <td>Community services</td> <td>, ,</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Community services	, ,		
Courts 19,201,060 689,348 - Culture and recreation 3,363,524 (970,249) - Economic environment 3,680,221 (65,505) - Emergency services 29,879,781 (126,593) - Environmental services 6,664,001 (3,859,207) 38,399 Growth management 3,539,784 676,201 - Law enforcement 35,981,623 (1,103,742) - Solid waste collection 4,929,183 17,162 - Transportation 13,566,802 9,369,094 45,448 Interest on long-term debt 4,111,809 - 11,672 Total expenditures 240,442,652 641,417 (16,500,241) Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (20,924,672) 1,040,310 16,500,241 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 45,922,339 - - Tansfers out (46,042,916) - - Issuance of debt 9,615,000 - (9,615,000)	•			
Culture and recreation 3,363,524 (970,249) - Economic environment 3,680,221 (65,505) - Emergency services 29,879,781 (126,593) - Environmental services 6,664,001 (3,859,207) 38,399 Growth management 3,539,784 676,201 - Law enforcement 35,981,623 (1,103,742) - Solid waste collection 4,929,183 17,162 - Transportation 13,566,802 9,369,094 45,448 Interest on long-term debt 4,111,809 - 11,672 Total expenditures 240,442,652 641,417 (16,500,241) Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (20,924,672) 1,040,310 16,500,241 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 45,922,339 - - Transfers out (46,042,916) - - Issuance of debt 9,615,000 - (9,615,000) Sale of capital assets 194,667 (194,667) - <	Courts			-
Economic environment 3,680,221 (65,505) - Emergency services 29,879,781 (126,593) - Environmental services 6,664,001 (3,859,207) 38,399 Growth management 3,539,784 676,201 - Law enforcement 35,981,623 (1,103,742) - Solid waste collection 4,929,183 17,162 - Transportation 13,566,802 9,369,094 45,448 Interest on long-term debt 4,111,809 - 11,672 Total expenditures 240,442,652 641,417 (16,500,241) Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (20,924,672) 1,040,310 16,500,241 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out (46,042,916) - - Issuance of debt 9,615,000 - (9,615,000) Sale of capital assets 194,667 (194,667) - Total other financing sources (uses) 9,689,090 (194,667) (9,615,000) Net change in fund balances (11,235,582) 845,643	Culture and recreation		,	_
Emergency services 29,879,781 (126,593) - Environmental services 6,664,001 (3,859,207) 38,399 Growth management 3,539,784 676,201 - Law enforcement 35,981,623 (1,103,742) - Solid waste collection 4,929,183 17,162 - Transportation 13,566,802 9,369,094 45,448 Interest on long-term debt 4,111,809 - 11,672 Total expenditures 240,442,652 641,417 (16,500,241) Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (20,924,672) 1,040,310 16,500,241 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out (46,042,916) - - Issuance of debt 9,615,000 - (9,615,000) Sale of capital assets 194,667 (194,667) - Total other financing sources (uses) 9,689,090 (194,667) (9,615,000) Net change in fund balances (11,235,582) 845,643 6,885,241 Fund balances-beginning<	Economic environment		, , ,	_
Environmental services 6,664,001 (3,859,207) 38,399 Growth management 3,539,784 676,201 - Law enforcement 35,981,623 (1,103,742) - Solid waste collection 4,929,183 17,162 - Transportation 13,566,802 9,369,094 45,448 Interest on long-term debt 4,111,809 - 11,672 Total expenditures (20,924,672) 1,040,310 16,500,241 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 45,922,339 - - Transfers out (46,042,916) - - Issuance of debt 9,615,000 - (9,615,000) Sale of capital assets 194,667 (194,667) - Total other financing sources (uses) 9,689,090 (194,667) (9,615,000) Net change in fund balances (11,235,582) 845,643 6,885,241 Fund balances-beginning 151,101,298 513,254,670 (107,775,706)	Emergency services			_
Growth management 3,539,784 676,201 - Law enforcement 35,981,623 (1,103,742) - Solid waste collection 4,929,183 17,162 - Transportation 13,566,802 9,369,094 45,448 Interest on long-term debt 4,111,809 - 11,672 Total expenditures 240,442,652 641,417 (16,500,241) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 45,922,339 - - Transfers out (46,042,916) - - Issuance of debt 9,615,000 - (9,615,000) Sale of capital assets 194,667 (194,667) - Total other financing sources (uses) 9,689,090 (194,667) (9,615,000) Net change in fund balances (11,235,582) 845,643 6,885,241 Fund balances-beginning 151,101,298 513,254,670 (107,775,706)				38,399
Law enforcement 35,981,623 (1,103,742) - Solid waste collection 4,929,183 17,162 - Transportation 13,566,802 9,369,094 45,448 Interest on long-term debt 4,111,809 - 11,672 Total expenditures 240,442,652 641,417 (16,500,241) Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures COTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 45,922,339 - - Transfers out (46,042,916) - - Issuance of debt 9,615,000 - (9,615,000) Sale of capital assets 194,667 (194,667) - Total other financing sources (uses) 9,689,090 (194,667) (9,615,000) Net change in fund balances (11,235,582) 845,643 6,885,241 Fund balances-beginning 151,101,298 513,254,670 (107,775,706)				-
Solid waste collection 4,929,183 17,162 - Transportation 13,566,802 9,369,094 45,448 Interest on long-term debt 4,111,809 - 11,672 Total expenditures 240,442,652 641,417 (16,500,241) Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (20,924,672) 1,040,310 16,500,241 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 45,922,339 - - Transfers out (46,042,916) - - Issuance of debt 9,615,000 - (9,615,000) Sale of capital assets 194,667 (194,667) - Total other financing sources (uses) 9,689,090 (194,667) (9,615,000) Net change in fund balances (11,235,582) 845,643 6,885,241 Fund balances-beginning 151,101,298 513,254,670 (107,775,706)	2	· · ·		_
Transportation 13,566,802 9,369,094 45,448 Interest on long-term debt 4,111,809 - 11,672 Total expenditures 240,442,652 641,417 (16,500,241) Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (20,924,672) 1,040,310 16,500,241 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 45,922,339 - - Transfers out (46,042,916) - - Issuance of debt 9,615,000 - (9,615,000) Sale of capital assets 194,667 (194,667) - Total other financing sources (uses) 9,689,090 (194,667) (9,615,000) Net change in fund balances (11,235,582) 845,643 6,885,241 Fund balances-beginning 151,101,298 513,254,670 (107,775,706)	Solid waste collection	4,929,183		_
Interest on long-term debt 4,111,809 - 11,672 Total expenditures 240,442,652 641,417 (16,500,241) Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (20,924,672) 1,040,310 16,500,241 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 45,922,339 - - Transfers out (46,042,916) - - Issuance of debt 9,615,000 - (9,615,000) Sale of capital assets 194,667 (194,667) - Total other financing sources (uses) 9,689,090 (194,667) (9,615,000) Net change in fund balances (11,235,582) 845,643 6,885,241 Fund balances-beginning 151,101,298 513,254,670 (107,775,706)	Transportation	· · ·	,	45,448
Total expenditures 240,442,652 641,417 (16,500,241) Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (20,924,672) 1,040,310 16,500,241 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 45,922,339 - - Transfers out (46,042,916) - - Issuance of debt 9,615,000 - (9,615,000) Sale of capital assets 194,667 (194,667) - Total other financing sources (uses) 9,689,090 (194,667) (9,615,000) Net change in fund balances (11,235,582) 845,643 6,885,241 Fund balances-beginning 151,101,298 513,254,670 (107,775,706)	-		-	·
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 45,922,339 - - Transfers out (46,042,916) - - Issuance of debt 9,615,000 - (9,615,000) Sale of capital assets 194,667 (194,667) - Total other financing sources (uses) 9,689,090 (194,667) (9,615,000) Net change in fund balances (11,235,582) 845,643 6,885,241 Fund balances-beginning 151,101,298 513,254,670 (107,775,706)			641,417	
Transfers in 45,922,339 - - Transfers out (46,042,916) - - Issuance of debt 9,615,000 - (9,615,000) Sale of capital assets 194,667 (194,667) - Total other financing sources (uses) 9,689,090 (194,667) (9,615,000) Net change in fund balances (11,235,582) 845,643 6,885,241 Fund balances-beginning 151,101,298 513,254,670 (107,775,706)	Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(20,924,672)	1,040,310	16,500,241
Transfers out (46,042,916) - - Issuance of debt 9,615,000 - (9,615,000) Sale of capital assets 194,667 (194,667) - Total other financing sources (uses) 9,689,090 (194,667) (9,615,000) Net change in fund balances (11,235,582) 845,643 6,885,241 Fund balances-beginning 151,101,298 513,254,670 (107,775,706)	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Issuance of debt 9,615,000 - (9,615,000) Sale of capital assets 194,667 (194,667) - Total other financing sources (uses) 9,689,090 (194,667) (9,615,000) Net change in fund balances (11,235,582) 845,643 6,885,241 Fund balances-beginning 151,101,298 513,254,670 (107,775,706)	Transfers in	45,922,339	-	-
Sale of capital assets 194,667 (194,667) - Total other financing sources (uses) 9,689,090 (194,667) (9,615,000) Net change in fund balances (11,235,582) 845,643 6,885,241 Fund balances-beginning 151,101,298 513,254,670 (107,775,706)	Transfers out	(46,042,916)	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses) 9,689,090 (194,667) (9,615,000) Net change in fund balances (11,235,582) 845,643 6,885,241 Fund balances-beginning 151,101,298 513,254,670 (107,775,706)	Issuance of debt	9,615,000	-	(9,615,000)
Net change in fund balances (11,235,582) 845,643 6,885,241 Fund balances-beginning 151,101,298 513,254,670 (107,775,706)	Sale of capital assets	194,667	(194,667)	-
Fund balances-beginning 151,101,298 513,254,670 (107,775,706)	Total other financing sources (uses)	9,689,090	(194,667)	(9,615,000)
	Net change in fund balances	(11,235,582)	845,643	6,885,241
	Fund balances-beginning	151,101,298	513,254,670	(107,775,706)
		\$ 139,865,716	\$ 514,100,313	

Compensated Absences		Accrued Interest Expenses		Unearned Revenues		Internal Service Funds		Reclassifications and Eliminations		Statement of Activities	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	(927,611)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 141,273,408	8
	-		-		-		-		-	440,445	5
	-		-		(23,008)		-		-	42,042,917	7
	-		-		246,364		1,509,695		(1,224,404)	21,096,810	6
	-		-		-		-		-	2,089,09	1
	-		-		(1,610)		96,423		-	1,824,228	8
	-		-		(35,710)		-		-	6,269,922	2
	-		-		-		-		-	1,747,198	8
							1,408,182		(1,426,463)	4,037,540	0
	-		-		(741,575)		3,014,300		(2,650,867)	220,821,565	5
(68,	743)		-		-		2,698,397		(254,623)	39,523,052	2
(14,	872)		-		-		(77,242)		(97,949)	31,169,709	9
	580		-		-		119,303		-	26,641,102	
(13,	638)		-		-		(101,954)		(85,446)	19,689,370	0
(608)		-		-		(41,350)		(52,033)	2,299,284	4
(2,	545)		-		-		(147)		(72,734)	3,539,290	0
(78,	082)		-		-		(367,002)		(598,451)	28,709,653	3
11,	826		-		-		(31,352)		(123,368)	2,700,299	9
	728		-		-		(17,831)		(216,040)	3,982,842	2
264,	520		-		-		203,261		(476,928)	34,868,734	4
(14,	943)		-		-		(53,924)		(188,751)	4,688,727	7
22,	975		-		-		(138,102)		(703,206)	22,163,01	1
-		(150,1	135)		-		-		-	3,973,346	6
192,	198	(150,1	135)		-		2,192,057		(2,869,529)	223,948,419	9
(192,	198)	150,1	135		(741,575)		822,243		218,662	(3,126,854	4)
	_		_		_		_		(45,922,339)	_	
	_		-		_		_		45,922,339	(120,57	7)
	_		-		_		_		-	-	,
	_		-		_		_		_	_	
	-				-		-		-	(120,57	7)
(192,	198)	150,1	135		(741,575)		822,243		218,662	(3,247,43)	1)
(13,111,	122)	(1,373,7	759)		3,099,538	2	24,876,807		928,998	571,000,724	4
\$ (13,303,	320)	\$ (1,223,6		\$	2,357,963		25,699,050	\$	1,147,660	\$ 567,753,293	

NOTE 5 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The County, for accounting and investment purposes, maintains an internal investment pool that includes all the County's cash deposits and investments, except for those monies which are legally restricted to separate administration or are administered by other agencies. This gives the County the ability to invest large amounts of idle cash for short periods of time and maximize earning potential. Each fund's portion of the investment pool is displayed on the governmental funds balance sheet as "equity in pooled cash and investments."

Deposits and investments as of September 30, 2012 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Assets **Primary Government** Equity in pooled cash and investments \$ 171,632,924 Cash with fiscal agent 341,421 Other cash and investments 10,434,799 Sinking fund cash and equivalents 8,712,099 Other investments 1,192,227 Restricted cash and investments: Equity in pooled cash & investments 35,395 Investments 4,095,658 **Component Units** Equity in pooled cash and investments 381,676 Statement of fiduciary net assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments 28,026 Other cash and equivalents 7,422,691 Investments 2,250,833 Total cash and investments 206,527,749 Deposits and investments as of September 30, 2012 consist of the following: Primary Government \$ Deposits with financial institutions 38,022,668 Investments 158,421,855 Component Units Investments 381,676 Fiduciary Assets Deposits with financial institutions 7,450,717 Investments 2,250,833 \$ 206,527,749

A. Cash Deposits

Deposits in banks and thrift institutions are collateralized as public funds through a state procedure provided for in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Financial institutions qualifying as public depositories are required to pledge eligible collateral having a market value equal to or greater than the average daily or monthly balance of all public deposits times the depository's collateral. The Public Deposit Security Trust Fund has a procedure to allocate and recover losses in the event of a default or insolvency. When public deposits are made in accordance with Chapter 280, F. S., no public depositor shall be liable for any loss thereof. All of the County's operating and Component Units cash deposits are placed with qualified financial institutions and are fully insured or collateralized.

B. Investments

The County has formally adopted investment policies for Operating Funds and Component Units as described below.

Operating Funds and Component Units Investment Policy

The County adopted the Operating Fund Investment Policy with Ordinance 95-8, which provides for the investment of surplus operating public funds in the following instruments, none of which shall be in the form of derivatives. The following types of investments are allowed by the policy:

- The State Board of Administration's Florida Local Government Investment Pool (Florida PRIME and SBA Fund B)
- Negotiable direct obligations, or obligations which are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States Government
- Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in certain financial institutions provided that any such deposits are secured by collateral as may be prescribed by law
- Obligations of the Federal Farm Credit Banks, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or Federal Home Loan Bank or its district banks, including Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation participation certificates, or obligations guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association.
- Securities of or other interests in, any registered open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust provided the portfolio of such investment company or investment trust is limited to obligations of the United States Government or any agency or instrumentality thereof and to repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such United States Government obligations and provided such investment company or investment trust takes delivery of such collateral either directly or through an authorized custodian.

Investment Holdings

As of September 30, 2012, the County had the following investments:

(Years)	Fair Value					
Primary Government						
0.001	\$ 349,726					
0.14	12,577,626					
0.15	15,040,704					
1.84	10,125,323					
0.11	11,785,493					
4.08	2,800,148					
0.11	53,567,980					
0.93	8,014,264					
0.95	42,212,584					
0.02	1,948,007					
	158,421,855					
Component Unit						
0.11	381,676					
·						
5.42	1,105,309					
0.15	987,337					
4.08	158,187					
Total Fiduciary						
	\$ 161,054,364					
	0.001 0.14 0.15 1.84 0.11 4.08 0.11 0.93 0.95 0.02 0.11 5.42 0.15					

Brief Description of each Investment Type (Primary Government)

Fidelity Treasury (Only) Money Market Fund - An open-end pool that seeks as high a level of current income as is consistent with the security of principal and liquidity. The Fund seeks to preserve and maintain a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per share. The Fund maintains a weighted average maturity of 60 days or less. This Fund is held in the trust department at Regions Bank and is also used as a sweep account for individual security transactions bought and sold by PFM Asset Management.

PFM Funds-Government Series - The PFM Funds - Government Series (the "GS Fund") is a diversified, open-end pool registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. The GS Fund's primary objective is to seek as high a rate of current income as is consistent with maintaining liquidity and stability of principal and to maintain a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per share. The GS Fund seeks to maintain a dollar weighted average portfolio maturity of 60 days or less and invests exclusively in obligations of the United States Government, its agencies and instrumentalities, repurchase agreements secured by U.S. Government Obligations and money market mutual funds that invest exclusively in U.S. Government Obligations and such repurchase agreements.

State Board of Administration's Local Government Investment Pool (Florida Prime Fund and SBA Fund B - The State of Florida's Local Government Investment Pools are administered by the Florida State Board of Administration (SBA), which provides regulatory oversight. The powers and duties of the SBA are defined in Florida Statute 218.409. In addition, Chapter 19-7 of the Florida Administrative Code identifies the rules and regulations governing the administration of the State Pools. These rules provide guidance and establish the general operating procedures for the administration of the pools. The SBA

provides regulatory oversight for the Florida PRIME Fund and the SBA Fund B. As a pool participant, the County owns a share of the respective pools, not the underlying securities.

The Florida PRIME Fund is an external investment pool that has adopted operating procedures consistent with the Securities and Exchange Commission's investment requirements for a "2a7-like" fund and the fair value of the position in the pool is equal to the value of the pool shares.

SBA Fund B - In May 2008, the Governor of Florida signed Senate Bill 2422 into law, which legally created the Fund B Surplus Funds Trust Fund (formerly Fund B Pool). Pursuant to F.S. 218.421(1)(a), the purpose of the Fund B Surplus Funds Trust Fund is to maximize the payout of principal on invested surplus funds of units of local government formerly in Fund B Pool through a prudent work out of the trust fund with the ultimate goal of self-liquidating the trust fund through maturity and payout of the investments.

Additional information on the Florida PRIME Fund and SBA Fund B may be obtained from the State Board of Administration (www.sbafla.com).

Federal Agency & US Treasury Securities - The County contracts with PFM Asset Management LLC, Independent Investment Advisor, to manage a portion of the operating portfolio. PFM is authorized to invest in US Treasury and Federal Agency securities and notes on behalf of the County. At year end, PFM directly managed \$105,742,835 (fair market value) as noted in the table on page 65.

Florida Trust Day to Day Fund – This is a money market product created in January 2009 as part of the Florida Local Government Investment Trust developed through the joint efforts of the Florida Association of Court Clerks and Comptrollers and the Florida Association of Counties. The fund is AAAm rated by Standard and Poor's and is governed by the Florida Local Government Investment Trust board and advisory committee. The fund seeks to preserve and maintain a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per share. The weighted average maturity of the Fund at September 30, 2012, was 55 days. Additional information on this fund may be obtained from the Florida Trust website at www.floridatrustonline.com.

Florida Local Government Investment Trust – This is a short term bond fund created in December 12, 1991 through the joint efforts of the Florida Court Clerks and Comptrollers and the Florida Association of Counties. It is the longest running member-owned and member-governed local government investment pool in the State of Florida. The fund is rated AAAf by Standard and Poors. The fund is structured to maintain safety of principal and maximize available yield through a balance of quality and diversification.

Description of Component Unit Investment Holdings

The John A. H. Murphree Law Library and Alachua County Housing Finance Authority, the County's discretely presented component units, invest in the County's internal investment pool. Their investment balances at September 30, 2012 are \$75,195 and \$306,481 respectively. As participants in the investment pool the components units are subject to the same investment policy used for the County's operating funds.

Description of Fiduciary Asset Investment Holdings

The Other Post Benefit Plan (OPEB) invests with the Florida League of Cities Florida Municipal Investment Trust (FMPTF) 0-2 Year High Quality Bond Fund. This fund consists of short bond fixed income portfolio. The fair market value at September 30, 2012 is \$1,105,309. The Clerk of Court Registry fund investments are held in Florida Trust Day to Day Fund and SBA Fund B as described above. The fair market values at September 30, 2012 are \$987,337 and \$158,187 respectively.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits</u> – Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and they are uncollateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the County's name.

The County's operating investment policy requires that bank deposits be secured as provided by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. This law requires local governments to deposit funds only in financial institutions designated as qualified public depositories by the Chief Financial Officer of the State of Florida, and creates the Public Deposits Trust Fund, a multiple financial institution pool with the ability to assess its member financial institutions for collateral shortfalls if a default or insolvency has occurred. At September 30, 2012, all County and Component Units bank deposits were in qualified public depositories and collateralized by the Bureau of Collateral Securities, Division of the Treasury, State Department of Insurance.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Investments</u> – Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured and are not registered in the name of the government and are held by either the counterparty or by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the government's name.

The County's operating investment policy requires execution of a third-party custodial safekeeping agreement for all purchased securities, and requires that securities be held in the County's name. As of September 30, 2012, all securities are held in Region Bank's trust department in the County's name.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County's operating investment policies have a provision that the investment (excluding 2a7-like pools) be rated by a nationally recognized rating agency at the time of purchase in either of its two highest rating categories (within which there may be sub-categories or gradations indicating relative standing). This policy applies to the County's operating investments and investments of the component units.

Presented below is the rating as of year-end for each major investment type and classification:

Investments R	Rating Fair Valu	ıe
Primary Government		
Regions MMF A.	AAm \$ 349	9,726
PFM Fund Government Series A.	AAm 12,577	7,626
Florida Trust Day to Day Fund A.	AAm 15,040),704
FLGIT A	AAAf 10,125	5,323
Florida PRIME (2a-7-like) A.	AAm 11,785	5,493
SBA Fund B Ur	nrated 2,800),148
Federal Agency Discount Note (PFM)	AA+ 53,567	7,980
Federal Agency Bond Note (PFM)	AA+ 8,014	1,264
US Treasury Bond/Note (PFM)	AA+ 42,212	2,584
Municipal Bonds (PFM)	AA+1,948	3,007
Total Primary Government	158,421	1,855
Component Unit		
Florida PRIME (2a-7-like) A.	AAm 381	1,676
Fiduciary		
FMPTF Bond Fund	AA 1,105	5,309
Florida Trust Day to Day Fund A.	AAm 987	7,337
SBA Fund B Ur	nrated 158	3,187
Total Fiduciary	2,250),833
Total Holdings	\$ 161,054	1,364

<u>Interest Rate Risk - Investments</u> Section 218.415(6), Florida Statutes, limits investment maturities to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due. The County has a formal investment policy for operating and component units' current operating surplus funds that limits investment maturities to two years as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates. Investment of non-operating funds, including bond reserves can have maturities that do not exceed ten years. Below is a detailed investment schedule organized by investment type, amount, and segmented time distribution:

		3 Months-					
Investment	Fair Value	air Value 0-3 Months 1 Y		1 Year		> 1 Year	
Federal Agency Note (PFM)	\$ 53,567,980	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 53,567,980	
Federal Agency Bond (PFM)	8,014,264		-		-	8,014,264	
US Treasuries (PFM)	42,212,584		-		-	42,212,584	
Municipal Bonds (PFM)	1,948,007		-	1,9	48,007		
Total	\$105,742,835			\$ 1,9	48,007	\$103,794,828	

<u>Callable Investments</u> - The County has \$5,553,266 in Federal Instrumentalities that have embedded options consisting of the option at the discretion of the issuer to call their obligation or pay a stated increase in the interest rate. These securities have various call dates, and mature between October 2013 and August 2015.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> - The County's adopted investment policy requires that assets held are diversified to control the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, issuer, instrument, dealer, or bank through which these instruments are bought or sold. The County places no limit on the amount the County may invest in any one issuer. Diversification strategies within the established guidelines are reviewed and revised periodically as necessary by the appropriate management staff. The County held investments of greater than 5% in the following investment categories:

Category	Percentage of Total Cash & Investments
Federal National Mortgage Assn.	5.28%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	18.05%
FHLB Global Notes	5.50%
US Treasuries	22.72%
PFM Fund Government Series	6.77%
SunTrust Muni-Now	8.17%
Florida PRIME (2a7- like)	5.70%
Florida Trust Day to Day Fund	8.09%
Compass Public Funds	5.38%
FLGIT	5.45%

C. Restricted Cash and Investments

The following chart illustrates cash and investments restricted by bond covenants or used to fund post-closure of the landfill, including the funding of cash reserve requirements as a result of bond issuer downgrades:

	Bond Covenants & Debt Restrictions	C:	king Fund		fill Post
2006 Coa Tau Parrama Paral (1)			king Fund		sure
2006 Gas Tax Revenue Bond (1)	\$ 1,384,450	\$	230,125	\$	-
2007 Public Improvement Revenue Bond-Series A & B (2)	3,610,705		889,128		-
2008 Gas Tax Revenue Bond (3)	1,220,639		290,536		-
2010-1 Alachua County Forever Bank Loan	276,272		-		-
2011 Local Option Gas Tax Bank Loan	810,244		-		-
Solid Waste System	_		-	4,1	31,053
Total Restricted Cash and Investments	\$ 7,302,310	\$	1,409,789	\$ 4,1	31,053

- (1) Bond Surety, AMBAC, was downgraded from Baa1 to Caa2 requiring additional sinking fund requirements.
- (2) Bond Surety, Financial Security Assurance, was downgraded from AAA to Aa3 requiring additional sinking fund requirements.
- (3) Bond Surety, Assured Guaranty, was downgraded from AAA to Aa2 requiring additional sinking fund requirements.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAX

A. Real Property Taxes first certification was done October 11, 2011, with the final certification on February 7, 2013. Property taxes receivable were reported in the General fund, Municipal Services Taxing Unit funds, MSBU Refuse Collection, Debt Service fund, Tourist Development subfund, Sugarfoot Preservation special assessment sub-fund, West End special assessment sub-fund, NE 132nd Avenue special sub-fund and the Solid Waste fund as Due From other funds (Constitutional Officer-Tax Collector). Chapter 197, Florida Statutes, governs property tax collections.

B. Property Tax Calendar and pertinent assessment/lien information is as follows:

- 1. January 1 All taxes become a first lien, superior to all other liens.
- 2. July 1 The Property Appraiser completes assessment and certifies the taxable value to the County.
- 3. August 5 The County certifies to the Property Appraiser the amount of taxes intended to be levied for both operations and debt service.
- 4. September (1-30) The County holds its final budget hearings and adopts the tax levy for the ensuing fiscal year.
- 5. *November 1* Taxes become due and payable before March 31.
- 6. April 1 All unpaid taxes become delinquent.
- 7. June 1 The Tax Collector sells tax certificates on all delinquent real estate parcels.
- 8. June (1-30) The Tax Collector disburses proceeds of the tax certificate sale to the taxing authorities.
- 9. Prior to April 30 of the tax year following delinquency, warrants are ratified on unpaid Tangible Personal Property taxes.

C. Real Property Delinquent Tax Process

- 1. April 1 Unpaid taxes become delinquent.
- 2. April 1 May 31 A list of delinquent parcels is advertised in a local newspaper. The owner can pay the tax due plus an interest charge of 3%, plus advertising fees if applicable.
- 3. June 1 If the owner has not paid, the Tax Collector sells a tax certificate on the parcel(s). Tax Certificates are sold for the amount of tax due on the property plus the advertising costs, interest due, and a 5% commission to the Tax Collector (= the "Face Amount"). When the certificate is redeemed, the Tax Certificate holder then receives the face amount plus additional interest. Proceeds of the tax certificate sale are distributed to taxing authorities by the end of June.

D. Other Information Regarding Sale of Tax Certificates

- 1. Alachua County will hold any unsold certificates (for later sale if possible).
- 2. Property owners redeem certificates by paying the Tax Collector the tax certificate amount plus interest and fees; the Tax Collector then pays the certificate holder.
- 3. After two years, holders of unredeemed certificates may apply for a tax deed. In order to obtain a tax deed the property is offered at public auction with the minimum bid being the amount of

the outstanding taxes and certificates on the property, plus additional fees. Any excess over this amount is applied against any other liens and then given to the property owner upon application.

4. The tax certificate expires on any unsold property after 7 years.

E. Tangible Personal Property Delinquent Tax Process

- 1. Prior to April 30 of the tax year following delinquency the Tax Collector will file a lawsuit. The Clerk of the Court will notify taxpayers by certified mail.
- 2. If the property owner does not pay, a Circuit Judge will ratify tax warrants allowing property to be seized and sold for taxes.

F. Property Tax Payment and Distribution

- 1. Discounts for early payment of property tax are allowed in the following manner:
 - 4% for November Payments
 - 3% for December Payments
 - 2% for January Payments
 - 1% for February Payments
- 2. The Tax Collector is required to distribute tax proceeds to taxing authorities promptly in order to provide cash for operations. Fiscal year 2012 distributions were made as follows:

November and December - 2 distributions each month

All other months – 1 distribution each month

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2012 was as follows:

A. Capital asset activity for the	•	Beginning	r							Ending
		Balance		Increases		Decreases	A	djustments		Balance
Primary Government										
Capital assets not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	74,146,303	\$	3,806,424	\$	(93,443)	\$	170,729	\$	78,030,013
Right of Way		157,426,265		-		-		360,589		157,786,854
Stormwater Basins		13,352,229		-		-		577,172		13,929,401
Artwork		91,390		-		-		-		91,390
Construction/Purchase in progress		8,605,075		10,790,018		-		(1,472,569)		17,922,524
Total not being depreciated		253,621,262		14,596,442		(93,443)		(364,079)		267,760,182
Capital assets being depreciated:										
Buildings		120,677,030		417,475		(580,619)		1,253,498		121,767,384
Equipment & purchased software		70,951,320		9,846,738		(8,195,474)		227,108		72,829,692
Software - internally developed		188,016		-		-		-		188,016
Improvements other than Building		13,469,956		402,996		(9,712)		(930)		13,862,310
Infrastructure		501,135,455		560,386		-		857,489		502,553,330
Total being depreciated		706,421,777		11,227,595		(8,785,805)		2,337,165		711,200,732
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Buildings		(43,067,019)		(2,843,128)		-		-		(45,910,147)
Equipment & purchased software		(47,797,438)		(5,549,140)		6,079,763		(521,150)		(47,787,965)
Software - internally developed		(33,740)		(37,604)		-		-		(71,344)
Improvements other than Building		(5,828,744)		(737,315)		6,636		(324)		(6,559,747)
Infrastructure		344,301,447)		(14,145,672)		-		-		358,447,119)
Total accumulated depreciation		441,028,388)		(23,312,859)		6,086,399		(521,474)		458,776,322)
Total being depreciated, net		265,393,389		(12,085,264)		(2,699,406)		1,815,691		252,424,410
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	519,014,651	\$	2,511,178	\$	(2,792,849)	* \$	1,451,612	\$	520,184,592
Business-type activities:										
Capital assets not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	3,324,279	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,324,279
Construction in process		75,338		-		-		(75,338)		-
Total not being depreciated		3,399,617		-		-		(75,338)		3,324,279
Capital assets being depreciated:										
Buildings		2,784,876		75,042		-		75,338		2,935,256
Equipment & purchased software		3,186,708		203,166		(16,143)		-		3,373,731
Improvements other than Building		13,386,660		10,033		-		-		13,396,693
Total being depreciated		19,358,244		288,241		(16,143)		75,338		19,705,680
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Buildings		(1,133,208)		(92,719)		-		-		(1,225,927)
Equipment & purchased software		(2,188,655)		(386,425)		16,143		-		(2,558,937)
Improvements other than Building		(9,902,842)		(200,901)		-		-		(10,103,743)
Total accumulated depreciation		(13,224,705)		(680,045)		16,143		-		(13,888,607)
Total being depreciated, net	ф	6,133,539	φ	(391,804)	ф	-	φ	75,338	Φ	5,817,073
Total business-type capital assets, net	\$	9,533,156	\$	(391,804)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,141,352
Component Unit - Law Library	Φ.	1.050	¢.		¢.	(4.050)	Φ.		Φ.	
Equipment	\$	1,850	\$	-	\$	(1,850)	\$	-	\$	-
Less accumulated depreciation:	Φ	(771)	Φ	-	¢	771	φ	-	Φ	-
Component Unit, capital assets, net	\$	1,079	\$	-	\$	(1,079)	\$	-	\$	-

^{*} Adjustments includes changes between asset types when construction is completed, donations and reclassifications.

B. Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government and the Component Unit as follows:

Primary Government

Governme	ntal A	ctivi	tiec.
(TOVELIIIIE	III.AI A	1 ((1)	

Administration	\$ 782,412
Community service	479,338
Corrections	1,268,021
Courts	967,004
Culture & recreation	704,787
Tourist development	20,139
Emergency services	1,026,903
Environmental services	48,544
Growth management	65,614
Law enforcement	2,031,090
Solid waste disposal	19,020
Transportation (includes County infrastructure)	14,434,702
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are	
charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets.	 1,465,285
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 23,312,859
Business-type activities:	
Codes enforcement	\$ 58
Solid waste disposal	679,987
Total depreciation expense-business-type activities	\$ 680,045

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

A. Interfund Balances as of September 30, 2012, consisted of the following:

	Interfund Receivable		Interfund Payable	
Governmental funds:		_		_
General Fund	\$	6,114,050	\$	1,491,187
MSTU Unincorporated Services		11,229		32
MSTU Law Enforcement		263,619		2,400,142
MSTU Fire Protection		37,253		3,388
Gas Tax Uses		244,152		146
Debt service		19,494		7,371,145
Other Capital Projects		350,374		395,198
Transportation Trust		393,000		100,000
Other Governmental Funds		647,478		3,169,444
Subtotal Governmental funds		8,080,649		14,930,682
Proprietary funds:				
Solid Waste System		1,405,083		126
Codes Enforcement		-		57
Internal Service funds		5,445,133		-
Total	\$	14,930,865	\$	14,930,865

Interfund Receivable consists of due from other funds and advance to other funds. Interfund Payable includes both due to other funds and advances from other funds. Debt Service funds first receive taxes according to bond covenant provisions and the remaining amount is due to either the General Fund or the Gas Tax Uses Fund. All remaining balances result from the time lag between the dates that (a) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (b) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (c) payments between funds are made.

B. Interfund Transfers for the year ended September 30, 2012, consisted of the following:

	Transfers from Other Funds	Transfers to Other Funds
Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$ 25,972,921	\$ 8,403,355
MSTU Unincorporated Services	257,295	262,000
MSTU Law Enforcement	1,244,577	16,469,751
MSTU Fire Protection	775,452	775,316
Gas Tax Uses	3,672,992	97,680
Debt Service	2,454,992	9,770,073
Other Capital Projects	4,983,545	1,962,303
Other Governmental Funds	6,560,565	8,302,438
Subtotal-Governmental Funds	45,922,339	46,042,916
Proprietary Funds:		
Business-type Activities:		
Solid Waste System	120,577	-
Total	\$ 46,042,916	\$ 46,042,916

The County's routine transfers include transfers to: Special Revenue grant match requirements, other funds based on budgetary requirements and funds that are required by statute or budgetary authority to expend revenues from another fund that by statute or budgetary authority must collect revenues.

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. Long-term Obligations (excluding accrued compensated absences and estimated self-insured losses) at September 30, 2012 are composed of the following:

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Revenue Bonds:	
\$21,170,000 Series A Public Improvement Revenue and \$42,455,000 Series 2007 B Public	
Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, due in annual installments of \$920,000 to \$4,580,000	
through 2029, interest from 4.00% to 4.25%.	
<u>Revenue Source</u> - a pledge of the County's portion of the Half Cent Sales Tax.	48,925,000
\$15,400,000 2006 Transportation Improvement revenue bonds, due in annual installments of	
\$965,000 to \$1,325,000 through 2021, interest from 3.75% to 4.50%.	
Revenue Source - a pledge of the County's 5th, 6th, 7th and 9th cent voted Gas Tax.	10,255,000
\$18,245,000 2008 Transportation Improvement revenue bonds, due in annual installments of	
\$1,170,000 to \$1,665,000 through 2022, interest from 3.750% to 4.500%.	
Revenue Source - a pledge of the County's 5th, 6th, 7th and 9th cent voted Gas Tax.	13,980,000
TOTAL BONDS PAYABLE	73,160,000
Notes Payable:	
\$7,700,000 2008 Capital Improvement bank loan, due in annual installments of	
\$456,000 to \$684,000 through 2023, interest of 4.090%.	
Revenue Source - a pledge of the County's Non-Ad Valorem revenues	6,193,000
\$9,500,000 2011 Local Option Gas Tax bank loan, due in annual installments	
of \$1,173,000 to \$1,337,000 through 2019, interest of 2.200%.	
Revenue Source - a pledge of the County's 5 Cent Local Option Gas Tax	8,776,000
\$9,615,000 2010-1 Alachua County Forever bank loan, due in annual installments	
of \$1,496,600 to \$2,079,100 through 2017, insterest of 1.590%.	
Revenue Source - a pledge of the County's Ad Valorem revenues up to .25 mills.	9,615,000
TOTAL NOTES PAYABLE	24,584,000
\$5,300,578 Medicaid Payable HB5301, due in annual installments of	
\$1,766,859 to \$883,429 through 2017	
Revenue Source - County's portion of the Half Cent Sales Tax	5,300,578
TOTAL MEDICAID PAYABLE	5,300,578
TOTAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS	\$ 103,044,578

B. Debt Service and Medicaid Requirements to Maturity on the County's debt at September 30, 2012 are as follows:

						Total
	ъ.	D 1	N 7 4 T		37 11 11	Principal,
	Revenu		Notes F	-	Medicaid	Interest, and
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Payable	Medicaid
2013	5,380,000	3,078,739	3,613,200	583,489	1,766,859	14,422,287
2014	5,600,000	2,861,639	3,684,600	513,309	883,430	13,542,978
2015	5,860,000	2,633,889	3,764,500	434,968	883,430	13,576,787
2016	6,060,000	2,389,489	3,846,100	355,248	883,430	13,534,267
2017	6,345,000	2,137,089	3,312,600	272,471	883,429	12,950,589
2018-2022	31,885,000	6,450,552	5,679,000	588,224	-	44,602,776
2023-2027	10,080,000	1,616,265	684,000	28,364	-	12,408,629
2028-2029	1,950,000	125,163	-	-	-	2,075,163
	73,160,000	21,292,825	24,584,000	2,776,073	5,300,578	127,113,476
Less:						
Unamortized						
Bond Discount	(26,083)	_	_	-	_	(26,083)
Deferred Loss	(-,,					(-,,
on Refunding	(1,016,781)	-	-	-	-	(1,016,781)
Plus:						
Unamortized						
Bond Premium	725,074	-	-	-	-	725,074
TOTAL	\$ 72,842,210	\$ 21,292,825	\$ 24,584,000	\$ 2,776,073	\$ 5,300,578	\$ 126,795,686

C. Changes in Long-term Obligations for the year ended Sept. 30, 2012 are as summarized as follows:

_	Balance October 1, 2011		Increases	Decreases	S	Balance ept 30, 2012	Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities:								
Revenue bonds payable	\$	78,345,000	\$ -	\$ (5,185,000)	\$	73,160,000	\$	5,380,000
Less: deferred amounts:								
Unamortized discounts		(29,008)	-	2,925		(26,083)		-
Unamortized premiums		773,855	-	(48,781)		725,074		-
Deferred loss on refunding		(1,076,886)		60,105		(1,016,781)		
Subtotal-bonds		78,012,961	-	(5,170,751)		72,842,210		5,380,000
Notes payable		31,130,000	9,615,000	(16,161,000)		24,584,000		3,613,200
Estimated liability-self insured losses		6,623,361	19,448,234	(19,816,669)		6,254,926		1,899,412
Medicaid payable (HB 5301)		-	5,300,578	-		5,300,578		1,766,859
Accrued compensated absences		13,382,438	6,787,550	(6,656,859)		13,513,129	_	6,656,859
Total governmental obligations		129,148,760	41,151,362	(47,805,279)		122,494,843		19,316,330
Business-type activities:								
Accrued compensated absences		534,406	249,474	(206,048)		577,832		206,048
Accrued landfill closure cost		7,619,509		(666,464)		6,953,045		379,787
Total business-type activities		8,153,915	249,474	(872,512)		7,530,877		585,835
Total long-term obligations	\$	137,302,675	\$41,400,836	\$ (48,677,791)	\$	130,025,720	\$	19,902,165

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the totals for governmental activities. At year-end, \$209,809 of internal service funds compensated absences is included in the above amounts. Also, for the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.

D. Summary of Revenue Bonds Payable – the following is a summary of government bond resolutions pertaining to debt reflected in the September 30, 2012 financial statements:

Name	\$15,400,000 Gas Tax	\$18,245,000 Gas Tax	\$63,625,000 Public		
	Revenue Bonds, Series	Revenue Bonds, Series	Improvement Revenue Bonds,		
	2006	2008	Series 2007A & B		
Purpose	To provide funds for the		Series 2007A - To provide funds		
l urpose	costs and acquisition and	-	for the acquisition and		
	construction of certain road	construction of certain road	construction of a new fire station,		
	improvements within the	improvements within the	new jail dormitory, new		
	County; purchase the 2006	County, purchase of the	recreation and park		
	Surety Bond, and pay	2008 Surety Bond, and	improvements; purchase the 2007		
	certain costs of issuance.	costs of issuance.	Surety Bond, and costs of		
	certain costs of issuance.	costs of issuance.	issuance.		
			Series 2007B - To refund portions		
			of the County's Public		
			Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 1995 and its Public		
			Improvement Revenue Bonds,		
			Series 1999; purchase of the 2007		
			Surety Bond, and costs of		
			issuance.		
Dated	April 12, 2006	April 10, 2008	February 6, 2007		
Final maturity	August 1, 2021	August 1, 2022	August 1, 2029		
Principal					
payment date	August 1st	August 1st	August 1st		
Interest payment	August 1st and	August 1st and	August 1st and		
dates	February 1st	February 1st	February 1st		
Interest rates	3.75% to 4.50%	3.75% to 4.50%	4.00% to 4.25%		
Outstanding					
Principal at					
9/30/12	\$10,255,000	\$13,980,000	\$48,925,000		
Reserve					
requirement	\$1,384,450	\$1,220,639	\$3,610,705		
Pledged revenue	Constitutional Gas Tax,	Constitutional Gas Tax,	Local Government Half-Cent		
source	County Gas Tax, and Ninth	County Gas Tax, and Ninth	Sales Tax.		
	Cent Gas Tax.	Cent Gas Tax.			
Total debt svc					
payment	\$1,384,410	\$1,740,406	\$5,339,770		
% of required					
Debt Svc to total					
pledged revenue					
source	62.5	58%	53.70%		

E. Current Refunding of Long-term Debt – On August 16, 2012, the County issued \$9,615,000 in GO Refunding Alachua County Forever Note Payable with an average interest rate of 1.59% to refund \$12,615,000 of outstanding 2010 Series GO Alachua Forever Note Payable with an average interest rate of 2.37%. The net proceeds of \$9,615,000 plus an additional \$3,011,672 of 2010 sinking fund monies were used to repay the note payable in full. As a result, the 2010 Series Alachua County Forever is considered to be redeemed and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the government-wide statement of net assets.

The County in effect reduced its aggregate debt service payments by \$862,318 over the next five years and obtained an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$381,357.

- **F. Demand Bonds** The County has no demand bonds.
- **G.** Conduit Debt Obligations From time to time, the County has issued Health Facility Revenue Bonds, Industrial Development Revenue Bonds and Housing Finance Authority Multi-family Housing Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of health care, industrial facilities, and multi-family housing deemed to be in the public interest. These bonds are secured by the financed property and are payable solely from the payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance.

There is no obligation on the part of the County, the State, or any political subdivision for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of September 30, 2012, there were fifteen series of Health Facility Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$685,751,364, one series of Industrial Development Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$14,000,000 and eight series of Housing Finance Authority Multi-family Housing Bonds, with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$38,523,490.

H. Landfill Post Closure Care Obligation – The County's Southwest Landfill's liability for fiscal year 2012 is \$5,612,595, a decrease of \$236,905 from the prior fiscal year. For other County landfills closed prior to 1985 and not subject to State law requirements, the County records a liability of \$1,340,450, a decrease of \$429,559 from last fiscal year. See Note 1.D.8. for more information.

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Pension Plan

Florida Retirement System - Defined Benefit and Defined Contribution Pension Plan

Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description - The County contributes to the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement plan administered by the State of Florida, Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. FRS offers members both a defined benefit plan (Pension Plan) and/or a defined contribution plan (Investment Plan) to provide retirement, disability, or death benefits for retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. The State of Florida issues financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. That report may be obtained by writing to the State of Florida Division of Retirement, P. O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, by accessing the FRS website or by calling (850) 488-5540.

Funding Policy – The FRS was employee noncontributory through June 30, 2011, but beginning July 1, 2011 was funded partially by a contribution of 3% from employees and governmental employers are required to contribute the balance at an actuarially statewide determined rate. The rates for the management portion of the contribution as of September 30, 2012, are as follows: regular employees – 5.18%; special risk employees – 14.90%; elected officials – 10.23%; senior management service – 6.30%; deferred retirement option (DROP) – 5.44%.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The County's contributions to the FRS for the years ending September 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$6,335,418, \$10,110,050, and \$11,452,146, respectively, and were equal to the required contributions for each year.

Funded Status – The FRS Annual Report July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2011 available as previously mentioned, stated that the FRS pension plan was 86.93% funded at July 1, 2011 since the actuarial value of assets was \$126.08 billion compared to the actuarial accrued liability of \$145.03 billion.

Defined Contribution Plan

Pursuant to Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, the Florida Legislature created the Florida Retirement Investment Plan ("FRS Investment Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan qualified under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The FRS Investment Plan is an alternative available to members of the Florida Retirement System in lieu of the defined benefit plan. There is a uniform contribution rate covering both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans, depending on membership class. Required employer contributions made to the plan totaled \$1,202,896.

City of Gainesville Pension Plan

As of September 30, 2012, one (1) employee of the Sheriff's office was a member of the City of Gainesville's Employees' Plan. This employee was previously an employee of the City of Gainesville who elected to remain in the City of Gainesville's pension plan upon their employment with the Sheriff's office.

Plan Description – The Employees' Plan is a single-employer contributory defined benefit pension plan that covers all permanent employees of the City, except certain personnel who elected to participate in the Defined Contribution Plan and, or the Deferred Compensation Plan, and police officers and firefighters who participate in the Consolidated Plan. The Employees' plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Gainesville City Commission adopted this plan and all amendments through a City ordinance. The City of Gainesville issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Employees' Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to City of Gainesville, Finance Department, P.O. Box 490, Gainesville, Florida 32602, or by calling (352) 334-5054.

Funding Policy – The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by ordinance approved by the City Commission. Plan members are required to contribute 5.0% of their annual covered salary. The City is required to contribute an actuarially determined percentage of covered payroll, currently 5.48% for retirement benefits.

The Sheriff's contributions to the City Employees' Plan for the years ended September 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010, were \$4,513, \$4,979, and \$13,419, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

The Sheriff's employee contributions to the City Employees' Plan for the years ended September 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010, were \$4,126, \$4,563, and \$11,898, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

B. Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan

Plan Description – In 2008, the County adopted resolution 08-104 which established the Alachua County Other Post Employment Benefit Trust (OPEB Trust), a qualifying trust, and began funding its OPEB Plan obligation. The County administers the cost-sharing single-employer defined benefit plan for post-employment benefits other than pension benefits (OPEB Plan). The OPEB Plan provides post employment life insurance benefits and a health insurance subsidy for retirees and eligible dependents of the Clerk of Court, Supervisor of Elections, Property Appraiser, Sheriff, Tax Collector, Library District, and County. The Alachua County Board of County Commissioners can amend the benefit provisions. A separate stand-alone financial statement for the OPEB Plan is not prepared.

The life insurance benefit is provided at no charge to retirees. The life insurance benefit is \$15,000 for all retirees under the age of 65 and \$5,000 for retirees age 65 and older.

The health insurance subsidy is provided to retirees with at least 6 years of service who retire and begin receiving benefits from the Florida Retirement System (FRS) or the Library District Pension Plan (LDPP). Retirees must maintain health care coverage after employment to be eligible for the subsidy. The amount of the monthly subsidy is based on the number of years of total service with the County, Constitutional Officer, or Library District and is equal to three dollars a month for each year of service. The minimum monthly subsidy is \$18 and the maximum monthly subsidy is \$90 for employees that retire with 30 or more years of service.

Additionally, in accordance with Florida Statutes 112.0801, employees who retire and immediately begin receiving benefits from FRS or LDPP have the option of paying premiums to continue in the County's self-funded Health Insurance Plan at the same group rate as active employees. The retiree pays 100% of the blended group rate premium therefore receiving an implicit subsidy.

At October 1, 2011, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, plan participation consisted of:

Active employees (fully eligible)	103
Active employees (not fully eligible)	1,798
Retirees receiving benefits	513
Total OPEB participants	2,414

Funding Policy – The contribution requirements of plan members and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the Alachua County Board of County Commissioners. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits when earned and determined annually by the County's Actuary. Pay-as-you-go financing paid by the employers and plan members is accounted for in the County's Self-funded Health Insurance Fund and employers' contributions to the OPEB Trust to prefund benefits are accounted for in the County's OPEB Trust Fund. For the year ended September 30, 2012, the County paid a total of \$1,922,633 for the OPEB Plan. It is the County's intent to base future OPEB Trust contributions on the actuarially determined annual required contribution (ARC) less pay-as-you-go financing; however, no future Trust contributions are legally or contractually required. Retiree plan members receiving benefits contributed an additional \$1,380,693 to pay-as-you-go financing through their required contribution of \$395.02 per month for retiree-only coverage, \$944.04 per month for retiree and spouse coverage and \$1,330.90 per month for family coverage.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation – The annual cost of the County's OPEB Plan is calculated based on the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liability over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB Plan cost for the year, the amount actually contributed by the employer, and the changes in the net OPEB Plan obligation (asset). The County's net OPEB cost for the two preceding years was zero (\$0).

Annual required contribution	\$1,331,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation	-
Adjustment to ARC	
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	1,331,000
OPEB plan payments:	
Pay-as-you-go financing	1,922,633
Contribution of assets to OPEB Trust	
Subtotal OPEB payments	1,922,633
Increase in net OPEB obligation (asset)	(591,633)
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	
Net OPEB obligation(asset)-end of year	\$ (591,633)

Funding Status and Funding Progress – The OPEB payments made for the 2012 fiscal year were 144% of the annual OPEB cost. As of the actuarial valuation report dated October 1, 2011, the funded status was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 16,459,000
Less: Actuarial value of plan assets	955,000
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 15,504,000
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	5.80%
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL) Covered payroll at valuation date	\$ 5.80% 95,269,695

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employers and plan members in the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are

designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

The actuarial methods are:

Actuarial cost method Projected Unit Credit

Amortization method Level percent of projected payroll

Amortization period (open) 30 years Asset valuation method Fair Value

The actuarial assumptions are:

Investment rate of return 7.0% Projected annual salaries increase 3.5% Inflation Rate 3.0%

Mortality RP-2000 Table (projected to 2010), gender-

specific basis

Healthcare cost trend rate 10.0% initial year reduced 0.5% each year

until reaching ultimate trend rate of 5.0%

C. Accrued Compensated Absences

County employees are entitled to accrue sick and vacation time in accordance with the County's personnel regulations or a collective bargaining agreement. Maximum accruals are shown on the following chart.

	Vacation	Vacation	Sick Leave
	Accrual	Termination	Accrual
	Maximum	Pay Maximum	Maximum
Board of County Commissioners			_
40 hours/week employees	280 hours	280 hours	No Maximum
56 hours/week employees	392 hours	392 hours	No Maximum
Clerk of the Circuit Court	280 hours	240 hours	1040
Property Appraiser	280 hours	240 hours	No Maximum
Tax Collector	No Maximum	No Maximum	No Maximum
Supervisor of Elections	280 hours	280 hours	No Maximum
Sheriff	280 hours	280 hours	No Maximum

Terminating employees with 10 years of service will be paid for half of unused sick time.

The County records a liability for compensated absences of \$14,090,961 on the Statement of Net Assets. In the Government-wide presentation, compensated absences are accrued in the period they are earned. For the adjusted liabilities at the end of the year, a determination was made for current and non-current amounts. Accrued compensated absences are not recorded for any accruals over the maximum.

D. Deferred Compensation Plan

The County offers employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The County complied with the requirements of subsection (g) of IRC Section 457 and, accordingly, all assets and income of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.

Deferred compensation amounts withheld from participating employee's pay are not taxable as current

income until withdrawn from the plan. Annual contributions by a participant may not exceed the lesser of \$16,500 or 50% of gross annual compensation. There is an "age 50 catch-up" provision that allows an additional \$5,500 contribution from the year the employee reaches age 50 until the employee terminates employment.

E. Component Units Employment

The Component Units' employees have the same benefits as the Board of County Commissioners' employees.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT AND CONVENTIONALLY INSURED CLAIMS & LOSSES

The County is self-insured for risk management and employee group health insurance in two internal service funds maintained by the Board of County Commissioners. The following two sections and the disclosures required by GASB Statement 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues are provided below.

A. Risk Management Claims and Losses

The County has established a risk management program to cover claims against the Board and Constitutional Officers for the following types of risk:

- General Liability (self insured up to a limit of \$200,000)
- Workers Compensation (self insured up to limit of \$250,000)
- Automobile Liability (self insured up to limit of \$200,000)
- Public Officials Liability (self insured up to limit of \$100,000)
- EMS Professional Liability
- Lawyers Professional Liability
- Employment Practices Liability (self insured up to limit of \$100,000)

The County has authorized a commercial third party administrator to administer the County's automobile, general liability and workers' compensation claims. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from prior years. In instances where insurance has been purchased, no settlements have exceeded coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

The estimated liability for self-insured losses is based on reported claims, historical loss data, industry statistics for claims incurred but not reported, and a valuation performed by an independent actuary as of July 31, 2012 projecting to September 30, 2012, and the prior year as of July 31, 2011 projecting to September 30, 2011:

Claims Liability, Beginning of Fiscal		Claims & Changes in		Claim	C	laims Liability,	
Fiscal Year		Year	Estimates]	Payments	En	d of Fiscal Year
2011	\$	6,742,951	\$ 581,468	\$	(1,565,307)	\$	5,759,112
2012		5,759,112	1,338,828		(1,883,948)		5,213,992

For fiscal year 2012 the margin for the risk of adverse deviation was accrued at a 75% confidence level. For fiscal year 2012 ending unrestricted net assets are \$6,798,214 all of which is reserved for possible future losses. Florida Statutes provide for local government tort immunity and a claims bill process. Our actuarial estimates do not include a provision for liabilities arising from claims bills except to the extent such claims are included in the loss history of Alachua County. The County's Actuary determined a

portion of the claims liability that would be expected to be paid within one year and the accompanying financial statements reflect that by showing a current and a long-term liability.

All funds of the County including the Constitutional Officers of the County participate in the Risk Management Self-Insurance Fund. Payments to the Self-Insurance Fund are assessed based on actuarial estimates needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses.

B. Conventionally Insured Claims and Losses

The County retains conventional insurance coverage on all other types of insurable risks. These costs are also accounted for in the Self-Insurance Fund.

C. Employee Group Health Insurance

The County provides group health insurance for its employees, their eligible dependents and eligible retirees. On October 1, 2005, the County established an employee group health self-insurance plan to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. The County entered into an administrative services agreement with a commercial insurance carrier to provide administrative support for this plan. Under this plan, the County purchases stop-loss insurance with the individual deductible per covered unit of \$225,000 with no individual lifetime reimbursement maximum. All claims are paid through the group health insurance plan. Claims in excess of the \$225,000 individual deductible are reimbursed by the County's excess insurance carrier.

All County employees may participate in the employee group health insurance including all Constitutional Officer employees and Component Unit employees of the Murphree Law Library. In addition, the Alachua County Library District employees may participate in the plan. Payments to the employee group health insurance plan are assessed based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay current year claims and to establish a "reserve" (i.e. net assets or equity) for catastrophic losses and to fund the retiree other post employee benefit. The employee group health insurance plan net assets were \$4,300,168 at September 30, 2012.

The claims liability reported in the fund at September 30, 2012 for the employee group health insurance plan was \$1,040,934. This amount was the actuarially determined claims liability based on the requirements of GASB Statement 10, which specifies that a liability for claims should be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and that the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. These claims liability amounts are all considered to be due within one year and are classified as current liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. During fiscal year 2012, changes recorded to the claims liability for the employee group health insurance plan were as follows:

	Fiscal Year	ims Liability, nning of Fiscal Year	Claims & Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	laims Liability, d of Fiscal Year
,	2011	\$ 859,846	\$ 16,943,051	\$ (16,938,648)	\$ 864,249
	2012	864,249	18,109,406	\$ (17,932,721)	1,040,934

D. Sheriff's Risk Management

For health insurance, the Sheriff participates in the risk management program established by the Board to cover claims against the Board and Constitutional Officers. The Sheriff also participates in the Florida Sheriffs' self-insurance pool for risk related to workers' compensation, auto and general liability

insurance. For the past three years, there have been no insurance settlements significantly in excess of insurance coverage.

NOTE 12 - INDIRECT COSTS

The County's indirect costs consist of allowable administrative costs allocated to the Enterprise Funds, Internal Service Funds, various Federal and State Grants, and Special Revenue Funds. The County's indirect cost plan is developed annually based on the prior year's actual expenditures. Some adjustments are required due to specific Federal grant allowances or other legal limitations. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, the following was charged:

INDIF	RECT COST		
CH	IARGED	FUND	PROJECT NAME
		Governmental Funds	
\$	96,984	CHOICES	CHOICES
	317,469	MSTU-Unincorporated services	MSTU-Unincorporated services
	495,930	MSTU-Fire protection services	MSTU-Fire protection services
	3,208	Emergency services	EMPA State Grant
	64,498	MSBU	Refuse Collection
	63,052	Drug & law enforcement	HRS Metamorphosis
	11,788	Environmental	Hazardous Materials Code
	5,695	Environmental	FDEP Tank Inspection
	8,250	Environmental	FDEP Petroleum Cleanup
	72,734	Tourism	Tourist Development
	1,139,608	Subtotal-Governmental Funds	
		Enterprise Funds	
	266,167	Solid Waste	Solid Waste System
	66,153	Solid Waste	Collection Centers
	90,637	Solid Waste	Hazardous Waste Management
	84,904	Solid Waste	Waste Management Assessment
	3,787	Solid Waste	Landfill post closure care
	106,666	Codes Enforcement	Codes Enforcement
	618,314	Subtotal Enterprise Funds	
		Internal Service Funds	
	72,264	Self Insurance	Self Insurance Fund
	174,814	Fleet Management	Fleet Management Fund
	36,852	Telephone Services	Telephone Services
	283,930	Subtotal Internal Service Funds	
\$	2,041,852	Total Indirect Cost	

Indirect costs between governmental activities have been eliminated in the government-wide financial statement presentation.

NOTE 13 - OTHER REQUIRED INDIVIDUAL FUND AND COMPLIANCE DISCLOSURES

A. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

There are no funds with an excess of expenditures over appropriations.

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Revenue in the Budget Column

Certain funds show an excess of expenditures over revenue in the budget column of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Budget and Actual. This excess is due to the use of fund balance (which is not reported in the budget or variance column) during the fiscal year.

C. Future Accounting Pronouncements

The following statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board will be effective for the County's 2013 fiscal year:

Statement No. 60, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements

Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus

Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements

Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position

The County is currently evaluating the effects that these statements will have on its financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2013.

NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Commitments

- (1) Non-capitalized leases
 - (a) The County is leasing equipment, office space and electronic data processing equipment under leases that are cancelable under certain circumstances. These leases are accounted for as operating leases.
 - (b) Rental costs for the year ended September 30, 2012, under cancelable leases are summarized as follows:

Fund Charged	Amount
General Fund	\$ 707,819
Special Revenue Funds	196,430
Capital Projects	-
Enterprise Fund	29,475
Internal Service Funds	4,328
Total	\$ 938,052

(c) During fiscal year 2011, the Property Appraiser entered into a licensing agreement for appraisal software with a third party. The agreement is cancellable by either party with 30 days' notice. Scheduled future payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Amount
2013	\$ 100,000
2014	100,000
2015	100,000
2016	100,000
2017	50,000
Total	\$ 450,000

(d) The Tax Collector is leasing various equipment under renewable annual operating leases. During the year ended September 30, 2012, the lease payments on all operating leases were \$17,191. In addition, the Tax Collector is leasing various data transport services for network and voice connectivity to their remote locations. During the year ended September 30, 2012, the lease payments on all data transport service leases were \$17,109. The Tax Collector also has a ten-year renewable lease agreement for a Tag Office on Archer Road, which expires on April 13, 2017. During the year ended September 30, 2012, lease payments for office space totaled \$168,155.

Future minimum lease payments for noncancellable operating leases for the Tax Collector as of September 30, 2012, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	A	Amount				
2013	\$	\$ 198,259				
2014		197,263				
2015		198,691				
2016		206,087				
2017		123,638				
Total	\$	923,938				

(e) The Sheriff is leasing equipment and office space under leases, which are cancelable under certain circumstances. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, the lease payments on all operating leases amounted to approximately \$360,686.

(2) Operating Leases – The County leases the following property to private companies under renewable annual operating leases:

Operating Leases for fiscal year 2012:	Leas	se Amount
SP Recycling leases a building for \$102,139 annually, in monthly installments, due the first day of each month. A late fee of \$50 per day will be assessed against the lessee, if the payment is not received by the fifth day of each month. For subsequent years, an annual increase of 3% will be applied to the rent. The cost of the leased building is \$1,132,087, with an accumulated depreciation of \$442,244, resulting in a carrying value of \$689,843.	\$	102,139
Phil-Nick's Restaurant leases a space in the commercial building at 37 N Main Street, consisting of approximately 2,187 square feet, paying rental payments in the amount of \$1,405 monthly, plus applicable taxes. Payment is due no later than the first of each month. The cost of the leased space is \$232,613, with \$176,908 accumulated		
depreciation resulting in a \$55,705 carrying value.		16,862
The licensee leased the land at 15 SW 2nd Street, for \$100 monthly, plus applicable taxes. Payment is due no later than the first of each month. The cost of the land is \$5,596.		1,200
Florida Department of Health, sub-leases warehouse space within a building located at 6520 NW 18th Drive, paying rental payments in the amount of \$3,000 monthly.		36,000
TOTAL OPERATING LEASES	\$	156,201

(3) The following is a schedule by year of future minimum rental payments required under operating leases that have remaining cancellable lease terms in excess of one year:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30	Lease Receivable
2013	\$ 123,265
2014	126,421
2015	18,062
2016	18,062
2017	18,062
TOTAL	\$ 303,872

(4) The landfill post closure care commitments are discussed in Note 1.D.8.

(5) Other significant outstanding contracts at September 30, 2012, are as follows:

Amount	Vendor Name	Description
\$490,452	HNTB Inc	Construction plan for SW 61 St & SW 24th Ave
569,782	DAB Constructors Inc	Construction of intersection improvements SW 20th Ave
160,132	APAC Southeast Inc	Construction of Main St resurfacing Segment #209
238,823	DAB Constructors Inc	Construction of NW/SW 91st St resurfacing
138,000	Affiliated Engineers Inc	Engineering Svcs for civil courthouse HVAC renovation
5,056,436	Peter Brown Construction Inc	Construction of Jail Roof
191,832	Meridian Behavioral Healthcare Inc	CJMH and Sustance Abuse Reinvestment Grant
218,973	GRAEF-USA Inc	Engineering of Jail HVAC & roof replacement
113,742	Carr Riggs & Ingram LLC	BOCC Audit contract FY12
906,388	John Hipp Construction Company	Construction of NW 156th Ave culvert replacement
308,056	Hall-Mark Fire Appartus Inc	Purchase of fire truck
346,196	Ring Power Corp	Purchase of heavy equipment
222,026	General Truck Equipment & Trailer	Purchase of four waste trailers
346,885	Termacor Process Inc	Supplies for Jail HVAC & roof replacement
757,483	Carroll Air Systems Inc	Supplies for Jail HVAC & roof replacement
230,816	O'Steen Brothers	Construction of pipe and guardrail for SE 15th St
194,558	Brown & Cullen Inc	Engineering of Ft Clarke Blvd intersection modification
101,980	Ewing Waterproofing Systems	Window sealing at Civil Courthouse
314,355	McQuay International	Supplies for Jail HVAC & roof replacement

B. Contingencies

(1) Risk Management contingencies are discussed in Note 11.

(2) Grant Funding

The County participates in a number of federally and state assisted programs that are subject to program compliance audits. For the year ended September 30, 2012, the County's financial statements are subject to single audits as required by OMB Circular A-133 and the Florida Single Audit Act. It is the opinion of management that no material liabilities will result from such audits.

(3) Pending Litigation

The County is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations. In the opinion of County management, based on the advice of legal counsel, the ultimate disposition of these lawsuits and claims will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the County.

(4) Post employment benefits are discussed in Note 10.B.

(5) Solid Waste System

The County owns four closed landfills including the Southwest Landfill. If contamination levels were to increase in these landfills, the County could be liable for remediation actions. The remediation costs could range between \$0 and \$3 million depending on the severity of contamination detected and the number of landfill site(s) contaminated. In the worst-case scenario, remediation costs would not be incurred until after 2012.

NOTE 15 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Alachua County Housing Authority is a related organization of Alachua County. Alachua County has contracted with the Alachua County Housing Authority to administer and distribute funds for housing rehabilitation and temporary relocation from the Community Development Block Grant, the Neighborhood Stabilization Program and the State Housing Initiative Partnership Program.

The Alachua County Library District is a related organization of Alachua County. The County Attorney provides legal services and the Clerk of the Court provides accounting and treasury services to the Library District. Three of the Alachua County Board of County Commissioners serve on the Library Governing Board.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND - COUNTY-WIDE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 95,601,236	\$ 95,601,236	\$ 96,350,722	\$ 749,486
Intergovernmental	4,477,606	4,484,972	5,307,426	822,454
Charges for services	13,863,419	13,863,366	14,679,415	816,049
Fines and forfeitures	13,533	13,533	12,102	(1,431)
Investment income	737,000	737,000	645,307	(91,693)
Miscellaneous	2,159,659	2,169,659	2,953,450	783,791
Total revenue	116,852,453	116,869,766	119,948,422	3,078,656
EXPENDITURES				
Current: General government	33,906,120	33,859,438	31,046,813	2,812,625
Public safety	80,807,218	81,433,802	77,720,649	3,713,153
Physical environment	1,900,496	1,998,169	1,822,019	176,150
Economic environment	1,189,745	1,189,745	1,122,925	66,820
Human services	10,760,529	11,100,007	10,264,848	835,159
Culture and recreation	595,015	597,828	509,422	88,406
Court cost	8,964,394	8,930,719	7,828,070	1,102,649
Reserve for contingency	6,119,084	5,886,104	-	5,886,104
Total expenditures	144,242,601	144,995,812	130,314,746	14,681,066
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(27,390,148)	(28,126,046)	(10,366,324)	17,759,722
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	25,876,373	26,577,144	25,972,921	(604,223)
Transfers out	(7,556,473)	(7,914,736)	(8,403,355)	(488,619)
Sale of capital assets	20,248	99,406	91,414	(7,992)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	18,340,148	18,761,814	17,660,980	(1,100,834)
Net change in fund balances	(9,050,000)	(9,364,232)	7,294,656	16,658,888
Fund balances - beginning	9,050,000	9,364,232	20,661,148	11,296,916
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,955,804	\$ 27,955,804

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CHOICES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	DUD GETTED A MOUNTE				LIANCE WITH	
	BUDGETED AMOUNTS				AL BUDGET -	
	ORIGINAL FINAL			ACTUAL	POSITIVE VEGATIVE)	
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	8,476,227	\$	8,476,227	\$ 3,198,579	\$ (5,277,648)
Investment income		-		-	333,332	333,332
Private donations		-		-	150,000	150,000
Miscellaneous		-		-	137,028	137,028
Total revenue		8,476,227		8,476,227	3,818,939	(4,657,288)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Human services		8,476,227		14,620,833	13,535,054	1,085,779
Reserve for contingency		-		33,770,586	-	33,770,586
Total expenditures		8,476,227		48,391,419	13,535,054	34,856,365
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		-		(39,915,192)	(9,716,115)	30,199,077
Fund balances - beginning				39,915,192	39,915,191	 (1)
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$		\$ 30,199,076	\$ 30,199,076

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MSTU - UNINCORPORATED SERVICES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 3,694,521	\$ 3,694,521	\$ 3,490,649	\$ (203,872)	
Permits and fees	140,578	140,578	79,598	(60,980)	
Intergovernmental	1,016,500	1,016,500	957,865	(58,635)	
Charges for services	57,550	57,550	69,549	11,999	
Investment income	25,100	25,100	9,480	(15,620)	
Miscellaneous	-	-	33,052	33,052	
Total revenues	4,934,249	4,934,249	4,640,193	(294,056)	
EXPENDITURES					
Current: General government	1,193,129	1,193,129	1,045,195	147,934	
Public safety	504,259	504,259	476,739	27,520	
Physical environment	468,269	506,864	460,966	45,898	
Transportation	913,800	915,194	778,920	136,274	
Economic environment	970,320	970,320	854,951	115,369	
Culture and recreation	1,197,963	1,200,403	1,036,178	164,225	
Reserve for contingency	331,710	344,762	-	344,762	
Total expenditures	5,579,450	5,634,931	4,652,949	981,982	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(645,201)	(700,682)	(12,756)	687,926	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	261,435	274,487	257,295	(17,192)	
Transfers out	(262,000)	(262,000)	(262,000)	-	
Total other financing sources and (uses)	(565)	12,487	(4,705)	(17,192)	
Net change in fund balances	(645,766)	(688,195)	(17,461)	670,734	
Fund balances - beginning	645,766	688,195	624,388	(63,807)	
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 606,927	\$ 606,927	

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MSTU - LAW ENFORCEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

		BUDGETED		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE		
		ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES						
Taxes		\$ 15,127,652	\$ 15,127,652	\$ 14,691,178	\$	(436,474)
Permits an	d fees	-	-	17		17
Investment	income	52,000	52,000	20,430		(31,570)
Miscellane	ous	70,000	70,000	17,503		(52,497)
Total reve	enues	15,249,652	15,249,652	14,729,128		(520,524)
EXPENDIT						
Current:	General government	199,033	199,033	168,860		30,173
	Public safety	130,989	200,326	109,982		90,344
	Reserve for contingency	786,086	838,293			838,293
Total exp		1,116,108	1,237,652	278,842		958,810
Excess	s of revenues over expenditures	14,133,544	14,012,000	14,450,286		438,286
OTHER FIN	ANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	1	1,082,060	1,134,267	1,244,577		110,310
Transfers o	ut	(16,539,088)	(16,469,751)	(16,469,751)		-
Total o	other financing sources and (uses)	(15,457,028)	(15,335,484)	(15,225,174)		110,310
Net ch	ange in fund balances	(1,323,484)	(1,323,484)	(774,888)		548,596
Fund balance	es - beginning	1,323,484	1,323,484	1,107,295		(216,189)
Fund balance	es - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 332,407	\$	332,407

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MSTU - FIRE PROTECTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE	
	ORIGINAL FINAL		ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 11,349,754	\$ 11,349,754	\$ 11,081,700	\$ (268,054)	
Permits and fees	-	-	1,805	1,805	
Intergovernmental	15,100	15,100	17,472	2,372	
Charges for services	964,682	964,682	964,667	(15)	
Investment income	70,000	70,000	41,087	(28,913)	
Miscellaneous			42,571	42,571	
Total revenues	12,399,536	12,399,536	12,149,302	(250,234)	
EXPENDITURES					
Current: General government	141,424	141,424	127,911	13,513	
Public safety	12,846,455	12,902,865	11,546,107	1,356,758	
Reserve for contingency	1,248,474	2,554,115	-	2,554,115	
Total expenditures	14,236,353	15,598,404	11,674,018	3,924,386	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(1,836,817)	(3,198,868)	475,284	3,674,152	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	718,817	757,972	775,452	17,480	
Transfers out	(786,161)	(775,316)	(775,316)	-	
Total other financing sources and (uses)	(67,344)	(17,344)	136	17,480	
Net change in fund balances	(1,904,161)	(3,216,212)	475,420	3,691,632	
Fund balance - beginning	1,904,161	3,216,212	3,216,211	(1)	
Fund balance - ending \$ -		\$ -	\$ 3,691,631	\$ 3,691,631	

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GAS TAX USES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

				VARIANCE WITH
	BUDGETED AMOUNTS			FINAL BUDGET -
	ORIGINAL FINAL		ACTUAL	POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				(1/201111/2)
Taxes	\$ 3,573,158	\$ 3,573,158	\$ 3,443,316	\$ (129,842)
Intergovernmental	60,000	60,000	63,163	3,163
Charges for services	754,750	954,750	975,826	21,076
Miscellaneous	5,000	5,000	24,808	19,808
Total revenues	4,392,908	4,592,908	4,507,113	(85,795)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Physical environment	137,600	137,600	127,100	10,500
Transportation	9,688,340	9,193,609	8,234,609	959,000
Reserve for contingency	460,154	460,154	-	460,154
Total expenditures	10,286,094	9,791,363	8,361,709	1,429,654
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(5,893,186)	(5,198,455)	(3,854,596)	1,343,859
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	3,154,683	3,619,952	3,672,992	53,040
Transfers out	-	-	(97,680)	(97,680)
Sale of capital assets	-	-	80,810	80,810
Total other financing sources and (uses)	3,154,683	3,619,952	3,656,122	36,170
Net change in fund balances	(2,738,503)	(1,578,503)	(198,474)	1,380,029
Fund balances - beginning	2,738,503	1,578,503	1,099,798	(478,705)
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 901,324	\$ 901,324

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Revenue and expenditures in governmental funds are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with Florida Statutes. An annual budget is adopted by the Alachua County Board of County Commissioners for all governmental fund types.

Alachua County's annual budgets are monitored at varying levels of classification detail. However, for purposes of budgetary control, expenditures cannot legally exceed the total annual budget appropriations at the individual fund level. All appropriations, except for amounts corresponding to outstanding encumbrances, lapse at year-end.

Original and amended budgets, as well as budget to actual comparisons are provided in the financial statements for all governmental funds. The amended budget amounts presented have been adjusted for legally authorized amendments of the annual budget during the year by the Alachua County Board of County Commissioners. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual (GAAP) basis of accounting.

The County-wide General Fund is comprised of the following six sub-funds: Board of County Commissioners, Clerk of Court, Property Appraiser, Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections and Tax Collector. In order to comply with generally accepted accounting principles, both the budgeted and actual intra-fund activity between these sub-funds has been consolidated in order to eliminate inflated amounts in the aggregated financial statements of the County-wide General Fund. Detail by sub-fund showing eliminations can be found in the Supplementary Information section starting on page 100.

ALACHUA COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

See Note 10.B. starting on page 79 for detailed information on the County's OPEB Plan

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial					Total Annual	UAAL as %			
Actuarial	A	Actuarial		Accrued		Unfunded		Payroll at	of Covered
Valuation	V	alue of	Lia	bility (AAL)-	A	AL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Valuation	Payroll
Date	A	ssets (A)	U	nit Cost (B)		(B-A)	(A/B)	Date (C)	(B-A)/C
									_
10/1/2011	\$	955,000	\$	16,459,000	\$	15,504,000	5.8%	\$95,269,695	16.3%
10/1/2010		794,000		16,223,000		15,429,000	4.9%	93,006,419	16.6%
10/1/2009		600,000		14,208,000		13,608,000	4.2%	97,901,494	13.9%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

						Required		
	End of Plan	Ac	tual Covered		Required	Employer		
	Year to which]	Payroll for]	Employer	Contribution	Actual	
Valuation	Valuation	Cι	rrent Period	C	ontribution	% Payroll	Employer	Percentage
Date	Applies		(A)	A	mount (B)	(B/A)	Contributions	Contributed
10/1/2011	9/30/2012	\$	94,994,248	\$	1,331,000	1.40%	\$ 1,922,633	144%
10/1/2010	9/30/2011		94,326,431		1,296,000	1.37%	1,296,000	100%
10/1/2009	9/30/2010		93,392,506		1,348,000	1.44%	1,348,000	100%

ADDITIONAL ELEMENTS OF REPORTS PREPARED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS
ISSUED BY THE COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF THE UNITED
STATES, THE PROVISIONS OF OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND
BUDGET (OMB) CIRCULAR A-133 AND THE RULES OF THE
AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

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FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Federal/State Agency, Pass-through Entity, Federal Program/State Project	CFDA CSFA No.	Contract/Grant Number	Expenditures	Transfer to Subrecipients
Department of Agriculture				
Direct Program:				
Barr Hammock Butler Tract	10.913	73-4209-9-69-02	141,500	
Department of Commerce				
Passed Through FL Department of Emergency Management				
FEMA PSIC Regional Radio Equipment Grant	11.555	12-DS-8D-03-11-01-162	3,683,474	3,221,995
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Passed Through FL Department of Community Affairs:				
CDBG - Disaster Recovery CDBG - Neighborhood Stabilization Program CDBG - Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP3) Community Development Block Grant	14.228 14.228 14.228 14.228	10DB-D4-03-11-01-K 01 10DB-4X-03-11-01-F01 12DB-Q5-03-11-01-F08 12DB-OH-03-11-01-H10 14.228 Total	\$ 285,193 284,191 44,777 52,353 666,514	
Department of Justice		1 11220 10MI	000,011	
Direct Program:				
Solving Cold Cases with DNA Analysis	16.560	2010-DN-BX-K021	63,803	
Passed Through Florida Office of Attorney General:				
VOCA - Crime Victim Assistance	16.575 16.575	V11106 V11244 16.575 Total	152,773 97,523 250,296	
Direct Programs:		10.373 Total	230,270	
Criminal Justice Diversion Resource Coordinator	16.580	2008-DD-BX-0664	38,748	
Direct Program:				
State Criminal Alien Assistance (SCAAP) Program	16.606	2011-AP-BX-0462	45,873	
Bulletproof Vest Grant	16.607	N/A	1,397	
Passed Through Florida Department of Law Enforcement:				
Anti-Gang Violent Crimes Task Force Grant Direct Program:	16.609 16.609	2011-PSNN-ALAC-1A2-005 2012-PSNN-ALAC-1-D4-004 16.609 Total	20,499 7,493 27,992	
Child Sexual Predator Task Force Project	16.710	2011-CS-WX-0007	219,089	
FY2009 Justice Assistance Grant Program COMSTAT Tactical Unit Child Sexual Predator Task Force Project	16.738 16.738 16.738	2009-DJ-BX-1325 2010-DJ-BX-1596 2011-DJ-BX-2637	5,518 21,350 67,908	<2>

Federal/State Agency, Pass-through Entity,	CFDA CSFA			Transfer to
Federal Program/State Project	No.	Contract/Grant Number	Expenditures	Subrecipients
Passed Through Florida Department of Law Enforcement:				
Rural Services Crime Watch Program Problem Oriented Policing (POP) FY12 ACSO Administration Projects	16.738 16.738 16.738	2012-JAGC-ALAC-7-C4-079 2012-JAGC-ALAC-5-C4-075 2012-JAGC-ALAC-6-C4-080 16.738 Total	5,016 43,399 13,511 156,702	<2> <2> <2> <2>
Passed Through Crime & Justice Intitute				
Justice Reinvestment Grant	16.751	N/A	9,924	
Direct Program:				
No Wrong Door Grant No Wrong Door Grant II Passed Through Florida Department of Law Enforcement	16.753 16.753	2009-D1-BX-0288 2010-DD-BX-0719 16.753 Total	100,426 417,320 517,746	417,320 417,320
Drug Treatment for Pretrial Defendants and Probationers Regional Drug Enforcement Strike Force "Pill Mill" Grant	ARRA-16.803 ARRA-16.803	2010-ARRC-ALAC-10-W7-311 2011-ARRC-ALAC-1-W7-354	49,010 14,874	<2> <2>
Direct Program:		ARRA-16.803 Total	63,884	
Equitable Sharing	16.922	N/A	476,906	
Department of Transportation				
Passed Through Florida Department of Transportation:				
Archer Braid Multi-Use Path Phase II	20.205	LAP No: AQD10 Financial Proj. No.: 429029-01-38-01	78,821	
SAFETEA-LU Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	LAP No. AOQ36 Federal Project No. S124002R Financial Project IDs: 211365-3-28-01 211365-3-38-01 211365-5-58-01, 02, 03, & 04 211365-5-68-01, & 02	1,914,012	
Operation Zero-Impaired Driving Enforcement	20.601	K8-12-06-29	39,943	
Environmental Protection Agency				
Direct Program:				
USEPA Resource Conservation Challenge (RCC) Grant	66.611	PI-95472111	10,989	

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Federal/State Agency, Pass-through Entity,	CFDA CSFA			Transfer to
Federal Program/State Project	No.	Contract/Grant Number	Expenditures	Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Education				
Direct Program:				
Teen Zone Grant Middle School After School Program	84.215	U215K100233	76,972	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed Through Florida Department of Children and Families:				
Metamorphosis FY11/12	93.558	CD903	14,155	
Metamorphosis FY12/13	93.558	CD903	2,001	<3>
Passed Through Partnership for Strong Families:				
Juvenile Dependency Mediation Program	93.566	PNP114	18,225	
Passed Through Florida Division of Elections:				
HHS VOTE Program Grant	93.617	MOA #2011-2012-0002	7,366	
Corporation for National and Community Service				
Direct Program:				
Foster Grandparent Program	94.011	10SFSFL007	363,519	
J.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Passed Through Florida Division of Emergency Manageme	ent:			
EMPG Fed Grant 7/11-6/12	97.042	12-FG-R3-03-11-01-068	68,682	
EMPG Fed Grant 7/12-6/13	97.042	13-FG-86-03-11-01-068 97.042 Total	20,937 89,619	-
		97.042 Total	89,019	
FY09 SHSGP Issues 2,5,14 & 16	97.063	11-DS-29-03-11-01-252	82,883	
FY10 SHSGP MARC UNIT	97.067	010-DS-39-13-00-16-414	9,615	
FY11 Homeland Security Issue 2	97.067	11-DS-52-03-11-01-015	41,756	
FY09 SHSGP WMD Grant	97.067	10-DS-39-03-11-01-390	18,525	
FY10 DHS Issues 3 & 8	97.067	11-DS-9Z-03-11-01-350 97.067 Total	55,770 125,666	
Office of the President - National Drug Control			,	
Passed Through St Johns County Sheriff:				
North Florida HIDTA (CADET)	95.001	N/A	53,302	
	, 2.001	· -		
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 9,241,321	\$ 3,924,50

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Federal/State Agency,	CFDA			Transfer
Pass-through Entity,	CSFA			to
Federal Program/State Project	No.	Contract/Grant Number	Expenditures	Subrecipients
Department of Community Affairs				
Direct Program:				
·				
Emergency Management Program	31.063	13-BG-86-03-11-01-001	\$ 23,883	
Florida Department of Environmental Protection				
Direct Program:				
Cooperative Waste Collection Centers	37.007	S0548 - Baker County	\$ 13,790	
	37.007	S0549 - Bradford County	15,762	
	37.007	S0550 - Columbia	18,969	
	37.007	S0551 - Dixie County	15,999	
	37.007	S0552 - Gilchrist County	19,009	
	37.007	S0553 - Lafayette County	12,872	
	37.007 37.007	S0554 - Nassau County S0555 - Union County	18,224 13,825	
	37.007	37.007 Total	128,450	
		37.007 Total	120,430	
Small Quantity Generator (SQG) Program	37.013	S0359, Amendment 5	1,131	
Petroleum Cleanup Contract	37.024	S0477 - Task #3	153,216	
	37.024	S0477 - Task #4	49,748	
		37.024 Total	202,964	
Turkey Creek Hammock Alachua County Forever		DEP Agreement No.: S0582 Florida		
Acquisition Project	37.078	Communities Trust No.: 11-021-FF11	1,500,000	<4>
Florida Department of Legal Affairs and Attorney General				
Horida Department of Legal Affairs and Attorney General				
Passed Through Florida Council Against Sexual Violence:				
Florida Council Against Sexual Violence	41.010	110AG17	7,508	
Torida Councii Against Sexual Violence	41.010	12OAG17	2,642	
	41.010	41.010 Total	10,150	
			,	
Ilorida Department of Community Affairs				
Direct Program:				
Emergency Management Preparedness and Assistance	52.008	12 7 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 2	84,944	
EMPA) Grant		12-BG-05-03-11-01-001		
Hazardous Materials Analysis Update	52.023	12-CP-03-03-11-01-179	9,895	
iazardous Materiais Anarysis Opuate	32.023	12-01-03-03-11-01-17)	7,073	
Florida Housing Finance Corporation				
Direct Program:				
SHIP - State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program	52.901	SHIP 08/09	21,000	
			, , ,	
	52.901	SHIP 11/12	9,513	
		52.901 Total	30,513	

ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Federal/State Agency,	CFDA				Transfer
Pass-through Entity,	CSFA				to
Federal Program/State Project	No.	Contract/Grant Number		Expenditures	Subrecipients
Florida Department of Children and Families					
Direct Program:					
Metamorphosis FY11/12	60.033	CD903		207,626	<3>
Metamorphosis FY12/13	60.033	CD903	_	67,227	<3>
		60.	.033 Total	274,853	
Criminal Justice, Mental Health, and Substance Abuse					
Reinvestment Grant	60.115	LHZ33		258,185	258,185
Florida Department of Health					
Direct Program:					
EMS County Grant Program - EMS Trust Fund	64.005	C0001		73,892	
	64.005	C1001		12,114	
Passed Through Florida Council Against Sexual Violence:		64.	.005 Total	86,006	
D. G.: D. T. J. F.	64.061	10D CD15		10, 120	
Rape Crisis Program Trust Fund FY11/12 Rape Crisis Program Trust Fund FY12/13	64.061 64.061	10RCP17 10RCP17		40,430 8,799	
Rape Clisis Flogram Trust Fund F 112/13	04.001		.061 Total	49,229	•
Florida Department of Law Enforcement		0	.001 10141	17,227	
Direct Program:					
		Florida House Bill 7095,			
Pill Mill	71.008	Chapter 2011-141		67,582	
TOTAL STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			-	\$ 2,727,785	\$ 258,185

Notes:

- <1>FY 12 expenditures for this program have been paid from program income.
- <2> Programs 16.738 and 16.803 belong to the same cluster of federal programs; federal expenditures for this cluster total \$220,586
- <3> Grant is split between federal programs 93.558, state project 60.033 and state matching for federal award.
- <4> FY12 revenue received from grant was reimbursement cost for property acquired in a prior fiscal year.

Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal award activity of the Alachua County Board of County Commissioners and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Nonprofit Organizations*, which is required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget.

The accompanying Schedule of State Financial Assistance includes the State award activity of the Alachua County Board of County Commissioners and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, of the State of Florida.



Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 4010 N.W. 25th Place Gainesville, Florida 32606 P.O. Box 13494 Gainesville, Florida 32604

(352) 372-6300 (352) 375-1583 (fax) www.cricpa.com

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Alachua County, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component unit and remaining fund information of Alachua County, Florida (the "County") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, and have issued our report thereon dated March 20, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Alachua County, Florida Page 2

Can, Riggs of Ingram LLC

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers, management, and oversight agencies, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

March 20, 2013



Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 4010 N.W. 25th Place Gainesville, Florida 32606 P.O. Box 13494 Gainesville, Florida 32604

(352) 372-6300 (352) 375-1583 (fax) www.cricpa.com

Report on Compliance With Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and Project and on Internal Control Over Compliance

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Alachua County, Florida

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Alachua County, Florida (the "County") with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement and the requirements described in the State Projects Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and its major state project for the year ended September 30, 2012. The County's major federal programs and its major state project are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs and major state projects is the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Those standards, OMB Circular A-133, and Chapter 10.550 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or state project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and its major state project for the year ended September 30, 2012.

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Alachua County, Florida Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs and state projects. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or major state project in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and Chapter 10.550, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers, management, and oversight agencies, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

March 20, 2013

Gainesville, Florida

Carr, Kiggs of Ingram LLC

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2012 Alachua County, Florida

Part I – Summary of Auditors' Results

- 1. The auditors' report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements.
- 2. No significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting were reported during the audit of the financial statements.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. The audit did not report significant deficiencies in internal control over the major federal programs or state project.
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal programs and state project expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. The audit did not disclose any findings relative to the major federal programs or state project.
- 7. The programs/project tested as major are as follows:

Federal Programs	CFDA Number
FEMA PSIC Regional Radio Equipment Grant	11.555
No Wrong Door Grant	16.753
Equitable Sharing Program	16.922
Foster Grandparent Program	94.011

State Project	CSFA Number
Turkey Creek Hammock	37.078
Alachua County Forever Acquisition Project	

- 8. A threshold of \$300,000 was used to define Type A federal programs and state projects.
- 9. The County qualified as a low-risk auditee as that term is defined in OMB Circular A-133.

Part II – Financial Statement Findings Section

None

Part III – Findings and Questioned Costs – Federal Programs

None

Part IV – Findings and Questioned Costs – State Project

None



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(352) 372-6300 (352) 375-1583 (fax) www.cricpa.com

Management Letter

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Alachua County, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of Alachua County, Florida (the "County") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, and have issued our report thereon dated March 20, 2013. We have also issued a report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters, and a report on internal control and compliance relating to the County's financial assistance. Those reports should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133. Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, which govern the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida and require that certain items be addressed in this letter.

Prior Audit Findings

The Rules of the Auditor General require that we comment as to whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding audit. If the audit findings in the preceding audit report are uncorrected, we are required to identify those findings that were also included in the second preceding audit report. The County has no uncorrected prior audit findings that are required to be identified pursuant to the Rules of the Auditor General.

Financial Condition

As required by the Rules of the Auditor General, the scope of our audit included a review of the provisions of Section 218.503, Florida Statutes, "Determination of Financial Emergency." In connection with our audit, we determined that the County has not met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Also, as required by the Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures, as of the end of the fiscal year, pursuant to Rule 10.556(7). It is management's responsibility to monitor financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Alachua County, Florida Page 2

management. The application of such procedures did not reveal evidence of "deteriorating financial condition" as that term is defined in Rule 10.554.

Annual Financial Report

As required by the Rules of the Auditor General, we determined that the County's annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, filed with the Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32, Florida Statutes, is in substantial agreement with the audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012.

Investment of Public Funds

As required by the Rules of the Auditor General, the scope of our audit included a review of the provisions of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds. Our audit did not reveal noncompliance with the provisions of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes.

Other Matters

Our audit did not reveal any other matters that we are required to include in this management letter.

This management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers, management, and oversight agencies, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of the audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

March 20, 2013

Gainesville, Florida

Car, Riggs of Ingram LLC



CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT

Finance and Accounting 201 East University Avenue Gainesville, Florida 32601

J.K. IRBY CLERK

TELEPHONE (352) 374-3605

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

The following is a summary of the September 30, 2011 audit findings and the current status of each finding.

There were no audit findings relating to Federal or State financial assistance awards.



Alachua County Board of County Commissioners

Mike Byerly, Chair Lee Pinkoson, Vice Chair Susan Baird Robert Hutchinson Charles Chestnut, IV Administration Richard Drummond County Manager

March 26, 2013

Honorable David W. Martin, CPA Auditor General, State of Florida Local Government Audits/342 Claude Pepper Building, Room 401 111 West Madison Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1450

Dear Mr. Martin:

This letter is in response to the Independent Auditors' management letter to the Board of County Commissioners of Alachua County, for the year ended September 30, 2012. We are happy to report that for the twenty-first year in a row the Auditors found no significant deficiencies.

J.K. Irby, Clerk

Alachua County Derk of the Court

Thank you for your attention.

Sincerely,

Mike Byerly, Chair

Alachua County Commission

rdg

CC:

Board of County Commissioners Richard Drummond, County Manager Dave Wagner, County Attorney