Vocabulary and Acronyms

Alachua County DRAFT Climate Action Plan (CAP) Chapters

Adaptation	Adjustment in natural or human systems to
Adaptation	a new or changing environment that
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	exploits beneficial opportunities or
	moderates negative effects. (EPA
	Watershed Academy)
Algae Bloom	Excessive algae in a body of water, largely a
	result of nitrogen and phosphorus runoff.
Anthropogenic	Human caused; human made.
Aquifer	"A large underground limestone reservoir;"
	"the primary source of drinking water in
	Alachua County." (University of Florida)
Best Management Practices (BMPs)	" defined by law as a means, a practice or
	combination of practices determined by
	the coordinating agencies, based on
	research, field testing and expert review, to
	be the most effective and practicable on-
	location means, including economic and
	technological considerations, for
	improving water quality in agricultural and
	urban discharges." (FDACS)
Climate Anxiety	Intense fear of climate change and its
	impacts.
Climate Vulnerability Analysis	An analysis of Representative
	Concentration Pathways (RCPs) and
	Shared Socio-economic Pathways (SSPs).
	RCPs are "scenarios based on a defined
	set of emissions and concentrations of
	greenhouse gases, aerosols, and
	chemically active gases and land cover
	assumptions that lead to a heating effect
	called radiative forcing." SSPs are
	scenarios that "represent pathways based
	on possible socioeconomic futures that
	account for various assumptions on how
	the global population will mitigate and
	adapt to climate change." (Alachua County
	<u>Climate Vulnerability Analysis</u>)
Edible Grove	Land with "food-bearing trees and plants
	available to residents." (<u>City of Gainesville</u>)

EMDOWED Project	Energy Medernization for Deerle
EMPOWER Project	Energy Modernization for People
	Opportunity, Work, Equity and Renewables
	Program; "evaluates the benefits and
	challenges of developing solar project in
	low-income neighborhoods." (<u>U.S.</u>
	Department of Energy)
EVs	Electric vehicles
Extreme Heat	Excessive and prolonged high
	temperatures, often surpassing normal
	seasonal averages, posing risks to health,
	infrastructure, and ecosystems (County
	Vulnerability Analysis)
Food Desert	" Regions of the country often feature
	large proportions of households with low
	incomes, inadequate access to
	transportation, and a limited number of
	food retailers providing fresh produce and
	healthy groceries for affordable prices"
	(<u>USDA, 2012</u>).
Green Roof	Some kind of vegetation, primarily in the
	form of rooftop gardens, on roofs. They
	have been proven to be an effective
	method of mitigating UHIs (<u>EPA, 2023</u>).
Greenhouse Effect	The process by which GHGs "trap" heat
	inside the atmosphere. While this is a
	natural process, adding excessive amounts
	of greenhouse gases increases
	temperatures beyond a suitable point.
Greenhouse Gas (GHG)	Water vapor, carbon dioxide (CO2), nitrous
	oxide (N2O), methane (CH4), ozone (O3),
	etc. These appear naturally in the
	atmosphere, though anthropogenic
	emissions are contributing to excess
	amounts.
GRU	Gainesville Regional Utilities
Mitigation	Measures to reduce the amount and rate of
	future climate change by reducing
	emissions of heat-trapping gases or
	removing carbon dioxide from the
	atmosphere. (<u>NCA5 Glossary</u>)
	Masta fuena hava a hala'a
Municipal Solid Waste (MSW)	Waste from households

Net Zero	When anthropogenic CO2 emissions equal
NetZelo	anthropogenic CO2 removals; carbon
	neutrality (IPCC, 2018).
Race to Zero	A group of over 11,000 non-state actors
Nace to zero	committed to halving emissions by 2030;
	created by the United Nations High Level
	Climate Champions.
Posilionov	The capacity of interconnected social,
Resiliency	
	economic and ecological systems to cope
	with a climate change event, trend or
	disturbance, responding or reorganizing in
	ways that maintain their essential function,
	identity and structure. Climate resilience is
	a subset of resilience against climate-
	induced or climate-related impacts. (NCA5
	Glossary)
Reuse Economy	An economy which minimized single-use
Reuse Economy	plastic through reusing goods.
Runoff	Water that flows over surfaces or through
Runon	subsurfaces as a result of precipitation.
	Runoff can pollute vegetation,
	waterbodies, and soils if it carries
	contaminants.
Sea Level Rise	The gradual rise in the average global sea
	levels, primarily attributed to the melting of
	polar ice caps and expansion of our oceans
	resulting from an increase in global
	temperatures.
Sensitivity	The extent to which an exposed asset is
	impacted
Sustainability	This describes activities that include, but
	are not limited the following goals:
	Tend to improve social conditions
	for all kinds of people
	Increase economic opportunities
	Improve environmental protection
	or restoration efforts
	Will continue to have these effects for the
	foreseeable future (<u>Alachua County</u>)
Urban Farming	Agriculture (growing of crops and raising
	livestock) in an urban area through

	backyard farming, vertical farms, green
	walls, and more.
Urban Heat Island (UHI)	Excess heat in urban areas as a result of
	infrastructure re-emitting heat from the sun
	(<u>EPA, 2023</u>).
Urban Sprawl	Urban development pattern characterized
	by decentralization and fragmentation,
	subsequently creating a higher reliance on
	personal vehicles (<u>OECD, 2018</u>).
Walkable City	A city where infrastructure and city
	planning is centered around walking and
	biking rather than cars, ensuring easy
	access to walkways, bicycle lanes, etc
Wastewater	
Wildland Urban Interface (WUI)	The interface where wildland and forest
	vegetation meet residential structures and
	is where wildfire poses the highest risk to
	people and infrastructure (Alachua County
	Climate Vulnerability Analysis)
Zero Waste	Zero Waste principles recognize
	a Hierarchy of Material Management in the
	following order from most preferred to
	least preferred: 1) Extended Producer
	Responsibility and Product Redesign; 2)
	Reduce Waste, Toxicity, Consumption, and
	Packaging; 3) Repair, Reuse, and Donate; 4)
	Recycle; 5) Compost; 6) Down Cycle and
	Beneficial Reuse; 7) Waste-Based Energy
	as disposal; 8) Landfill Waste as disposal.
	(City of Gainesville)
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